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Territory
Government

DEPARTMENT OF
THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL AND JUSTICE

NORTHERN TERRITORY ANNUAL CRIME STATISTICS

Issue 1: 2011-12

Northern Territory Annual Crime Statistics

Issue 1: 2011-12

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Produced by:

Research and Statistics Unit

Department of the Attorney-General and Justice

GPO Box 1722

DARWIN NT 0801

Telephone: (08) 8935 7446

Website: www.nt.gov.au/justice

Email: ResearchStatistics.DOJ@nt.gov.au

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1 INTRODUCTION

Robust crime statistics inform the development and evaluation of public policy, targeted crime prevention strategies and public debate. This publication, intended as the first issue of an annual series, was compiled by the Research and Statistics Unit of the Northern Territory Department of the Attorney-General and Justice from data recorded by the Northern Territory Police. It presents detailed crime statistics for the Northern Territory and supplements the *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime Statistics* series. The document spans six financial years to 30 June 2012, and includes statistics for the following topics:

- victims of offences against the person and against property;
- assault and sexual assault victim demographics;
- frequency and rate of offences against the person and against property;
- frequency of traffic offences; and
- frequency and rate of Police protective custody episodes.

Information is presented for the Northern Territory as a whole, with subsequent sections for six urban centres and the Northern Territory Balance. Crimes recorded by the Northern Territory Police but occurring outside the Territory are excluded from this publication. Victimization rates by Indigenous status are only available at the Territory level, as the relevant population data are not yet available at a regional level. Data tables are included at the end of the publication. Published Northern Territory crime statistics are freely available to the public via the website <www.nt.gov.au/justice>.

1.1 INTENDED AUDIENCE

The primary intent of this document is to inform the Northern Territory Government and public agencies about rates and patterns of victimisation and offences in the Northern Territory. The statistics included, the level of detail and the breakdowns by demographic groups are based on public agency requests for statistics to use in the development, monitoring and evaluation of public policy. Researchers, special interest groups and the public may also find the detailed statistics of interest. The *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime Statistics* series, which provides offence data at a less detailed level than in this document, may be more useful for those wanting a quick overview of crime trends in the Northern Territory.

1.2 INTERPRETATION

Crime statistics in the Territory can be highly volatile, with large swings from one period to another. This is particularly the case for urban centres with smaller populations, where numbers of offences are relatively small and changes in operational or administrative procedures may heavily influence statistics. Consequently, this document includes six years of statistics to provide the reader with a context for interpreting the latest changes.

A number of issues influence the recorded crime statistics, apart from actual changes in the level of crime occurring. Users must consider the source of the data, how the information is generated and what it represents before drawing conclusions. Supplementary notes and a glossary are included at the end of this document.

1.3 DATA SOURCES

The data used in the compilation of this document were sourced primarily from administrative systems maintained by the Northern Territory Government. Administrative records are dynamic, and updated as new information comes to light. As a consequence,

statistics for a particular period may show minor changes from one publication to the next. Further information about the data used in this publication is given in section 12.1 of the Supplementary Notes, page 136.

1.4 RECORDED CRIME

Recorded crime statistics are derived from administrative data recorded by the Northern Territory Police. Incidents may be reported by a victim or witness or detected through police activities. Subsequent Police inquiries determine whether offences have occurred.

For a variety of reasons, not all crimes are reported to the Police. The degree of under reporting varies across different types of offences. The Australian Bureau of Statistics estimated that in 2010-11, 49% of physical assaults and 20% of house break-ins nationally were not reported to the police¹.

As a result of under reporting, recorded crime should not be interpreted as the complete level of crime occurring in the community. However, recorded crime is used nationally as an indicator for measuring changes in the nature and volume of crime over time.

1.5 REGIONAL GEOGRAPHY

The regional geographic breakdown in this publication corresponds to the six main urban centres in the Northern Territory (Darwin, Palmerston, Alice Springs, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Nhulunbuy) and the Northern Territory Balance. The Katherine region includes the urban centre and surrounding non-urban areas. The regions have been defined to conform to the Australian Statistical Geography Standard², as follows.

Darwin refers to Darwin City SA3 and Darwin Suburbs SA3;

Palmerston refers to Palmerston SA3;

Alice Springs refers to Larapinta SA2, Charles SA2, East Side SA2, Flynn (NT) SA2, Mount Johns SA2 and Ross SA2 (equivalent to the Alice Springs Local Government Area);

Katherine refers to Katherine SA2;

Tennant Creek refers to Tennant Creek SA2;

Nhulunbuy refers to Nhulunbuy SA2 with the addition of the cemetery area³;

The Northern Territory Balance refers to all areas outside the urban centres.

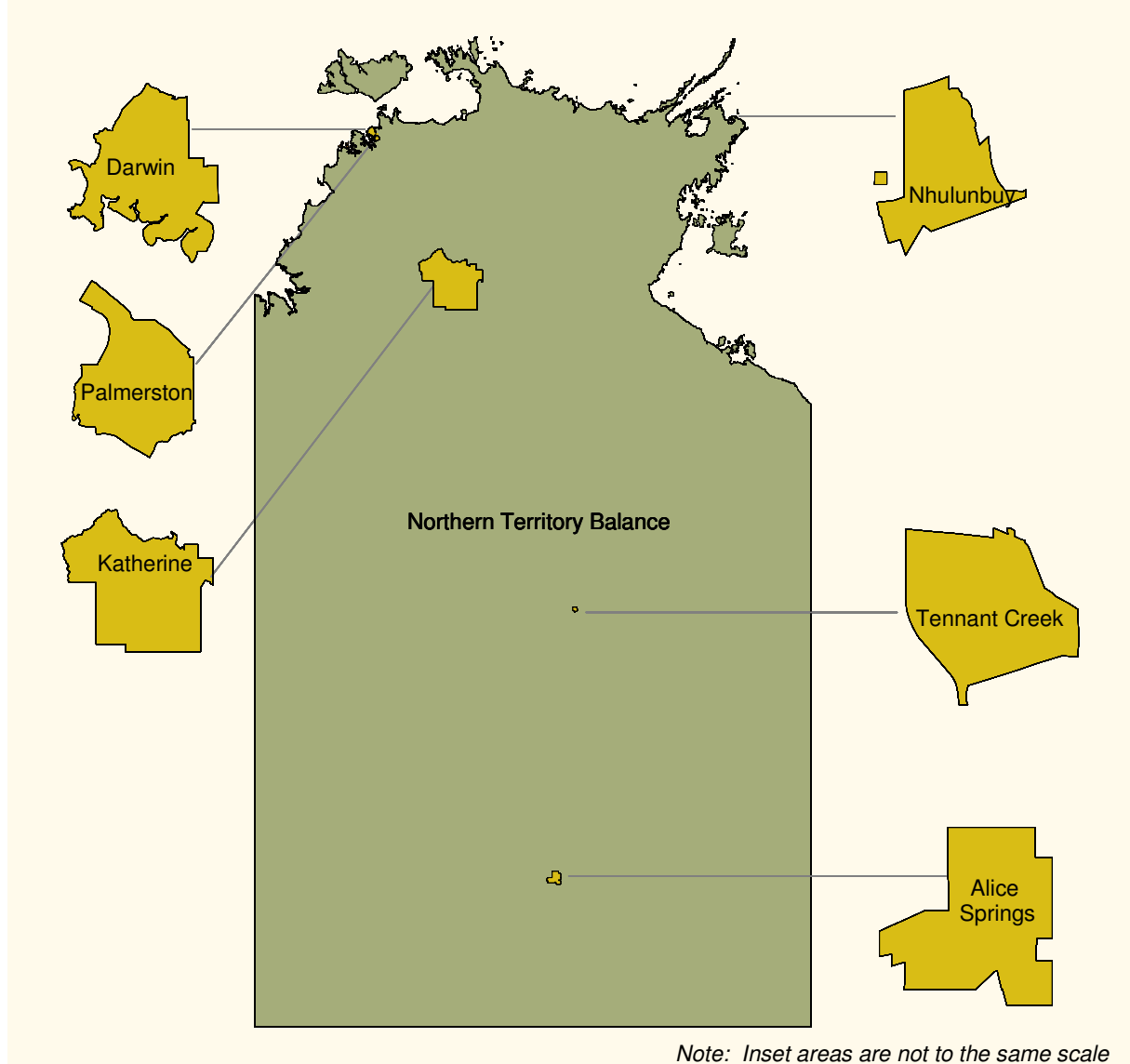
Figure 1 shows the locations of areas included in the urban centre statistics, and the Northern Territory Balance.

¹ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2012, *Crime Victimisation, Australia 2010-11*, cat. no. 4530.0. <http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/Lookup/4530.0Main+Features12010-11?OpenDocument>.

² Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011, *Australian Statistical Geography Standard (ASGS) Volume 1 – Northern Territory Maps*, cat. no. 1270.0.55.001. [http://www.ausstats.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/subscriber.nsf/0/B0AC271BC8160338CA257801000E0692/\\$File/1270055001_asgs_2011_nt_maps.pdf](http://www.ausstats.abs.gov.au/Ausstats/subscriber.nsf/0/B0AC271BC8160338CA257801000E0692/$File/1270055001_asgs_2011_nt_maps.pdf). SA2 refers to Statistical Area Level 2, and SA3 refers to Statistical Area Level 3.

³ The cemetery area experiences occasional crime, but has no residential areas. The population data used for Nhulunbuy is that for the Nhulunbuy SA2.

Figure 1. Areas included in the urban centre statistics and the Northern Territory Balance



Recorded crime in the Northern Territory Balance is not reflective of or influenced by a common set of local circumstances. The Northern Territory Balance includes urban fringes, rural areas near the main centres and small remote communities. These areas vary in their access to key services and to Police, which in turn can lead to different trends in recorded crime.

2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the key findings for the Northern Territory as a whole, the six urban centres and the Northern Territory Balance. Refer to the Glossary, page 141, for definitions of offences and other terms.

2.1 NORTHERN TERRITORY

- The number of victims of homicide and related offences rose from 15 victims in 2010-11 to 19 in 2011-12, an increase of 27%. The increase occurred in murder victims, with the 17 murder victims recorded in 2011-12 being the highest of the six-year reporting period. There were fewer victims of attempted murder, manslaughter and driving causing death in 2011-12 than in most years of the reporting period.
- The assault victimisation rate in 2011-12 was 3,019 victims per 100,000 population, or approximately 3 assault victims per 100 persons. This rate has not changed substantially in the last two years. The 2011-12 victimisation rate was 35% greater than in 2006-07.
- The assault victimisation rate for Indigenous females in 2011-12 was 10,710 victims per 100,000 Indigenous females, more than three times as large as the overall victimisation rate, and more than 12 times as large as the rate for non-Indigenous females of 876 per 100,000 population. The rate for Indigenous males was 2,957 victims per 100,000 population, twice as large as the rate for non-Indigenous males of 1,446 per 100,000 population.
- As with overall assaults, Indigenous females had a much greater victimisation rate for alcohol-related assault than other demographic groups. The victimisation rate for Indigenous females was 7,008 victims per 100,000 Indigenous females or 7 per 100 persons, nearly four times the overall population rate of 1,783 per 100,000 population, and more than 18 times the rate for non-Indigenous females of 376 per 100,000 population.
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 73% of all domestic violence victims in the Northern Territory and experienced domestic violence at a rate of 8,780 victims per 100,000 population, almost 23 times the rate for non-Indigenous females.
- From 2010-11 to 2011-12, the rate for Indigenous female victims fell by 34%; the rate for non-Indigenous female victims fell by 28%; the rate for Indigenous male victims fell by 13%; and the rate for non-Indigenous male victims fell by 9%.
- The property offence rate in 2011-12 was 9,163 offences per 100,000 population, or just over 9 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 9 percent of people experiencing property crime. The property offence rate was 2% greater than in 2010-11, but 7% less than in 2006-07.
- The rate of actual house break-ins was 788 per 100,000 population, 9% greater than in 2010-11 and 2% greater than in 2006-07. The rate of actual commercial break-ins was 711 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 1% less than in 2010-11 but 1% greater than in 2006-07. The rate of theft from retail premises in 2011-12 was 437 per 100,000 population, 7% less than in 2010-11 but 74% greater than in 2006-07.

- Alcohol-related traffic offences made up 5% of the total traffic offences in 2011-12. The number of alcohol-related traffic offences has decreased in recent years, with 23% fewer offences than in 2010-11 and 13% fewer than in 2006-07.

2.2 DARWIN

- The total number of assault victims in Darwin in 2011-12 increased by 3% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 2%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 6%, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 7%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 6%.
- The rate of assault offences in Darwin was 1,949 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 34% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Darwin was unchanged from 2010-11, and 11% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of property crime in Darwin shows a decreasing trend through the reporting period, and was 10,423 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, or over 1 property offence per 10 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 10 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 3% less than in 2010-11 and 28% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin property offence rate in 2011-12 was 14% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Darwin in 2011-12 was 840 offences per 100,000 population. This was 16% greater than in 2010-11 and 25% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 7% greater than the overall Territory rate.

2.3 PALMERSTON

- The total number of assault victims in Palmerston in 2011-12 decreased by 3% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 4%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 38%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 4%, and non-Indigenous male victims were unchanged.
- The rate of assault offences in Palmerston was 1,578 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 47% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Palmerston was almost unchanged from 2010-11, and 39% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of property crime in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 8,662 offences per 100,000 population, or close to 9 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 9 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 8% greater than in 2010-11 but 6% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston property offence rate in 2011-12 was 5% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 866 offences per 100,000 population. This was 64% greater than in 2010-11 but 1% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 10% greater than the overall Territory rate.

2.4 ALICE SPRINGS

- The total number of assault victims in Alice Springs in 2011-12 decreased by 2% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 3%, Indigenous

male victims decreased by 10%, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 3%, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 7%.

- The rate of assault offences in Alice Springs was 5,972 per 100,000 population, or nearly 6 per 100 persons, in 2011-12. This was just over twice (101% greater than) the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Alice Springs was nearly unchanged from 2010-11 and 41% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of property crime in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 17,424 offences per 100,000 population, or over 17 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 17 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 4% greater than in 2010-11 and 23% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs property offence rate in 2011-12 was 90% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 1,701 offences per 100,000 population. This was 12% less than in 2010-11 but 118% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 116% greater than the overall Territory rate.

2.5 KATHERINE

- The total number of assault victims in Katherine in 2011-12 was 5% less than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 2%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 15%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 22%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 4%.
- The rate of assault offences in Katherine was 6,097 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 105% greater than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Katherine was 3% less than in 2010-11 but 24% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of property crime in Katherine in 2011-12 was 9,391 offences per 100,000 population, or over 9 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 9 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 16% less than in 2010-11 and 4% less than in 2006-07. The Katherine property offence rate in 2011-12 was 2% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Katherine in 2011-12 was 674 offences per 100,000 population. This was 35% less than in 2010-11 and 26% less than in 2006-07. The Katherine actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 14% less than the overall Territory rate.

2.6 TENNANT CREEK

- The total number of assault victims in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 decreased by 3% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims were unchanged, Indigenous male victims increased by 1%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 20%, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 20%.
- The rate of assault offences in Tennant Creek was 13,770 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 364% greater than the overall Territory rate. The Tennant Creek assault rate was 5% greater than in 2010-11 and 8% greater than in 2006-07.

- The rate of property crime in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 14,339 offences per 100,000 population, or over 14 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 14 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 14% less than in 2010-11 and 27% less than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek property offence rate in 2011-12 was 56% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 1,223 offences per 100,000 population. This was 6% less than in 2010-11 and 25% less than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 55% greater than the overall Territory rate.

2.7 NHULUNBUY

- The total number of assault victims in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 decreased by 2% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 5%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 15%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 18%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 13%.
- The rate of assault offences in Nhulunbuy was 2,350 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 21% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Nhulunbuy was 16% greater than in 2010-11 and 7% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of property crime in Nhulunbuy has decreased steadily for the last several years, and was 5,384 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, or over 5 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 5 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 8% less than in 2010-11 and 13% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy property offence rate in 2011-12 was 41% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 274 offences per 100,000 population. This was 41% less than in 2010-11 and 22% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 65% less than the overall Territory rate.

2.8 NORTHERN TERRITORY BALANCE

The Northern Territory Balance is the area of the Northern Territory that lies outside of the six urban centres of Darwin, Palmerston, Alice Springs, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Nhulunbuy.

- The total number of assault victims in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 increased by 14% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 14%, Indigenous male victims increased by 29%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 7%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 7%.
- The rate of assault offences in the Northern Territory Balance was 2,558 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 14% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Northern Territory Balance was 19% greater than in 2010-11 and 66% greater than in 2006-07.
- After three years of stable rates, the property crime rate in the Northern Territory Balance rose by 21% between 2010-11 and 2011-12, to a rate of 4,832 offences per

100,000 population, or almost 5 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 5 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 44% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance property offence rate in 2011-12 was 47% less than the overall Territory rate.

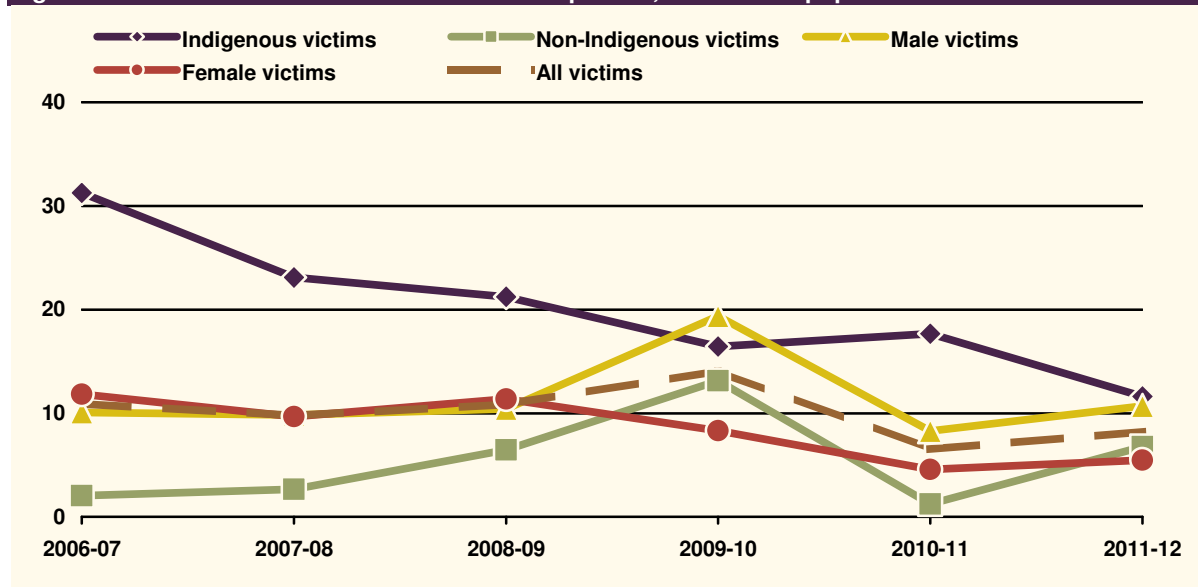
- The rate of actual house break-ins in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 383 offences per 100,000 population. This was 35% greater than in 2010-11 and 15% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 51% less than the overall Territory rate.

3 NORTHERN TERRITORY

3.1 VICTIMS OF HOMICIDE AND RELATED OFFENCES

- The number of victims of homicide and related offences⁴ rose from 15 victims in 2010-11 to 19 in 2011-12, an increase of 27%. The increase occurred in murder victims, with the 17 murder victims recorded in 2011-12 being the highest of the six-year reporting period. There were fewer victims of attempted murder, manslaughter and driving causing death in 2011-12 than in most years of the reporting period.
- The overall victimisation rate for homicide and related offences in 2011-12 was 26% greater than in 2010-11 but 25% less than in 2006-07. As the numbers of victims are small, the rates for demographic groups can shift substantially year to year. From 2006-07 to 2011-12, the rate for Indigenous victims fell by 63%, the rate for non-Indigenous victims increased by 231%, the rate for male victims increased by 6% and the rate for female victims fell by 54%. Figure 2 shows the victimisation rates for homicide and related offences by Indigenous status and sex.

Figure 2. Homicide and related offences victims per 100,000 relevant population



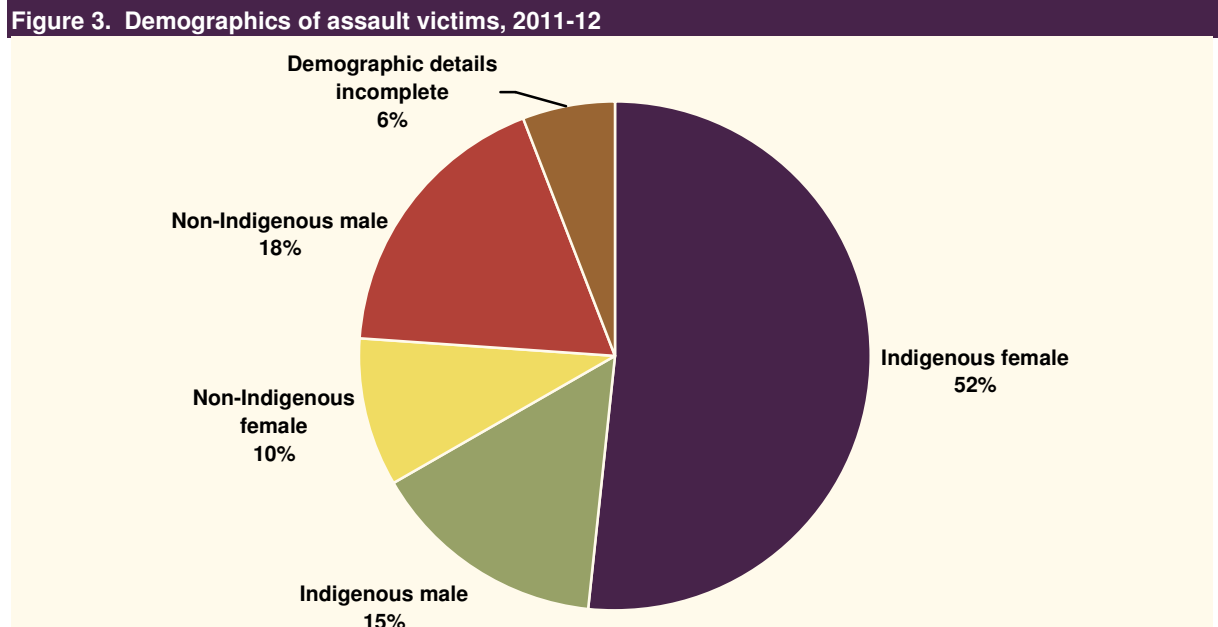
- See Table 1 to Table 6.

⁴ Homicide and related offences (murder, attempted murder, manslaughter and driving causing death) tend to be very volatile due to the nature of the offences, and the number of recorded victims or offences may change markedly from one year to the next. Some offences recorded as murder may be changed to manslaughter at a later date based on the outcomes of court cases. The Australian Bureau of Statistics does not include driving causing death in Homicide and related offences, so their figures for Northern Territory Homicide victimisation rates will be slightly smaller than the rates in this document.

3.2 VICTIMS OF ASSAULT

3.2.1 Total assault victims

- Indigenous females made up 52% of the recorded assault victims in 2011-12, followed by non-Indigenous males at 18%, Indigenous males at 15% and non-Indigenous females at 10%. The details of the remaining victims were incomplete. Figure 3 shows assault victims by demographic group in 2011-12⁵.

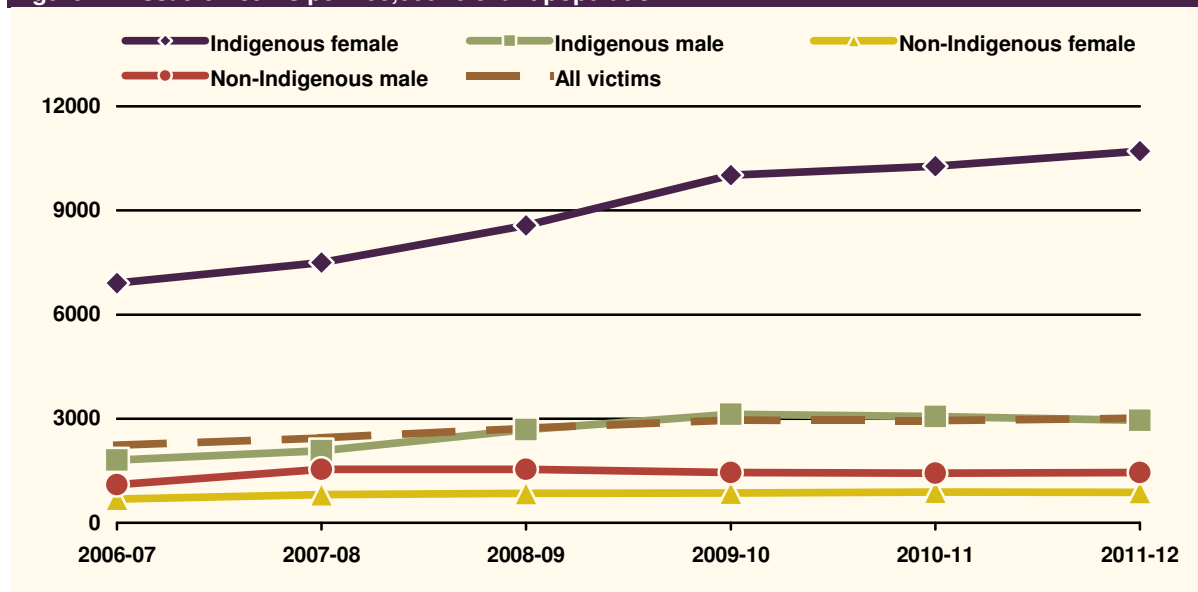


⁵ Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Assault victimisation rate

- The assault victimisation rate in 2011-12 was 3,019 victims per 100,000 population, or approximately 3 assault victims per 100 persons. This rate has not changed substantially in the last two years. The 2011-12 victimisation rate was 35% greater than in 2006-07.
- Indigenous females had a much greater assault victimisation rate than the other demographic groups. The assault victimisation rate for Indigenous females in 2011-12 was 10,710 victims per 100,000 Indigenous females, more than three times as large as the overall victimisation rate, and more than 12 times as large as the rate for non-Indigenous females of 876 per 100,000 population. The rate for Indigenous males was 2,957 victims per 100,000 population, twice as large as the rate for non-Indigenous males of 1,446 per 100,000 population.
- The assault victimisation rate for Indigenous females increased by 4% from 2010-11 to 2011-12, while the rate for Indigenous males decreased by 3%. The rate for non-Indigenous males increased by 1%, and the rate for non-Indigenous females decreased by 1%. Figure 4 shows the assault victimisation rate by sex and Indigenous status.

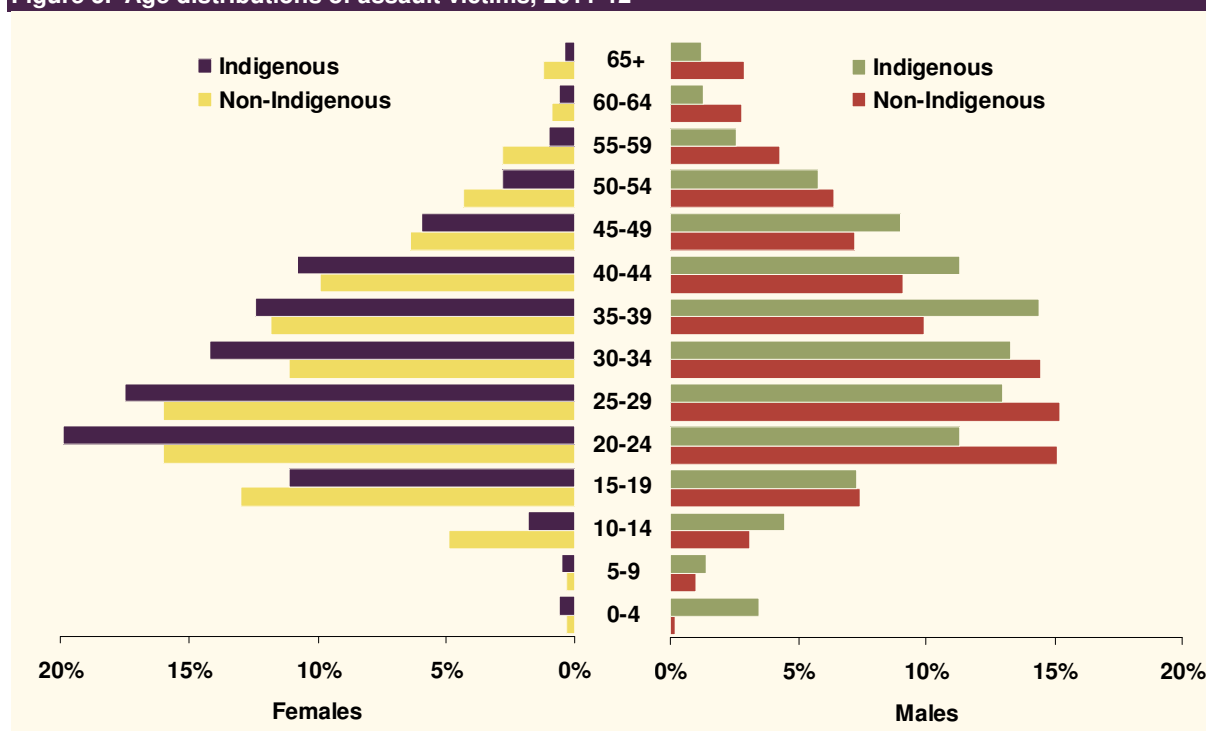
Figure 4. Assault victims per 100,000 relevant population



Assault victim age

- Female assault victims were, on average, slightly younger than male victims, and Indigenous assault victims averaged slightly younger than non-Indigenous victims. Female assault victims in 2011-12 had an average age of 30.6 years, being 30.5 years for Indigenous females and 31.4 years for non-Indigenous females. The mean age of females in the Territory population was 32.6⁶. Male assault victims had an average age of 33.5 years, being 32.7 years for Indigenous males and 34.4 years for non-Indigenous males. The mean age of males in the Territory population was 32.9.
- A total of 10% of assault victims in 2011-12 were juveniles (aged 17 or under); this percentage was 9% for Indigenous female victims, 12% for non-Indigenous female victims, 14% for Indigenous male victims and 8% for non-Indigenous male victims. Figure 5 shows the percentage of assault victims in each demographic group by age group in 2011-12.

Figure 5. Age distributions of assault victims, 2011-12

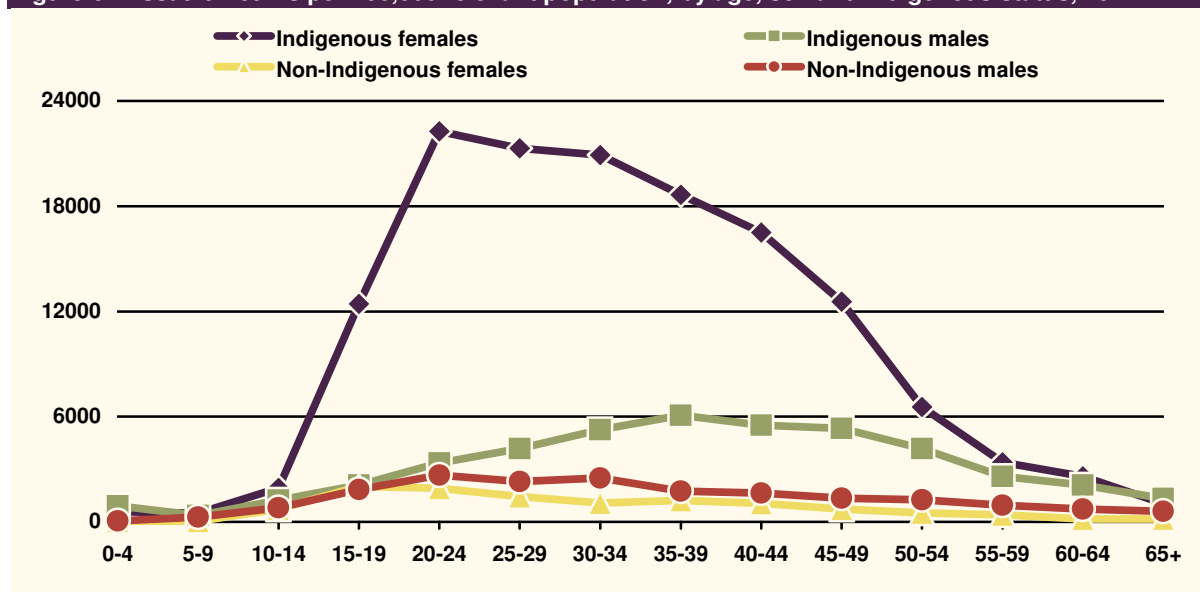


⁶ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2012, *Australian Demographic Statistics – Mar 2012*, cat. no. 3101.0. Table 4. <http://abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/3101.0Mar%202012?OpenDocument>.

Assault victimisation rates by age

- In 2011-12, the assault victimisation rate for Indigenous females was highest for the 20-24 year age group, at which age the rate for Indigenous females was between 6 and 12 times as large as the rates for other demographic groups. The rate for non-Indigenous females peaked at the 18-19 year age group. At this age, non-Indigenous females had the second highest assault victimisation rate among the demographic groups, and at age 15-17 they had the third highest rate, while at all other ages non-Indigenous females had the lowest rate.
- The assault victimisation rate for Indigenous males peaked at the 35-39 year age group, and the rate for non-Indigenous males at the 20-24 year age group. Figure 6 shows the assault victimisation rates by age group, sex and Indigenous status in 2011-12.

Figure 6. Assault victims per 100,000 relevant population, by age, sex and Indigenous status, 2011-12

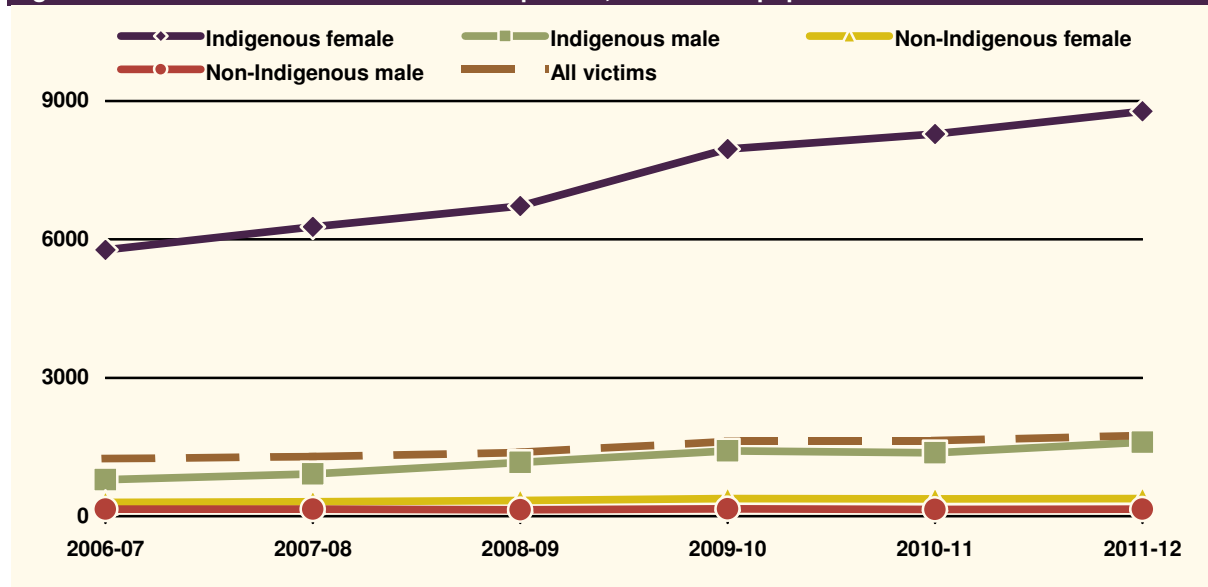


- See Table 7 to Table 9.

3.2.2 Victims of domestic violence assault

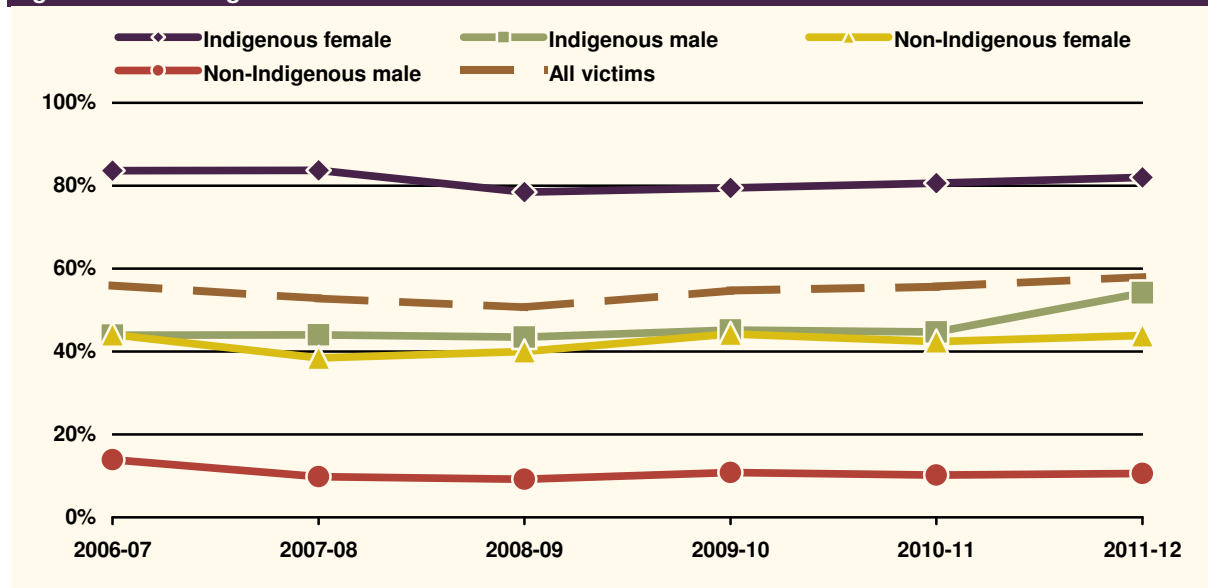
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 73% of all domestic violence victims in the Northern Territory and experienced domestic violence at a rate of 8,780 victims per 100,000 population, almost 23 times the rate for non-Indigenous females. The victimisation rate for Indigenous females increased by 6% from 2010-11 to 2011-12, and the rates for non-Indigenous females and non-Indigenous males increased by 3% and 5%, respectively. The rate for Indigenous males, though small, increased by 17%. Figure 7 shows the domestic violence rate by sex and Indigenous status.

Figure 7. Domestic violence assault victims per 100,000 relevant population



- In 2011-12, domestic violence was associated with the assaults on 75% of female assault victims (82% for Indigenous and 44% for non-Indigenous), and on 29% of male victims (54% for Indigenous and 11% for non-Indigenous). These percentages have remained relatively constant over the last six years, apart from the increase for Indigenous males between 2010-11 and 2011-12. Figure 8 shows the percentage of assault victims for whom domestic violence was involved in the incident.

Figure 8. Percentage of assault victims for whom domestic violence was involved

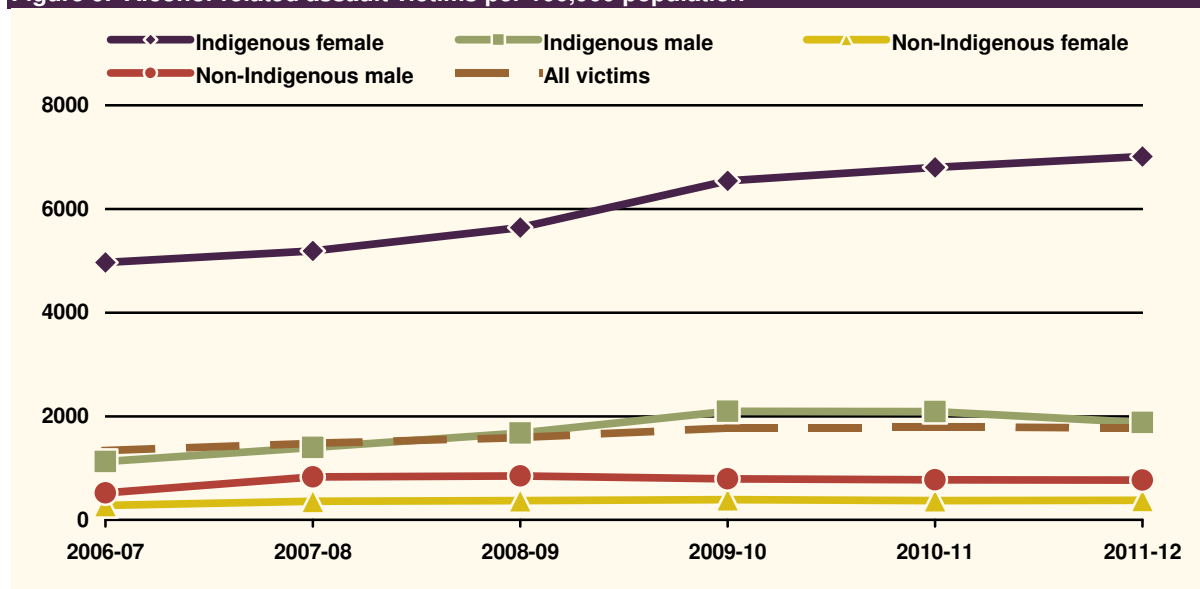


- See Table 10 and Table 11.

3.2.3 Victims of alcohol-related assault

- Alcohol was recorded as involved⁷ in the incident for 59% of assault victims in 2011-12. This has changed little in the last six years. In 2011-12, alcohol involvement was highest for Indigenous victims (65% for females and 64% for males). Alcohol was involved in the incident for 53% of non-Indigenous males, and 43% of non-Indigenous females.
- As with overall assaults, Indigenous females had a much greater victimisation rate for alcohol-related assault than other demographic groups. The victimisation rate for Indigenous females was 7,008 victims per 100,000 Indigenous females or 7 per 100 persons, nearly four times the overall population rate of 1,783 per 100,000 population, and more than 18 times the rate for non-Indigenous females of 376 per 100,000 population.
- The overall victimisation rate of alcohol-related assault changed little from 2010-11 to 2011-12. The rate fell by 6% for male victims (by 10% for Indigenous males and by 1% for non-Indigenous males) but increased by 2% for female victims (by 3% for Indigenous females and by 1% for non-Indigenous females). Figure 9 shows the victimisation rate for alcohol-related assault by demographic group.

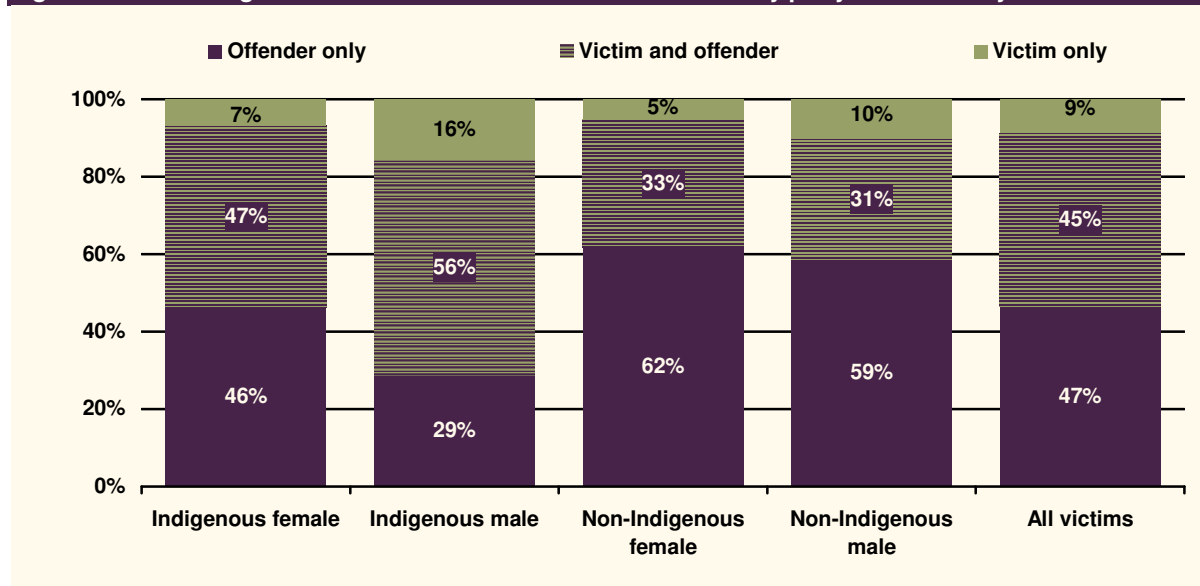
Figure 9. Alcohol-related assault victims per 100,000 population



⁷ Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the assault.

- For 9% of alcohol-related assault victims in 2011-12, the victim alone was influenced by alcohol during the incident. For the remaining 91% of victims, the offender was influenced by alcohol during the incident, either alone or together with the victim. This percentage was 84% for Indigenous male victims, 90% for non-Indigenous male victims, 93% for Indigenous female victims and 95% for non-Indigenous female victims.
- The offender alone was influenced by alcohol for 47% of the victims of alcohol-related assault in 2011-12. For the remaining 53% of the victims, the victims themselves were influenced by alcohol during the incident, either alone or together with the offender. This percentage was 38% of non-Indigenous female victims, 41% of non-Indigenous male victims, 54% of Indigenous female victims and 71% of Indigenous male victims.
- For 45% of the alcohol-related assault victims in 2011-12, both the offender and the victim were influenced by alcohol during the incident. Figure 10 shows the percentage of alcohol-related assault victims in 2011-12 by the party influenced by alcohol⁸.

Figure 10. Percentage of 2011-12 alcohol-related assault victims by party influenced by alcohol



- See Table 10 to Table 12.

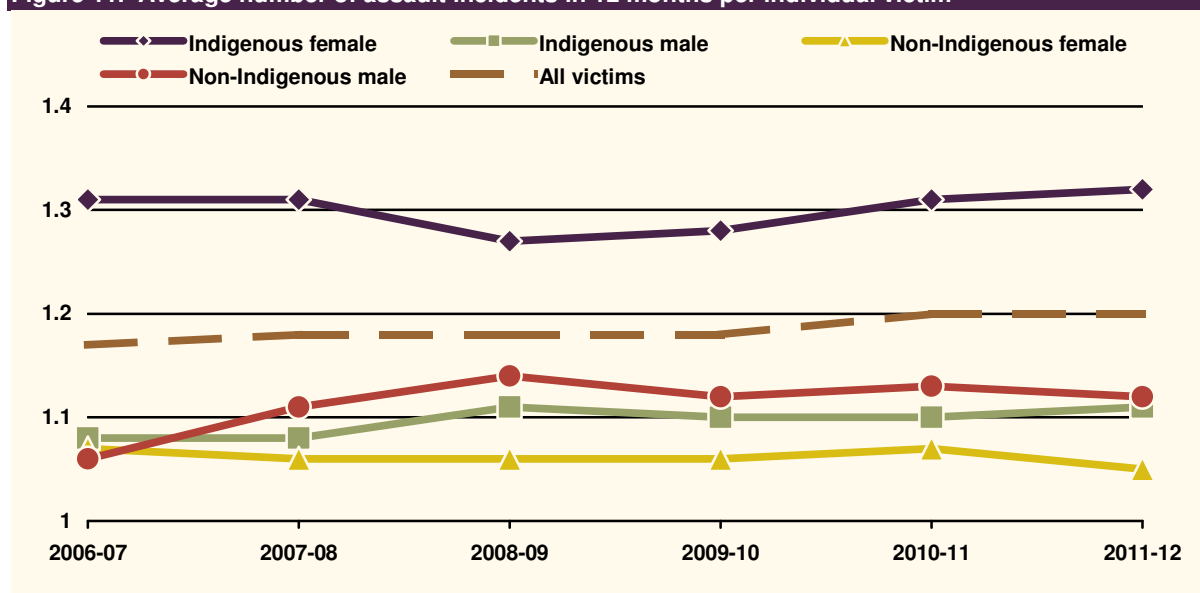
⁸ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

3.2.4 Repeat victimisation

The assault victim statistics in the previous sections count an individual once for every incident in which that person experiences an assault. Hence, the count of victims in a year is larger than the number of individuals assaulted in that year, as some people are victims more than once in a year.

- In 2011-12, 5,684 individuals were identified as victims of assault in one or more incidents⁹. The average number of assault incidents experienced per individual victim in 2011-12 was 1.20, unchanged from the average in 2010-11.
- Indigenous females not only experienced the highest rate of assault on a population basis, they also experienced the highest number of assault incidents per individual victim. On average, Indigenous female assault victims experienced 1.32 assault incidents per individual in 2011-12, compared with an average of 1.05 per individual for non-Indigenous females, 1.11 per individual for Indigenous males and 1.12 per individual for non-Indigenous males.
- Indigenous victims averaged slightly more assaults per individual in 2011-12 than in 2010-11, while non-Indigenous victims averaged fewer. The average number of assaults per individual victim rose by 1% for Indigenous males and females, and fell by 1% for non-Indigenous males and by 2% for non-Indigenous females. Figure 11 shows the average number of assault incidents per individual victim in a 12-month period by Indigenous status and sex.

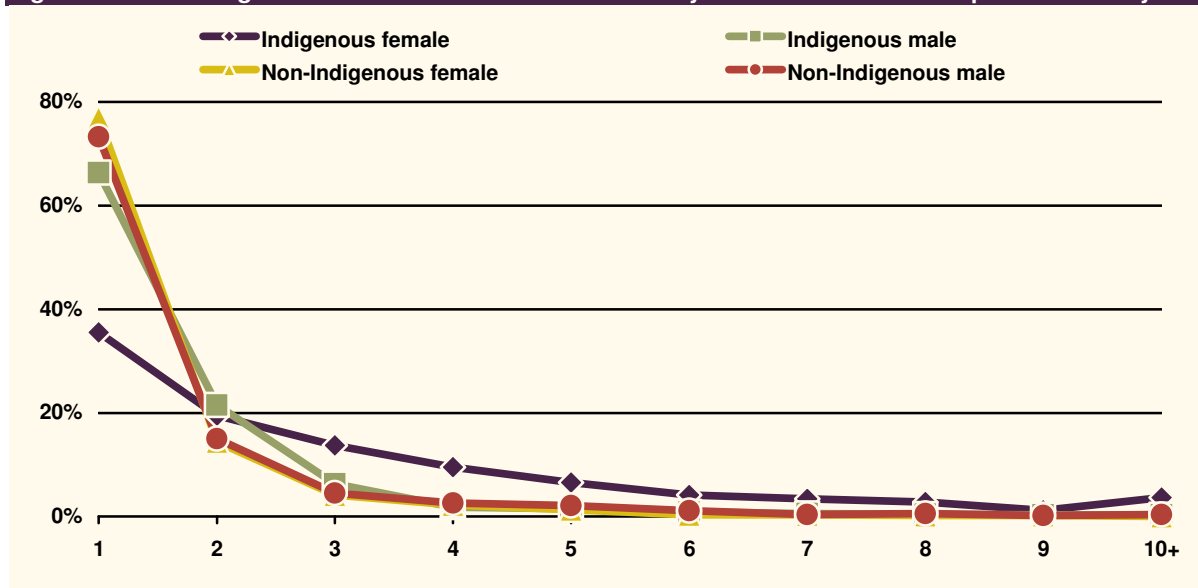
Figure 11. Average number of assault incidents in 12 months per individual victim



⁹ Not all victims could be identified by Police, as in some cases they had disappeared before the Police arrived. This analysis is limited to those victims who were identified in 2011-12, and focuses on the number of times these individuals were victims of an assault incident.

- Of the 5,684 individuals who were victims of assault in 2011-12, 45% had experienced more than one incident of assault in the six year reporting period. This percentage was largest for Indigenous females at 64%, followed by 34% for Indigenous males, 27% for non-Indigenous males and 23% for non-Indigenous females.
- The maximum number of assault incidents experienced by a single individual in the six years was 20 for Indigenous females, 18 for Indigenous males, 12 for non-Indigenous males and 9 for non-Indigenous females. Figure 12 shows the percentage of individuals assaulted in 2011-12 by the number of assault incidents experienced in the six year reporting period.

Figure 12. Percentage of individuals assaulted in 2011-12 by number of incidents experienced in 6 years

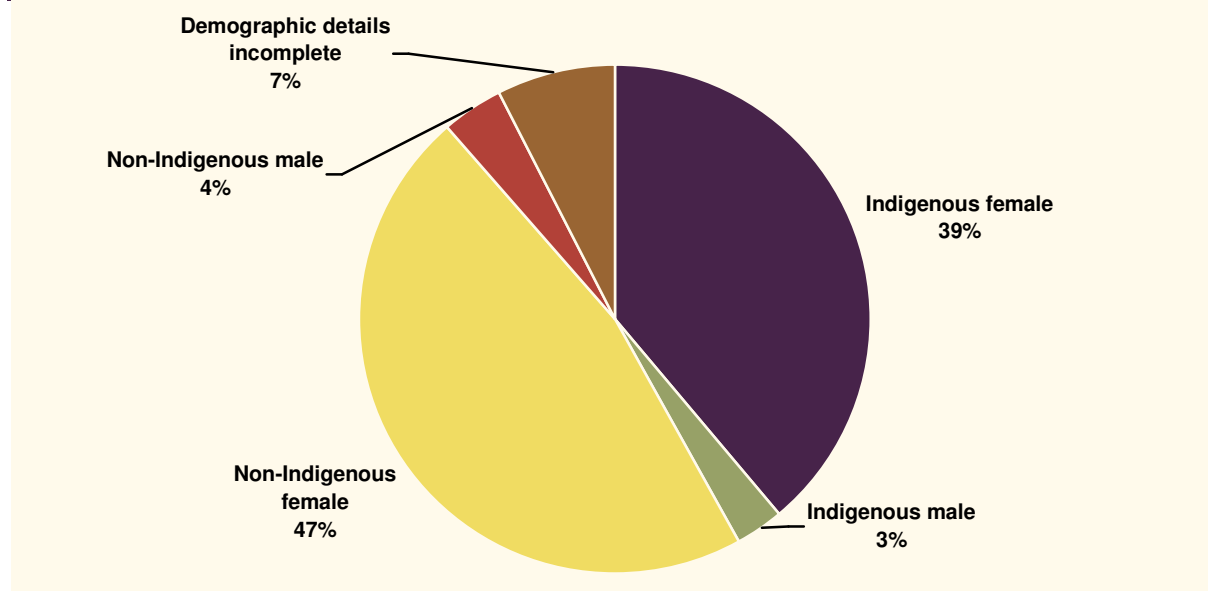


- See Table 13 and Table 14.

3.3 VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT

- Non-Indigenous females made up 47% of sexual assault victims in 2011-12, followed by Indigenous females at 39%, non-Indigenous males at 4% and Indigenous males at 3%. Full demographic details were not available for the remaining victims. Figure 13 shows the demographics of sexual assault victims in 2011-12.

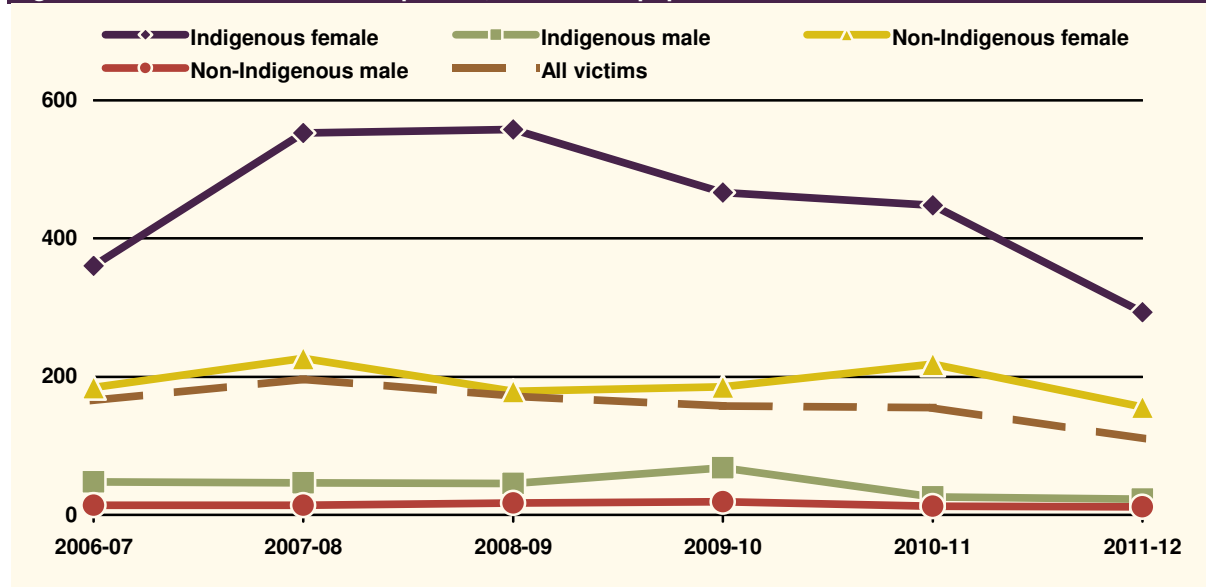
Figure 13. Demographics of sexual assault victims, 2011-12



Sexual assault victimisation rate

- The sexual assault victimisation rate was 110 victims per 100,000 population, or just over 1 victim per 100 persons. The overall victimisation rate for sexual assault offences fell by 29% from 2010-11 to 2011-12, and was 33% less than in 2006-07.
- From 2010-11 to 2011-12, the rate for Indigenous female victims fell by 34%; the rate for non-Indigenous female victims fell by 28%; the rate for Indigenous male victims fell by 13%; and the rate for non-Indigenous male victims fell by 9%.
- In 2011-12, the sexual assault victimisation rate for Indigenous females was 88% larger than the rate for non-Indigenous females, and the victimisation rate for Indigenous males was almost twice as large as the rate for non-Indigenous males. The victimisation rate for female victims was more than 10 times as large as the rate for male victims. Figure 14 shows the victimisation rates by Indigenous status and sex for sexual assault.

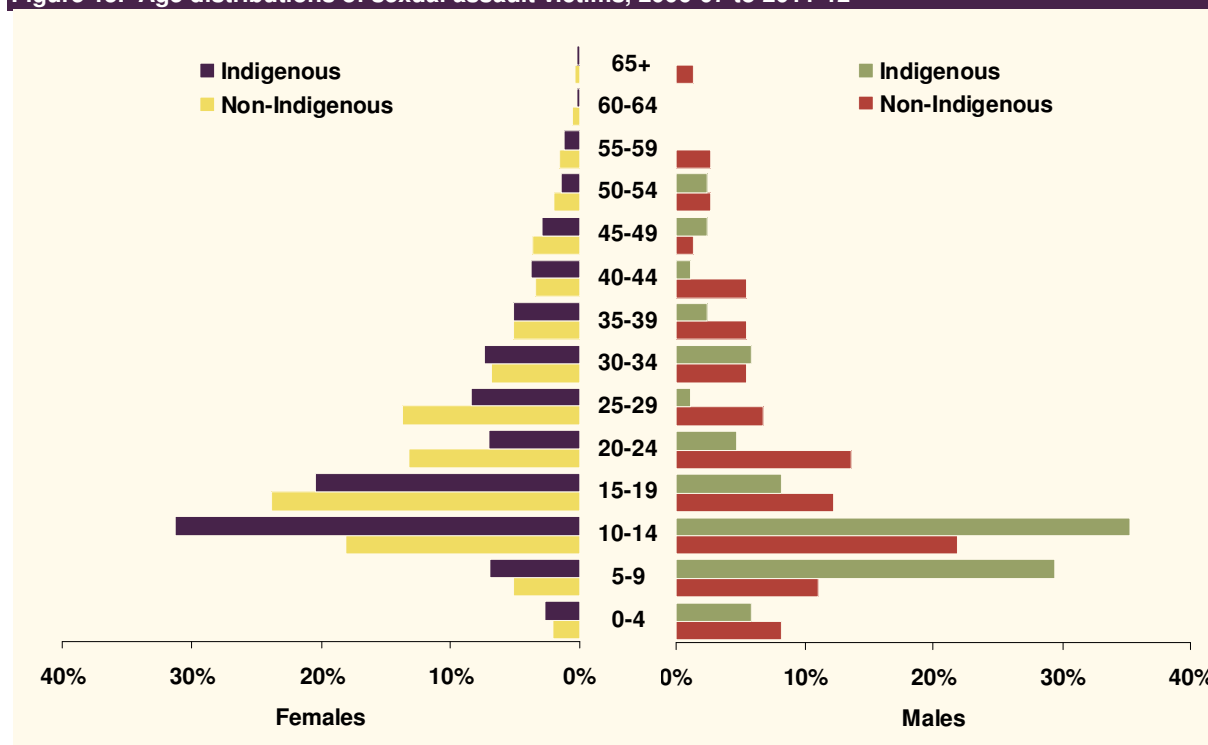
Figure 14. Sexual assault victims per 100,000 relevant population



Sexual assault victim age

- Indigenous victims of sexual assault were, on average, younger than non-Indigenous victims, and male victims averaged younger than female victims. The average age of female victims between 2006-07 and 2011-12 was 21.9 years (20.8 years for Indigenous females and 23.0 years for non-Indigenous females), and the average age of male victims was 18.0 years (14.8 years for Indigenous males and 21.7 years for non-Indigenous males). Data were aggregated for the six years due to the small number of victims, particularly male victims, in individual age groups each year.
- Just over half (52%) of the sexual assault victims in the six years were juveniles (aged 17 or under); this percentage was 58% for Indigenous females, 41% for non-Indigenous females, 78% for Indigenous males and 48% for non-Indigenous males. Figure 15 shows the percentage of sexual assault victims in each demographic group by age group.

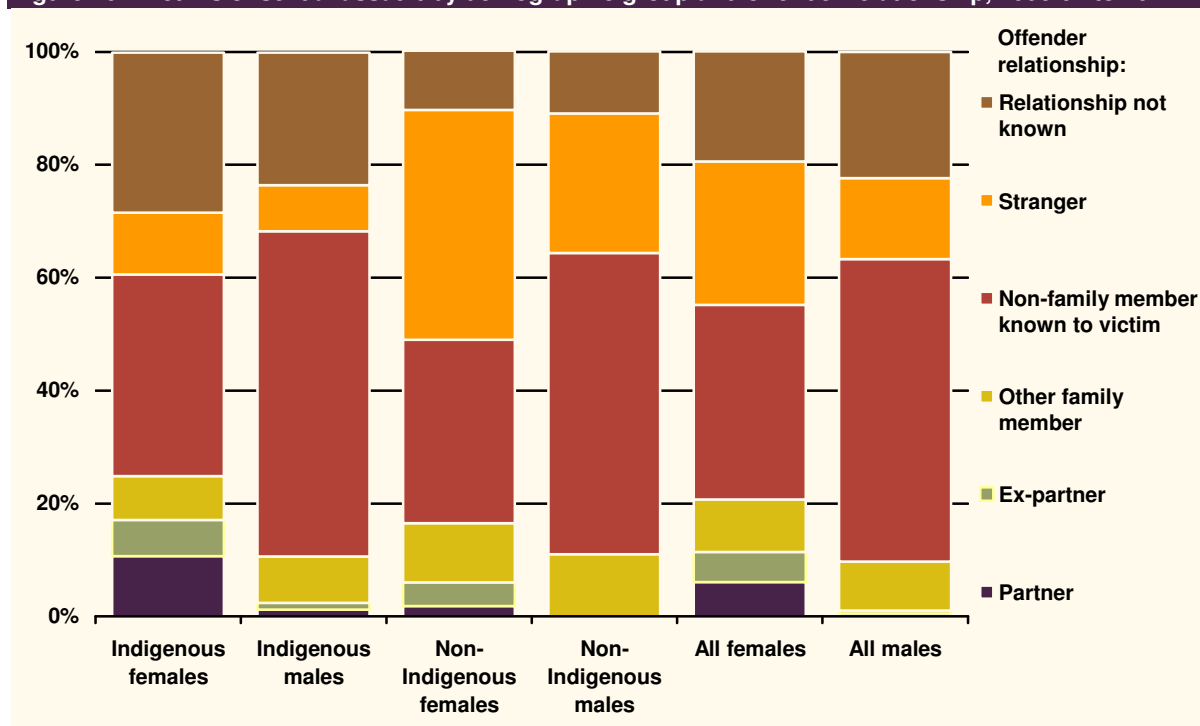
Figure 15. Age distributions of sexual assault victims, 2006-07 to 2011-12



Sexual assault victim-offender relationship

- Over the six-year reporting period, non-family members known to the victim were offenders for 54% of male sexual assault victims (58% for Indigenous males and 53% for non-Indigenous males) and 34% of female victims (36% for Indigenous females and 32% for non-Indigenous females).
- Strangers were the offenders for 14% of male sexual assault victims and 25% of female sexual assault victims. For each sex, strangers were offenders for a higher percentage of non-Indigenous than Indigenous victims (41% for non-Indigenous females, 11% for Indigenous females, 25% for non-Indigenous males and 8% for Indigenous males).
- Partners and ex-partners were offenders for 11% of female sexual assault victims (17% of Indigenous females and 6% of non-Indigenous females) but for only 1% of male victims (2% of Indigenous males and no non-Indigenous males). Figure 16 shows the percentage of sexual assault victims in each demographic group by the relationship of the offender to the victim. Data have been aggregated over the six years as there were very few male victims in individual years.

Figure 16. Victims of sexual assault by demographic group and offender relationship, 2006-07 to 2011-12



- In 2011-12, non-family members known to the victim were the offender for 37% of Indigenous female sexual assault victims, while strangers were the offenders for 15%. In contrast, strangers were the offender for 52% of non-Indigenous female sexual assault victims, followed by non-family members known to the victim at 28%.
- The number of victims sexually assaulted by most types of offenders decreased from 2010-11 to 2011-12 for both Indigenous and non-Indigenous female victims; however, the number of non-Indigenous females sexually assaulted by strangers increased by 2%. Figure 17 and Figure 18 show the number of Indigenous and non-Indigenous female victims, respectively, by the relationship of the offender to the victim.

Figure 17. Number of Indigenous female sexual assault victims by offender relationship

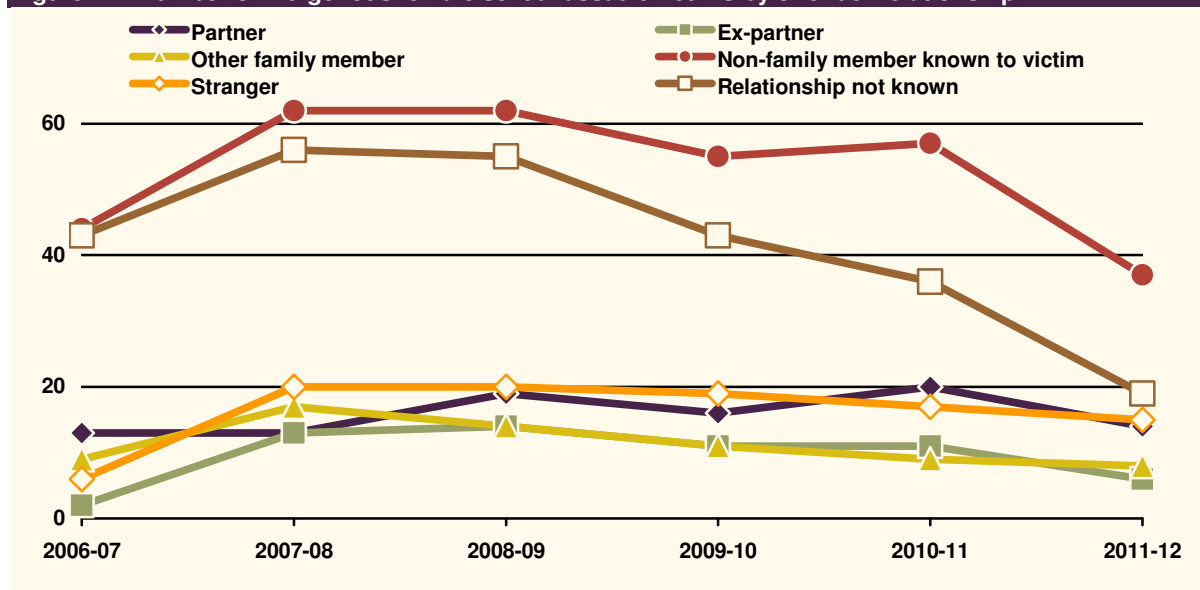
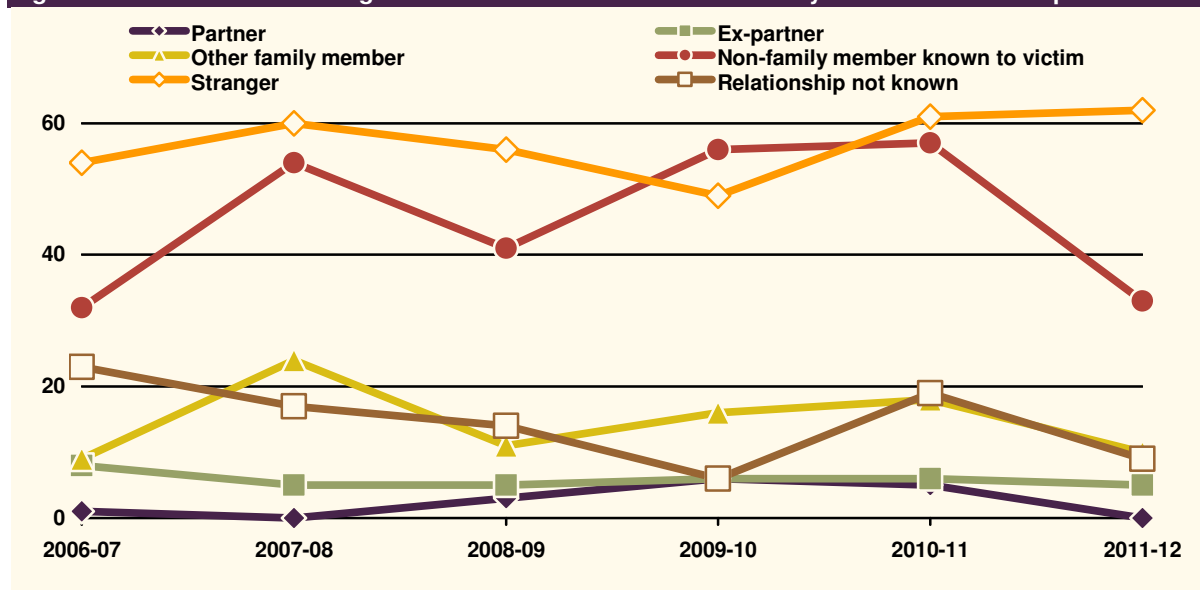


Figure 18. Number of non-Indigenous female sexual assault victims by offender relationship



- See Table 15 to Table 17.

3.4 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The total rate of offences against the person in the Northern Territory was 3,394 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This rate was 3% greater than in 2010-11, and 24% greater than in 2006-07.
- Assault offences comprised 87% of offences against the person in 2011-12. The assault rate in 2011-12 was 2,968 per 100,000 population, or nearly 3 offences per 100 people in the Northern Territory. This rate was 5% greater than in 2010-11 and 31% greater than in 2006-07.
- In 2011-12, alcohol was involved in at least¹⁰ 59% of assault offences. The rate of alcohol-related assault increased by 2% compared with 2010-11 and by 30% compared with 2006-07. Figure 19 shows the rate of assault offences by alcohol involvement¹¹.

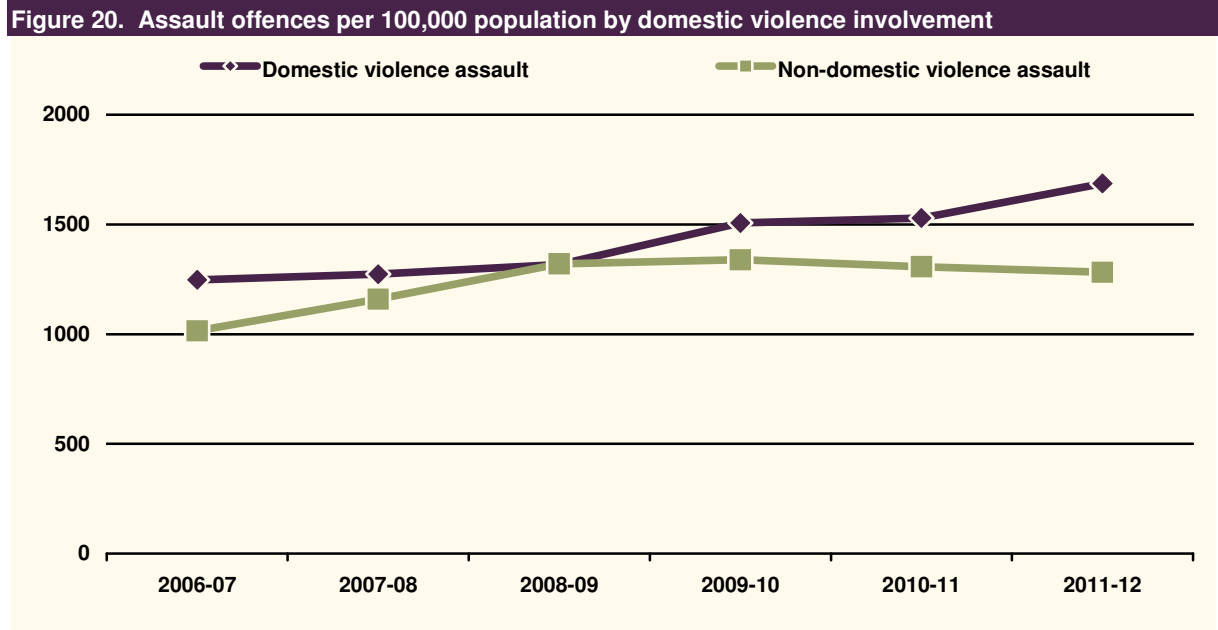
Figure 19. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement



¹⁰ In some situations it is not possible to determine whether alcohol was involved in the offence. These assaults are recorded as alcohol unknown. The percentage of assaults that are classed as alcohol related are based on those known to have involved alcohol; however, some of the offences where alcohol involvement was unknown may also have involved alcohol.

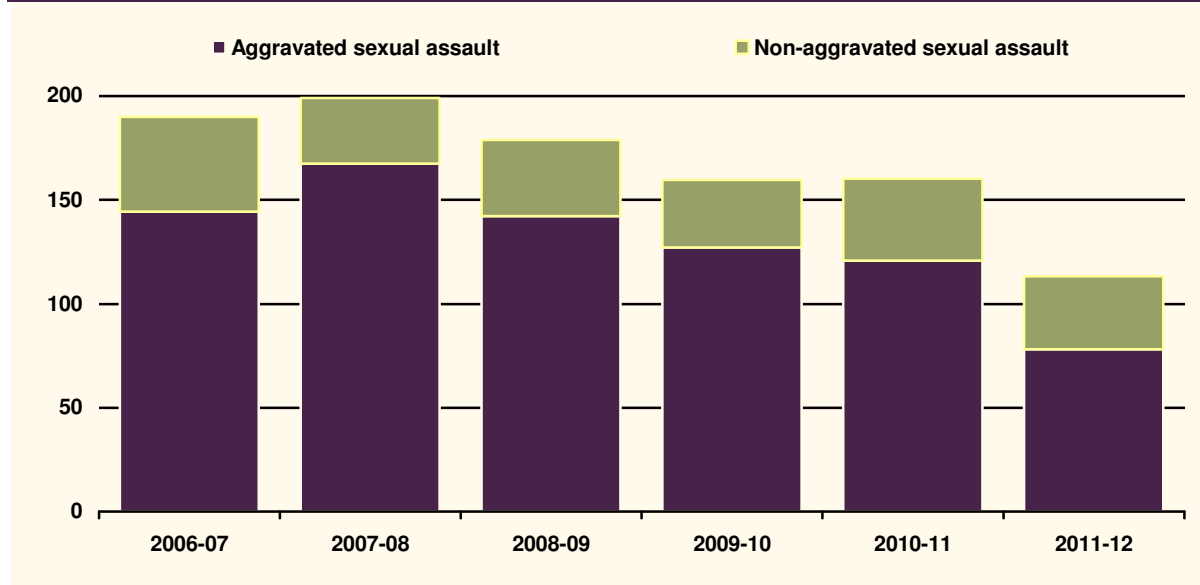
¹¹ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

- Domestic violence was involved in 57% of assault offences in 2011-12. The rate of domestic violence offences was 10% greater than in 2010-11 and 35% greater than in 2006-07. In comparison, the rate of assaults not related to domestic violence in 2011-12 was 2% less than in 2010-11, and 26% greater in 2011-12 than in 2006-07.
- The increase in the rate of domestic violence related assaults between 2008-09 and 2009-10 coincides with the introduction of legislation for mandatory reporting of domestic violence in March 2009. In 2011-12, alcohol was involved in 65% of the domestic violence assaults in the Northern Territory. Figure 20 shows the rate of assault offences by domestic violence involvement.



- The rate of sexual assault offences in 2011-12 was 113 per 100,000 population, 29% less than in 2010-11 and 40% less than in 2006-07. The rate of aggravated¹² sexual assault offences was 35% less than in 2010-11 and 46% less than in 2006-07. The rate of non-aggravated sexual assault was 11% less than in 2010-11 and 23% less than in 2006-07. Figure 21 shows the rate of sexual assault offences.

Figure 21. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population



- See Table 18 to Table 21.

3.5 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST PROPERTY

- See Table 22¹³.

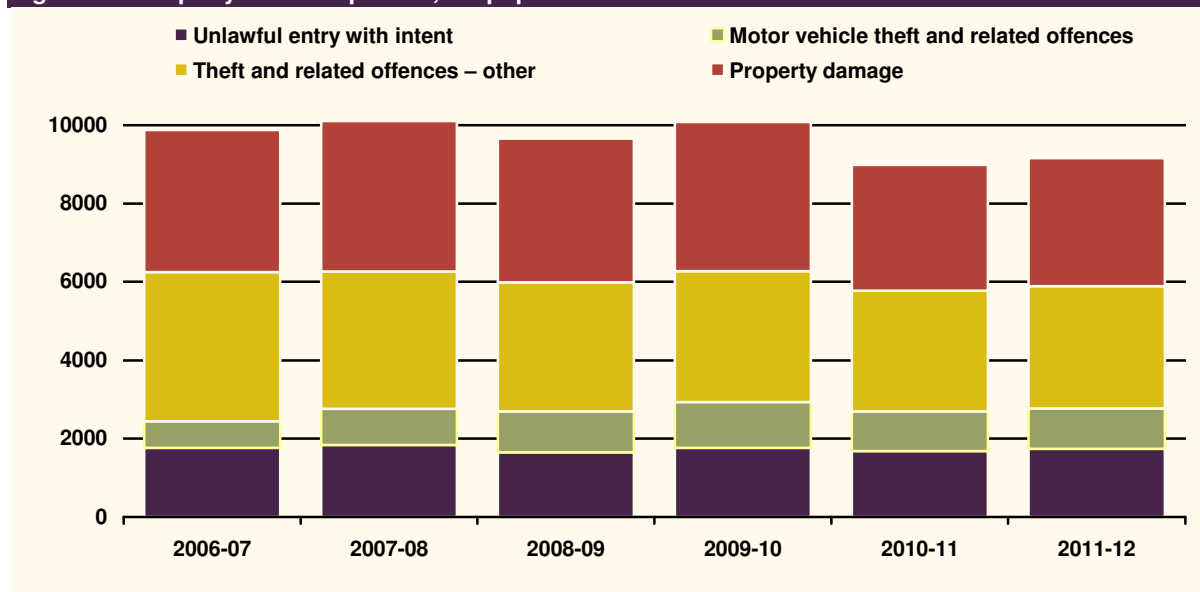
¹² An aggravated sexual assault offence includes any of the following aggravating circumstances: sexual intercourse, infliction of injury or violence, possession or use of a weapon, consent proscribed, victim a child, or an offence committed by two or more persons. Non-aggravated sexual assault offences do not include any of these circumstances.

¹³ Victim-based property data have been included for reference purposes. However, the time series for these data is slightly shorter than that for offence-based property statistics, and certain types of offences are not counted (see the Explanatory Notes section 12.3, page 138), making interpretation more difficult. For these reasons the analysis of property crime uses the offence-based statistics.

3.6 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The property offence rate in 2011-12 was 9,163 offences per 100,000 population, or just over 9 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 9 percent of people experiencing property crime. The property offence rate was 2% greater than in 2010-11, but 7% less than in 2006-07. Figure 22 shows the property offence rate for major offence groups in the Northern Territory over the last six years.

Figure 22. Property offences per 100,000 population

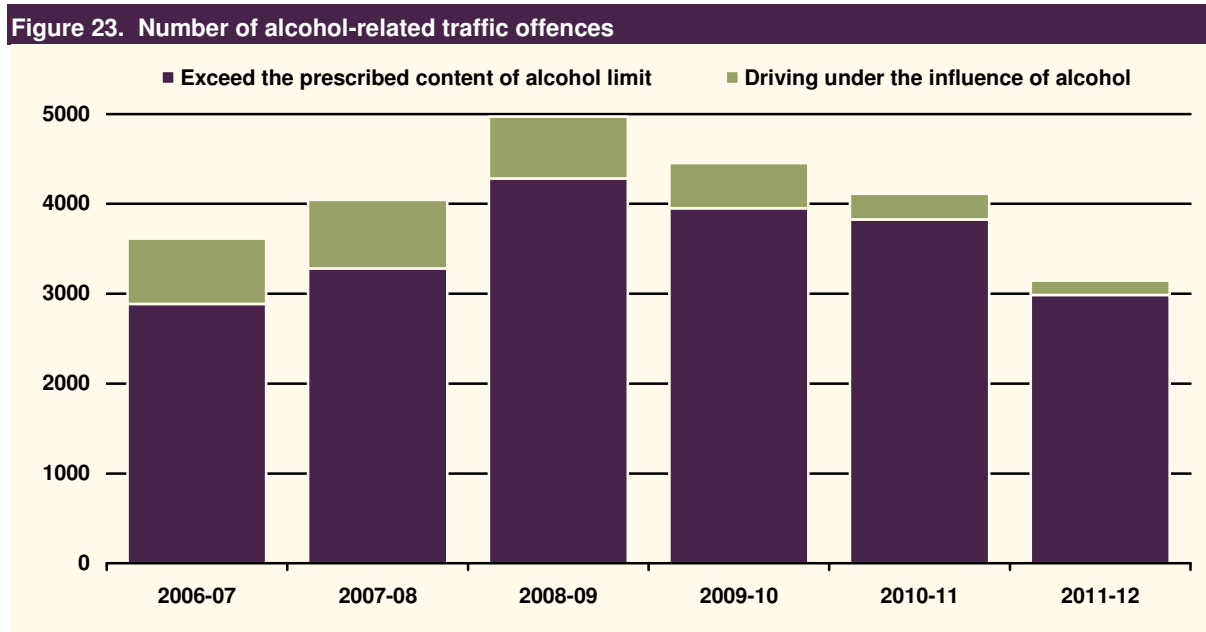


- The house break-in offence rate was 918 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 9% greater than in 2010-11 but 1% less than in 2006-07. The rate of actual house break-ins was 788 per 100,000 population, 9% greater than in 2010-11 and 2% greater than in 2006-07. The rate of house break-in attempts was 129 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 10% greater than in 2010-11, but 16% less than in 2006-07.
- The commercial break-in offence rate was 820 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 3% less than in 2010-11 and 2% less than in 2006-07. The rate of actual commercial break-ins was 711 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 1% less than in 2010-11 but 1% greater than in 2006-07. The rate of commercial break-in attempts was 109 per 100,000 population, 13% less than in 2010-11 and 17% less than in 2006-07.
- The motor vehicle theft and related offences rate was 1,036 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 2% greater than in 2010-11 and 52% greater than in 2006-07. The rate of illegal use of a motor vehicle was 402 per 100,000 population, 2% less than in 2010-11 but 19% greater than in 2006-07. The rate for theft of motor vehicle parts or contents was 633 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 5% more than in 2010-11 and 84% more than in 2006-07.
- The rate of other theft offences (excluding motor vehicle theft) was 3,114 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 1% greater than in 2010-11 but 18% less than in 2006-07. The rate of theft from retail premises in 2011-12 was 437 per 100,000 population, 7% less than in 2010-11 but 74% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of property damage offences was 3,275 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 2% greater than in 2010-11 but 10% less than in 2006-07. Property damage includes offences such as graffiti, arson and vandalism.

- See Table 23 and Table 24.

3.7 TRAFFIC OFFENCES

- Exceeding the speed limit represented 56% of all traffic-related offences in 2011-12. These offences increased by 15% from 2010-11 to 2011-12. Registration offences represented 12% of traffic offences in 2011-12, and increased by 12% from 2010-11 to 2011-12. Driving licence offences, including driving without a license, driving while disqualified or suspended and other licensing offences, represented 9% of traffic-related offences in 2011-12, and decreased by 6% from 2010-11 to 2011-12.
- Alcohol-related traffic offences¹⁴ made up 5% of the total traffic offences in 2011-12. The number of alcohol-related traffic offences has decreased in recent years, with 23% fewer offences than in 2010-11 and 13% fewer than in 2006-07. Figure 23 shows the number of alcohol-related traffic offences.



- See Table 25.

¹⁴ Alcohol and drug related traffic offences include driving under the influence of alcohol or other substances, and exceeding the prescribed content of alcohol or other substance limit. Of these, 98% of the offences in 2011-12 were related to alcohol, rather than drugs or other substances. Figure 23 shows only those offences related to alcohol. Driving under the influence of alcohol or other substance requires proof of driving impairment caused by the ingestion of one of the substances. This is established through observations of the individual driver and the manner of their driving. It does not require a specific breath alcohol content reading. Exceeding the prescribed limit (0.05%, 0.08%, 0.15% breath alcohol) does not require proof that the driver was affected by alcohol but merely that s/he was over the prescribed limit. Driving under the influence is used when a breath alcohol content reading has not or cannot be obtained, or may be used in cases where a breath alcohol content reading is excluded for technical or medical reasons.

3.8 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The rate of Police protective custody episodes in 2011-12 was 8,640 episodes per 100,000 population, 2% less than the rate in 2010-11 and 31% less than the rate in 2006-07. Police practice changed in July 2010 to deal with legislative and policy ambiguity in the interpretation of what constitutes drunkenness, resulting in the downturn in protective custody episodes. The definition of 'intoxication' under section 128 of the Police Administration Act was amended on 1 July 2011. Figure 24 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year, and Figure 25 shows the breakdown of episodes in 2011-12 by demographic group.

Figure 24. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population

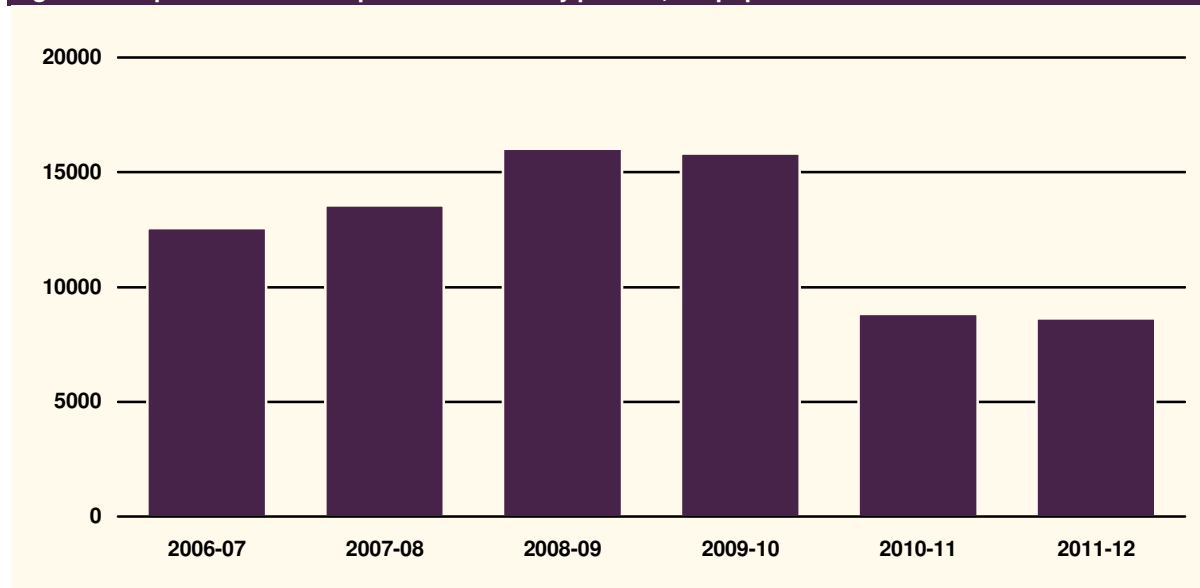
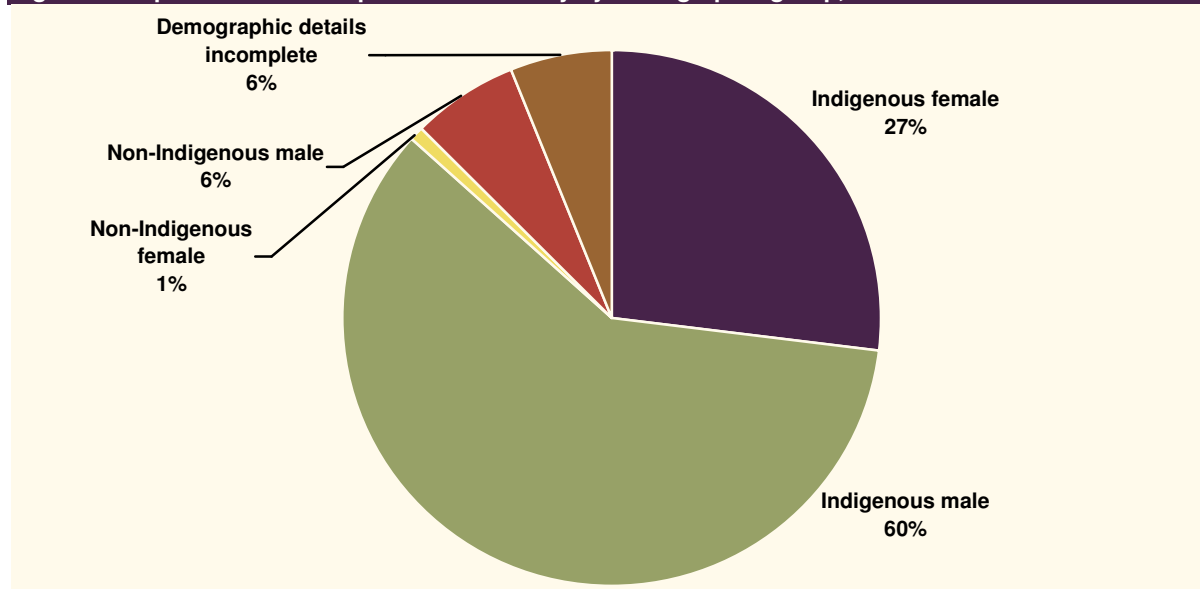


Figure 25. Episodes of Police protective custody by demographic group, 2011-12



- See Table 26.

4 DARWIN

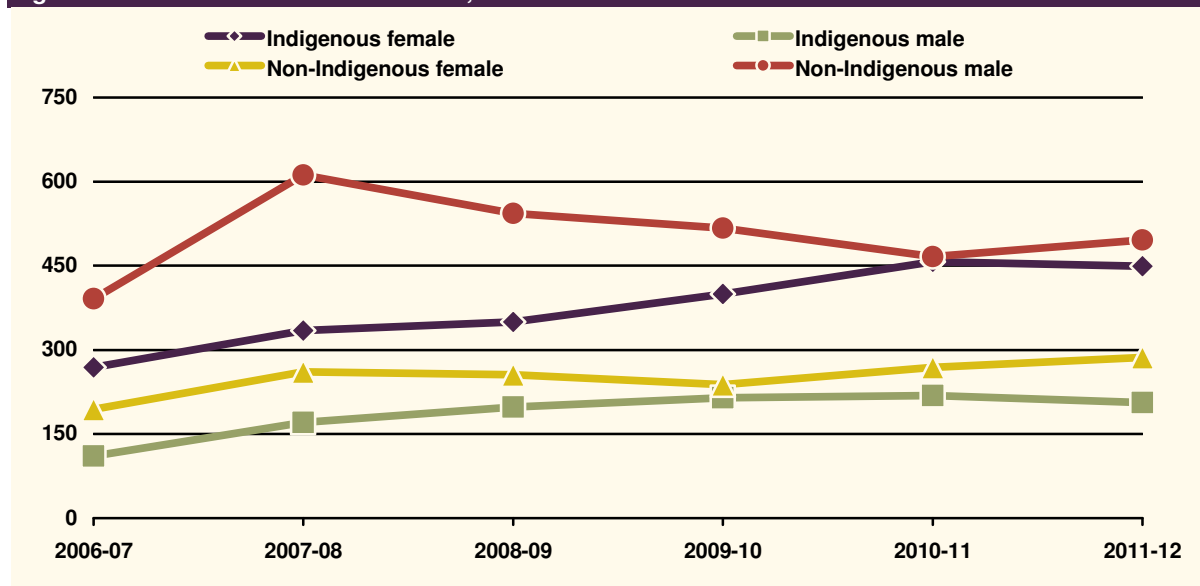
Figure 26. Areas included in the Darwin urban centre statistics



4.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The number of victims of homicide and related offences in Darwin increased from 1 victim in 2010-11 to 8 in 2011-12. Half of the victims were Indigenous, and half were non-Indigenous. Six of the victims were male and two were female.
- In 2011-12, non-Indigenous males made up 30% of assault victims in Darwin, followed by Indigenous females at 27%. Non-Indigenous females made up 17% and Indigenous males made up 13%¹⁵. This contrasts to the Territory-wide pattern where 52% of assault victims were Indigenous females in 2011-12.
- The total number of assault victims in Darwin in 2011-12 increased by 3% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 2%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 6%, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 7%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 6%. Figure 27 shows the number of victims of assault in Darwin¹⁶.

Figure 27. Number of victims of assault, Darwin



- The number of domestic violence assault victims in Darwin in 2011-12 increased by 4% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 5%, Indigenous male victims increased by 15%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 4%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 5%.
- Darwin had 23 fewer sexual assault victims in 2011-12 than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 3, the number of Indigenous male victims was unchanged, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 13, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 6¹⁷.
- See Table 27 to Table 33.

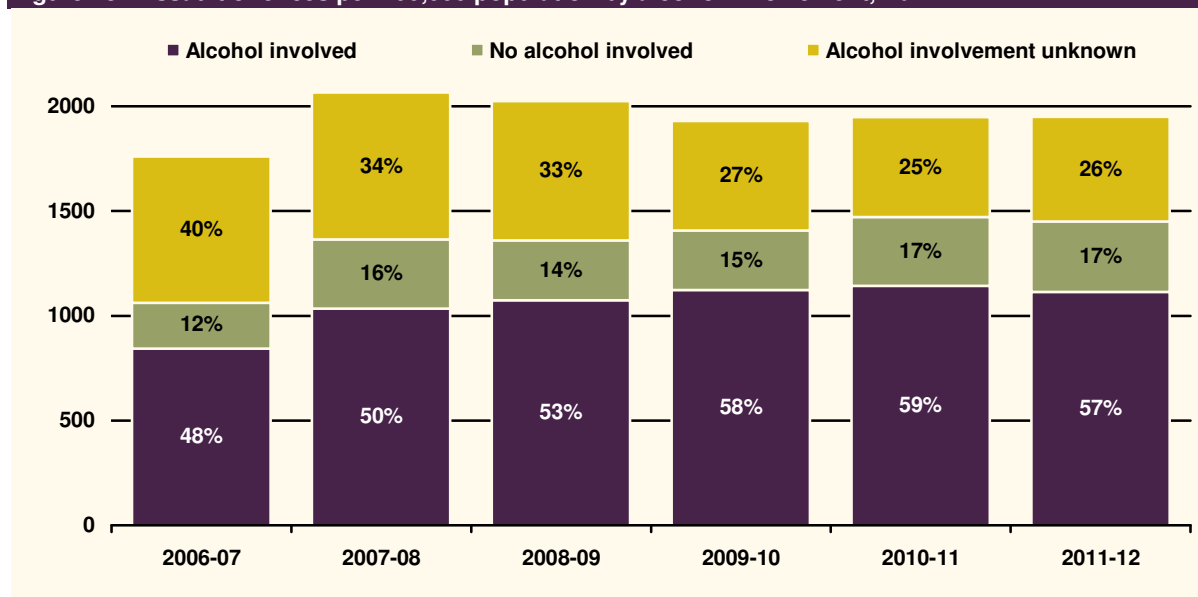
^{15, 17} Data for Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the demographic groups may not sum to the total.

¹⁶ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

4.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in Darwin was 2,350 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 31% less than the overall Territory rate. The Darwin rate was nearly the same as in 2010-11 and in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in Darwin was 1,949 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 34% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Darwin was unchanged from 2010-11, and 11% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 1,116 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 36% less than the overall Territory rate. This rate was 3% less than in 2010-11 and 32% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 57% of assaults in Darwin in 2011-12. Figure 28 shows the rate of assault offences in Darwin by alcohol involvement¹⁸.

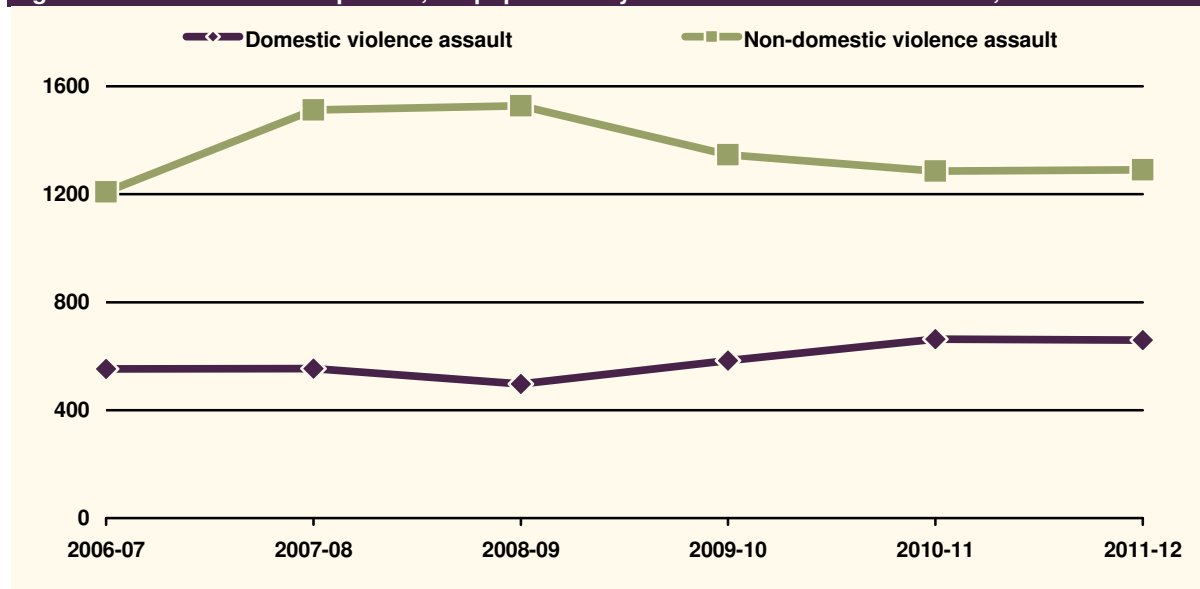
Figure 28. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, Darwin



¹⁸ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

- In 2011-12, the rate of domestic violence assault was 659 offences per 100,000 population, 61% less than the overall Territory rate. The rate of domestic violence assaults was 1% less than in 2010-11 and 19% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 34% of assaults in Darwin in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 70% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 29 shows the rate of assault offences in Darwin by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 29. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, Darwin



- The rate of sexual assault offences in Darwin was 107 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 5% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 24% less than in 2010-11, and 52% less than in 2006-07. Figure 30 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in Darwin.

Figure 30. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, Darwin

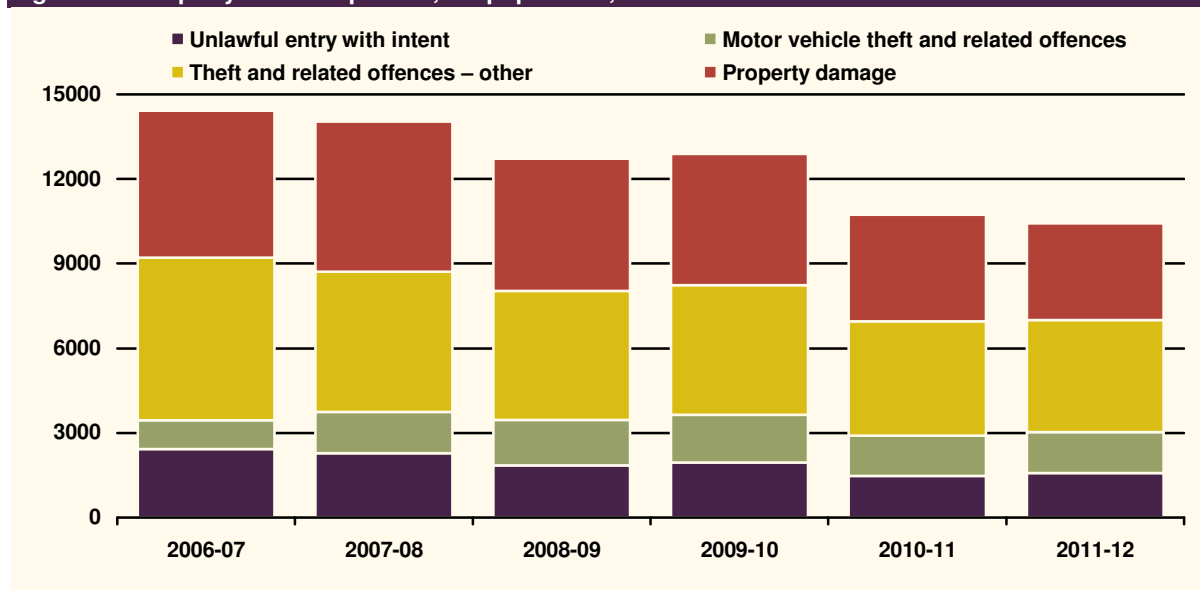


- See Table 34 to Table 37.

4.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The rate of property crime in Darwin shows a decreasing trend through the reporting period, and was 10,423 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, or over 1 property offence per 10 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 10 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 3% less than in 2010-11 and 28% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin property offence rate in 2011-12 was 14% greater than the overall Territory rate. Figure 31 shows the offence rate for major categories of property crime in Darwin.

Figure 31. Property offences per 100,000 population, Darwin



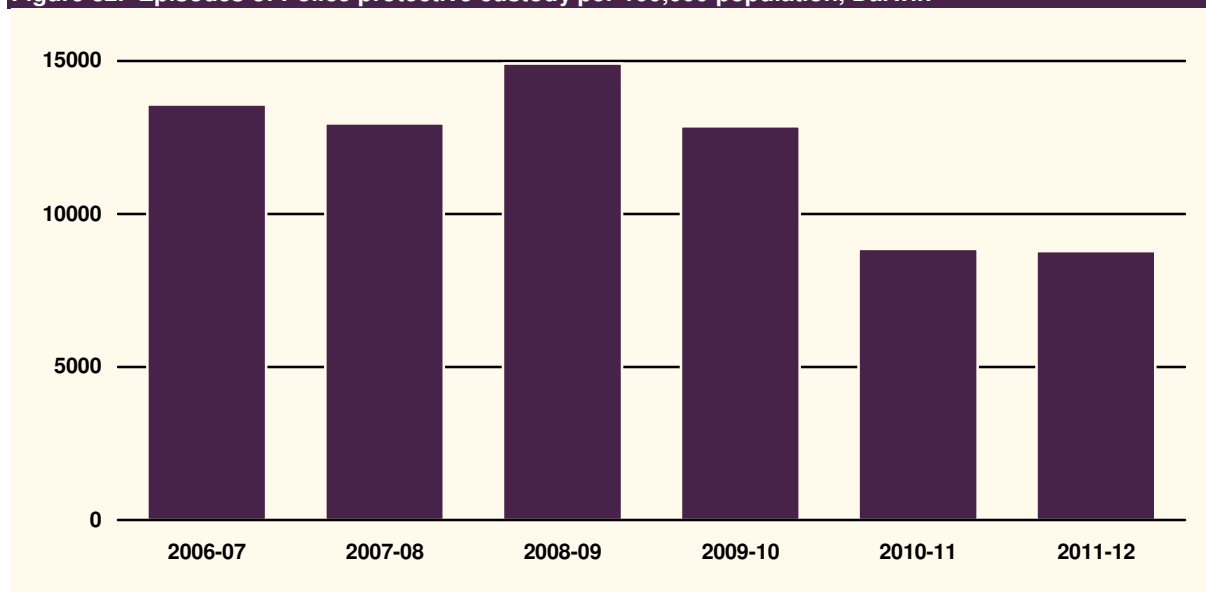
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Darwin in 2011-12 was 840 offences per 100,000 population. This was 16% greater than in 2010-11 and 25% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 7% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in Darwin in 2011-12 was 492 offences per 100,000 population. This was 10% less than in 2010-11 and 43% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 31% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in Darwin in 2011-12 was 1,448 offences per 100,000 population. This was 1% greater than in 2010-11 and 41% greater than in 2006-07. The Darwin motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 40% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Darwin in 2011-12 was 3,980 offences per 100,000 population. This was 2% less than in 2010-11 and 31% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin theft rate in 2011-12 was 28% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft from retail premises in Darwin in 2011-12 was 618 offences per 100,000 population. This was 2% less than in 2010-11 but nearly double (99% greater than) the rate in 2006-07. The Darwin theft from retail premises rate in 2011-12 was 41% greater than the overall Territory rate.

- The rate of property damage offences in Darwin in 2011-12 was 3,414 per 100,000 population. This was 10% less than in 2010-11 and 35% less than in 2006-07. The Darwin property damage rate in 2011-12 was 4% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- See Table 38 and Table 39.

4.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The Police protective custody rate in Darwin in 2011-12 was 8,785 episodes per 100,000 population, 2% larger than the overall Territory rate. The Darwin rate in 2011-12 was 1% less than in 2010-11 and 35% less than in 2006-07. Figure 32 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in Darwin.

Figure 32. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population, Darwin



- See Table 40.

5 PALMERSTON

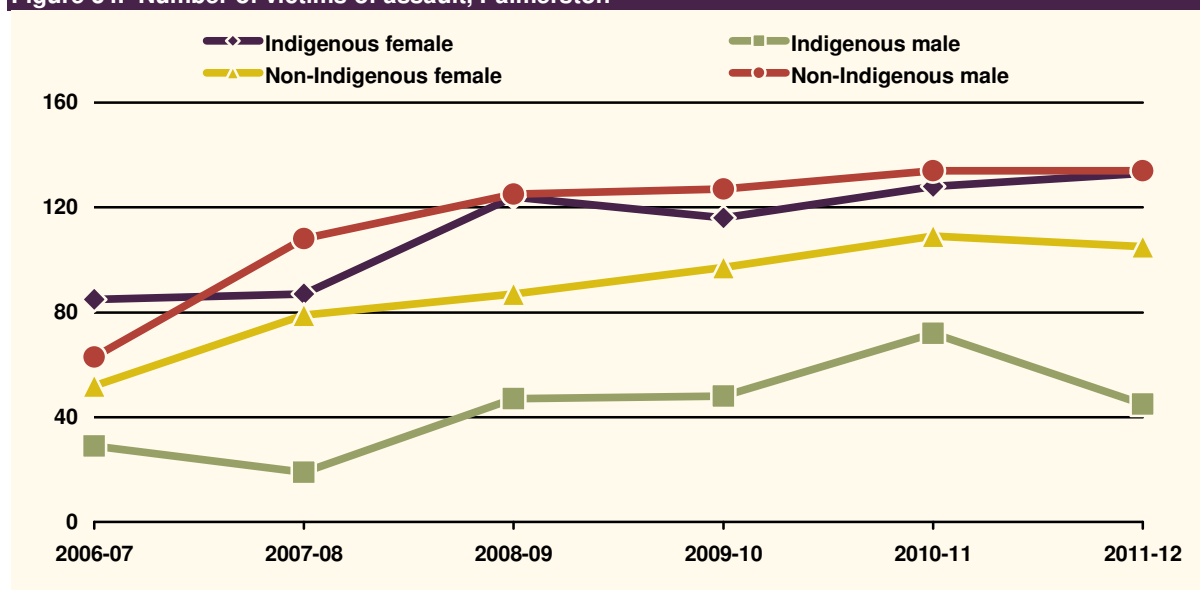
Figure 33. Areas included in the Palmerston urban centre statistics



5.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- There was 1 victim of homicide and related offences in Palmerston in 2011-12, up from zero in 2010-11.
- In 2011-12, non-Indigenous males made up 28% of assault victims in Palmerston, as did Indigenous females. Non-Indigenous females made up 22% and Indigenous males made up 9%¹⁹.
- The total number of assault victims in Palmerston in 2011-12 decreased by 3% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 4%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 38%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 4%, and non-Indigenous male victims were unchanged. Figure 34 shows the number of victims of assault in Palmerston by Indigenous status and by sex²⁰.

Figure 34. Number of victims of assault, Palmerston



- The number of domestic violence assault victims in Palmerston in 2011-12 increased by 1% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 2%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 38%, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 31%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 18%.
- Palmerston had 14 fewer sexual assault victims in 2011-12 than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 9, Indigenous male victims decreased by 1, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 2, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 1²¹.
- See Table 41 to Table 47.

^{19, 21} Data for Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the demographic groups may not sum to the total.

²⁰ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

5.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in Palmerston was 1,866 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 45% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 1% less than in 2010-11 but 25% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in Palmerston was 1,578 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 47% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Palmerston was almost unchanged from 2010-11, and 39% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 808 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 54% less than the overall Territory rate. This rate was 6% less than in 2010-11 and 52% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 51% of assaults in Palmerston in 2011-12. Figure 35 shows the rate of assault offences in Palmerston by alcohol involvement²².

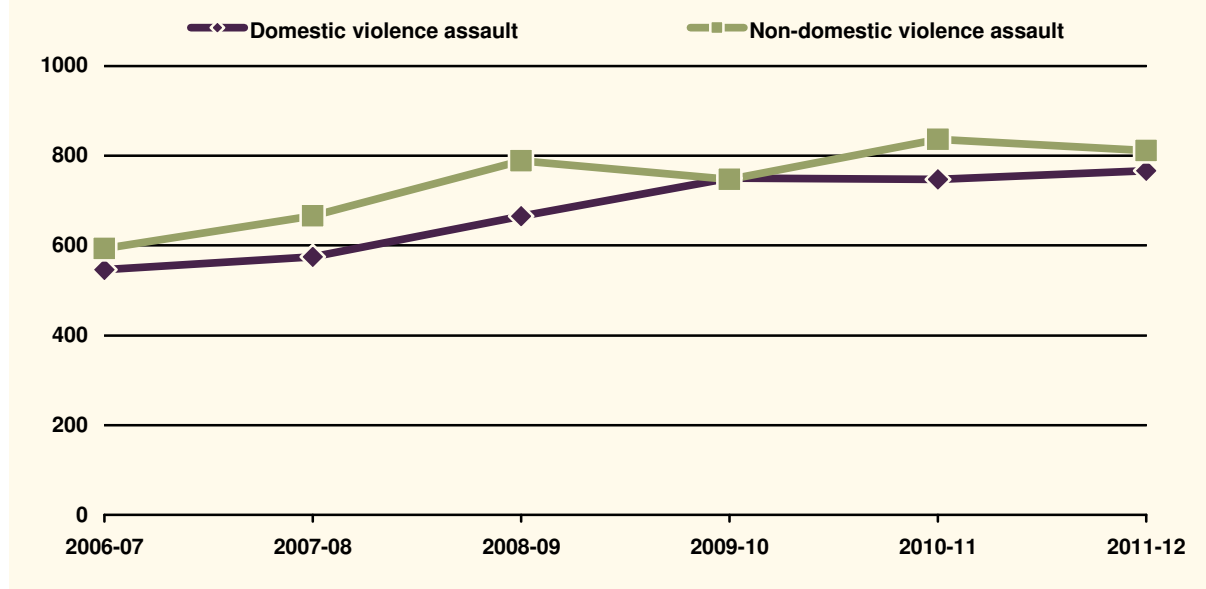
Figure 35. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, Palmerston



²² Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

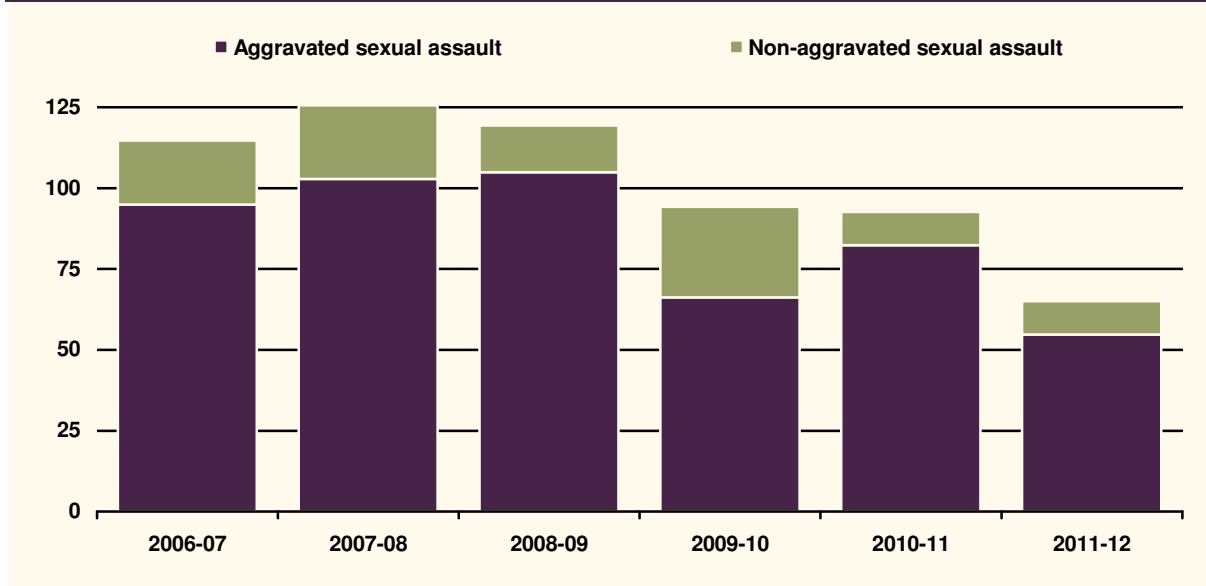
- The rate of domestic violence assault was 767 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 55% less than the overall Territory rate. The rate of domestic violence assaults was 3% greater than in 2010-11 and 41% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 49% of assaults in Palmerston in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 62% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 36 shows the rate of assault offences in Palmerston by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 36. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, Palmerston



- The rate of sexual assault offences in Palmerston was 65 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 43% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 30% less than in 2010-11, and 43% less than in 2006-07. Figure 21 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in Palmerston.

Figure 37. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, Palmerston

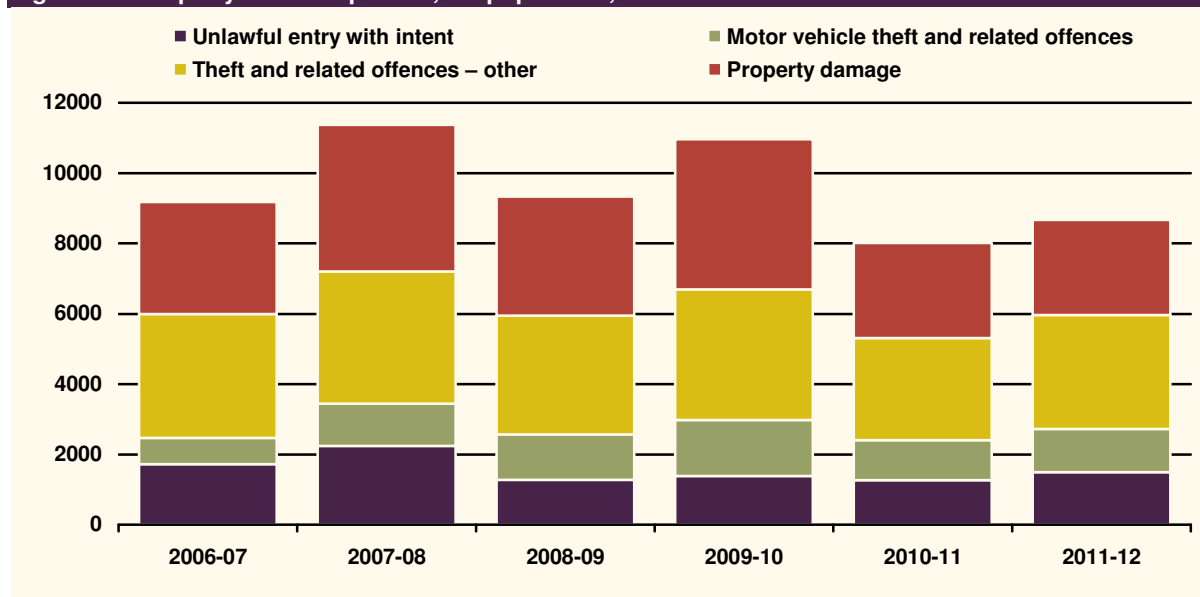


- See Table 48 to Table 51.

5.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The rate of property crime in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 8,662 offences per 100,000 population, or close to 9 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 9 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 8% greater than in 2010-11 but 6% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston property offence rate in 2011-12 was 5% less than the overall Territory rate. Figure 38 shows the offence rate for major categories of property crime in Palmerston.

Figure 38. Property offences per 100,000 population, Palmerston



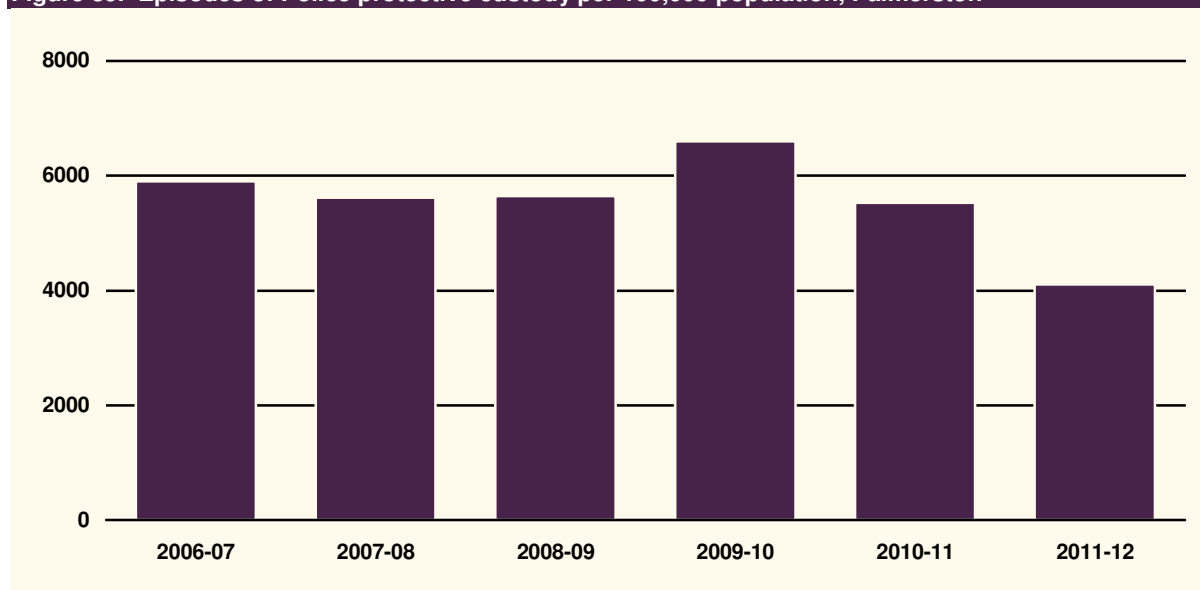
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 866 offences per 100,000 population. This was 64% greater than in 2010-11 but 1% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 10% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 336 offences per 100,000 population. This was 29% less than in 2010-11 and 22% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 53% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 1,236 offences per 100,000 population. This was 9% greater than in 2010-11 and 64% greater than in 2006-07. The Palmerston motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 19% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 3,235 offences per 100,000 population. This was 11% greater than in 2010-11 but 8% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston theft rate in 2011-12 was 4% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft from retail premises in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 640 offences per 100,000 population. This was 8% less than in 2010-11 but 217% greater than in 2006-07. The Palmerston theft from retail premises rate in 2011-12 was 46% greater than the overall Territory rate. Theft from retail premises is included in the overall theft rate (above).

- The rate of property damage offences in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 2,698 per 100,000 population. This was virtually unchanged from 2010-11 and 15% less than in 2006-07. The Palmerston property damage rate in 2011-12 was 18% less than the overall Territory rate.
- See Table 52 and Table 53.

5.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The Police protective custody rate in Palmerston in 2011-12 was 4,105 episodes per 100,000 population, 52% less than the overall Territory rate. The Palmerston rate in 2011-12 was 26% less than in 2010-11 and 30% less than in 2006-07. Figure 39 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in Palmerston.

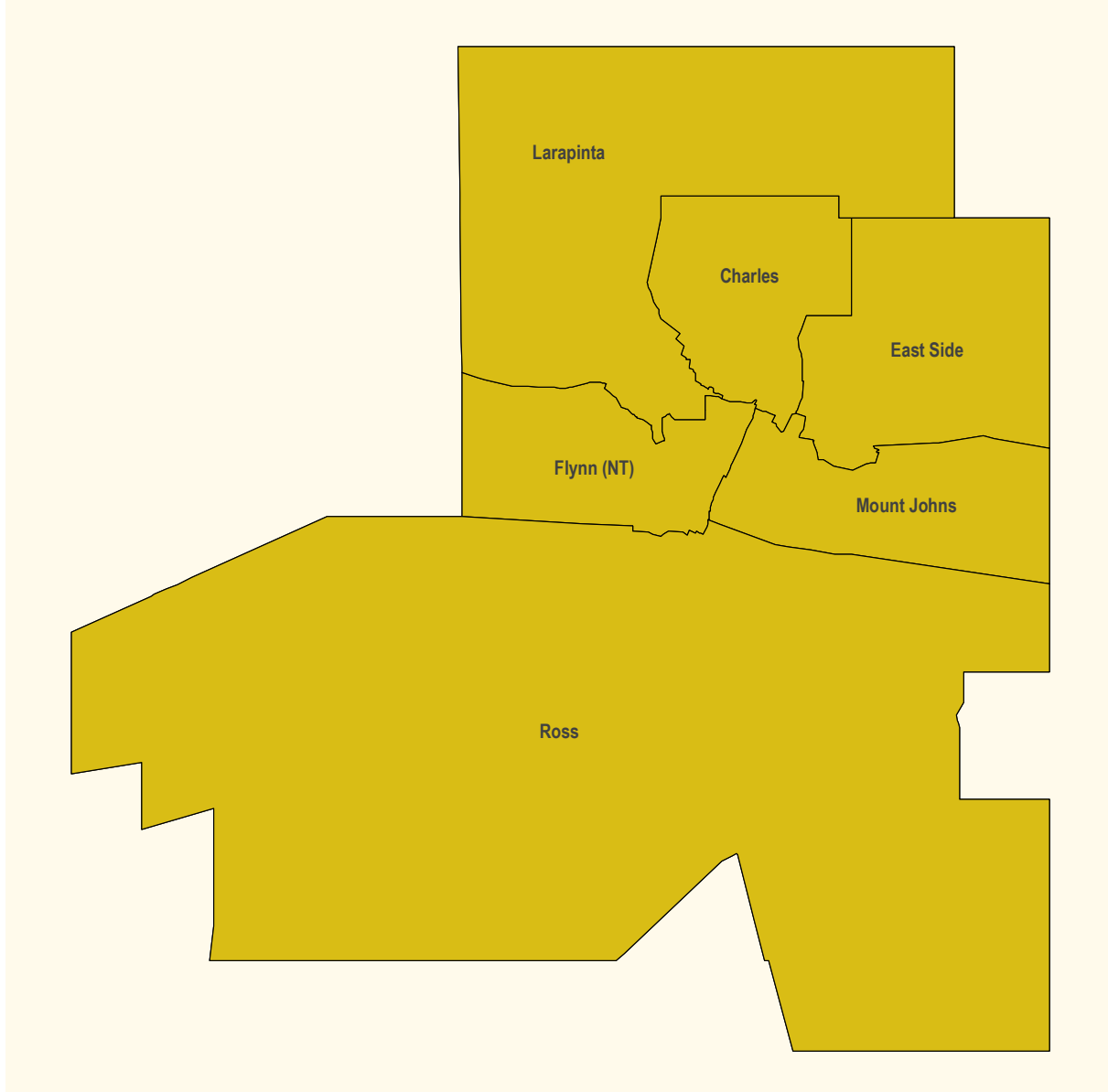
Figure 39. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population, Palmerston



- See Table 54.

6 ALICE SPRINGS

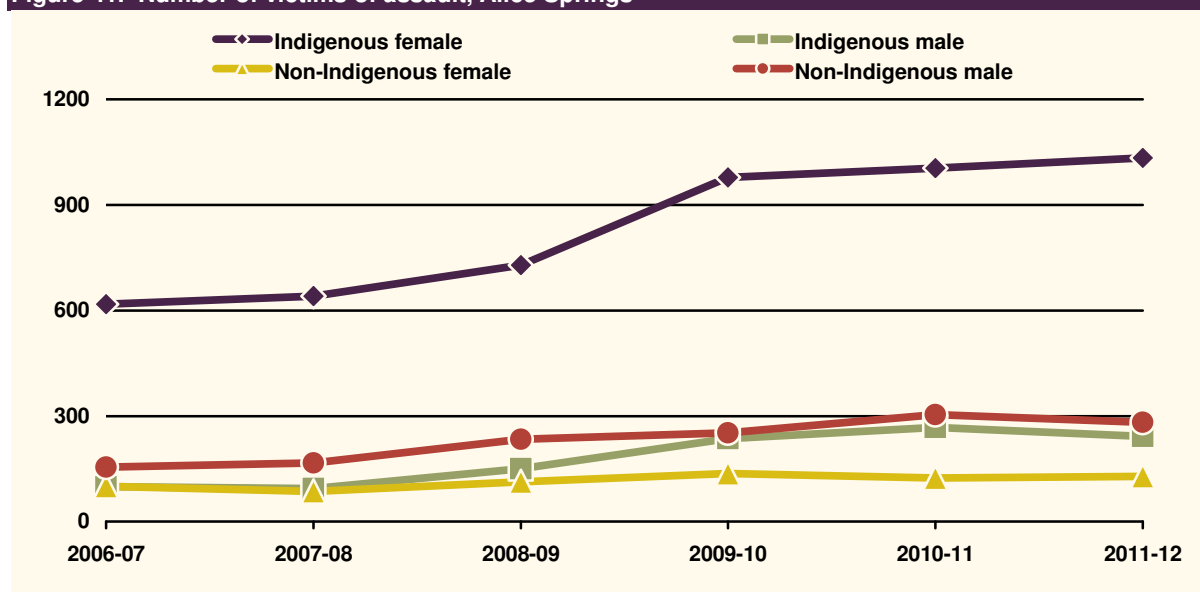
Figure 40. Areas included in the Alice Springs urban centre statistics



6.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The number of victims of homicide and related offences in Alice Springs decreased from 7 victims in 2010-11 to 6 in 2011-12. Half of the victims were Indigenous and half were non-Indigenous. Two of the victims were male and four were female.
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 59% of assault victims in Alice Springs, followed by non-Indigenous males at 16%. Indigenous males made up 14% and non-Indigenous females made up 7%²³.
- The total number of assault victims in Alice Springs in 2011-12 decreased by 2% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 3%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 10%, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 3%, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 7%. Figure 41 shows the number of victims of assault in Alice Springs²⁴.

Figure 41. Number of victims of assault, Alice Springs



- The number of domestic violence assault victims in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was nearly the same as in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 1%, Indigenous male victims increased by 4%, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 13%, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 8%.
- Alice Springs had 13 fewer sexual assault victims in 2011-12 than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 8, Indigenous male victims increased by 1, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 10, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 3²⁵.
- See Table 55 to Table 61.

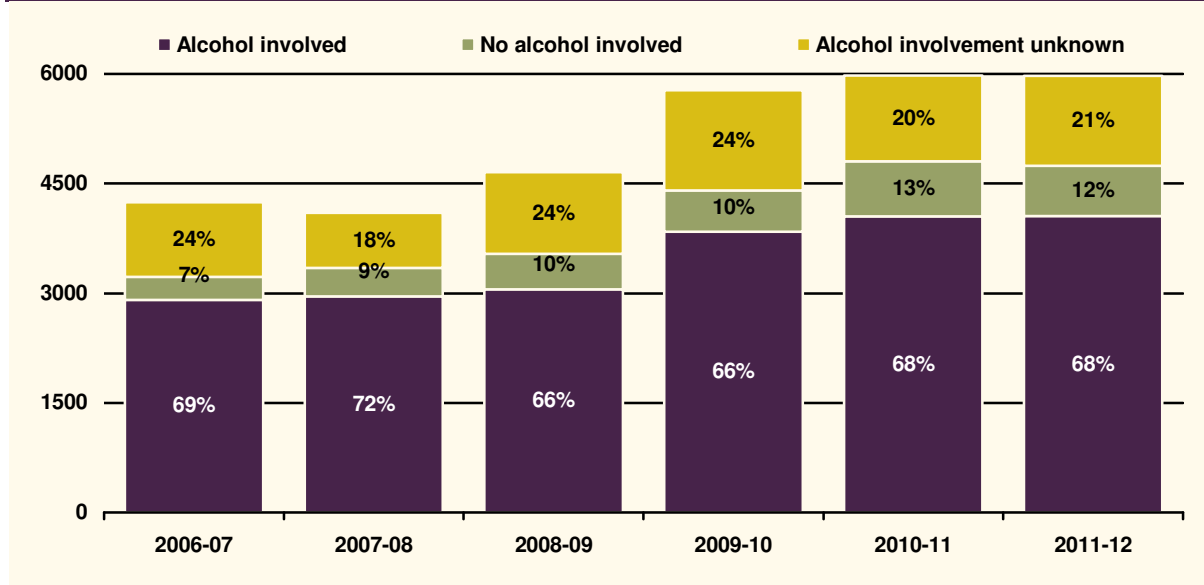
^{23, 25} Data for Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the demographic groups may not sum to the total.

²⁴ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

6.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in Alice Springs was 6,798 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, twice (100% greater than) the overall Territory rate. This was 1% less than the rate in 2010-11 but 41% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in Alice Springs was 5,972 per 100,000 population, or nearly 6 per 100 persons, in 2011-12. This was just over twice (101% greater than) the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Alice Springs was nearly unchanged from 2010-11 and 41% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 4,053 offences per 100,000 population, 131% greater than the overall Territory rate. This rate was nearly unchanged from 2010-11 and 39% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 68% of assaults in Alice Springs in 2011-12. Figure 42 shows the rate of assault offences in Alice Springs by alcohol involvement²⁶.

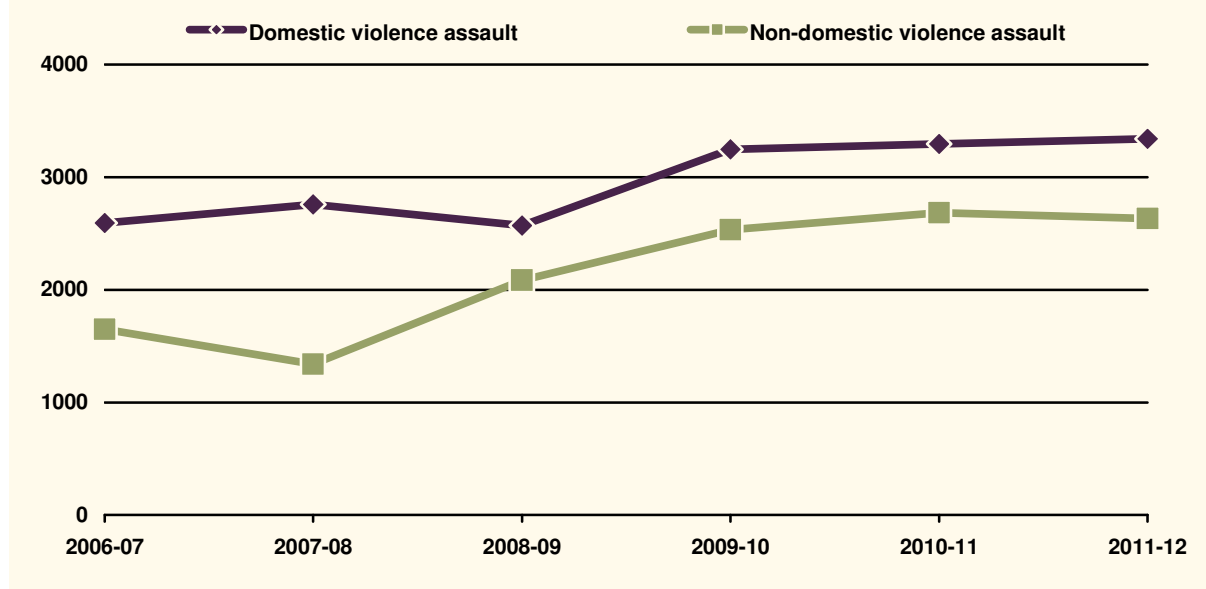
Figure 42. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, Alice Springs



²⁶ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

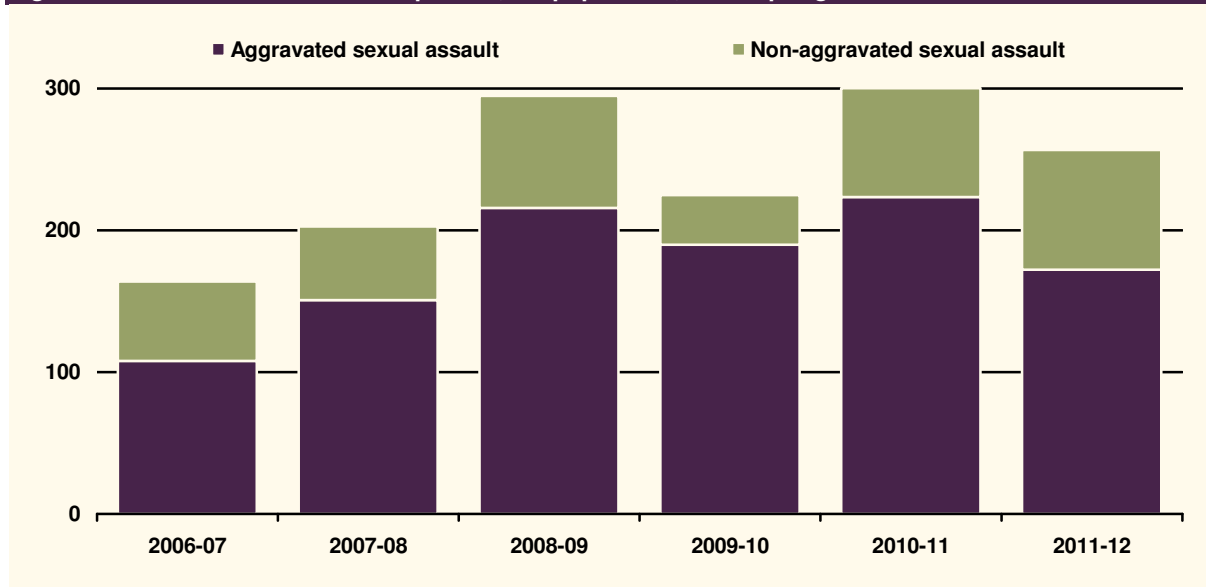
- The rate of domestic violence assault was 3,339 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 98% greater than the overall Territory rate. The domestic violence assault rate was 1% greater than in 2010-11 and 29% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 56% of assaults in Alice Springs in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 77% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 43 shows the rate of assault offences in Alice Springs by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 43. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, Alice Springs



- The rate of sexual assault offences in Alice Springs was 257 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 127% greater than the overall Territory rate. This was 15% less than in 2010-11 but 57% greater than in 2006-07. Figure 21 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in Alice Springs.

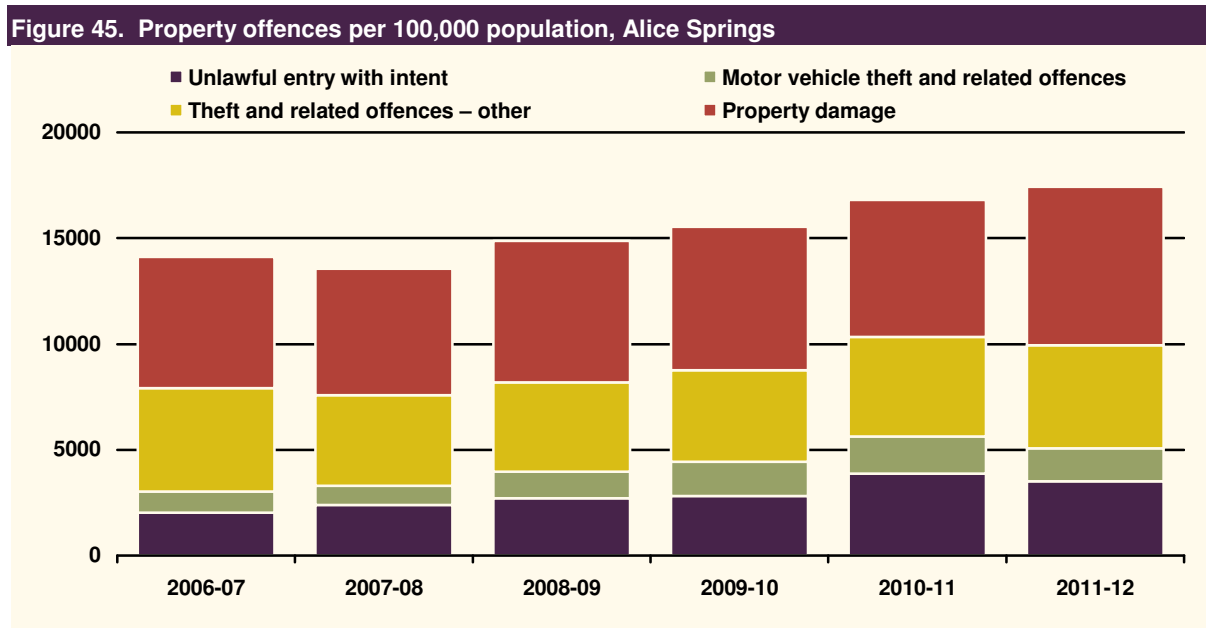
Figure 44. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, Alice Springs



- See Table 62 to Table 65.

6.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The rate of property crime in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 17,424 offences per 100,000 population, or over 17 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 17 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 4% greater than in 2010-11 and 23% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs property offence rate in 2011-12 was 90% greater than the overall Territory rate. Figure 45 shows the offence rate for major categories of property crime in Alice Springs.



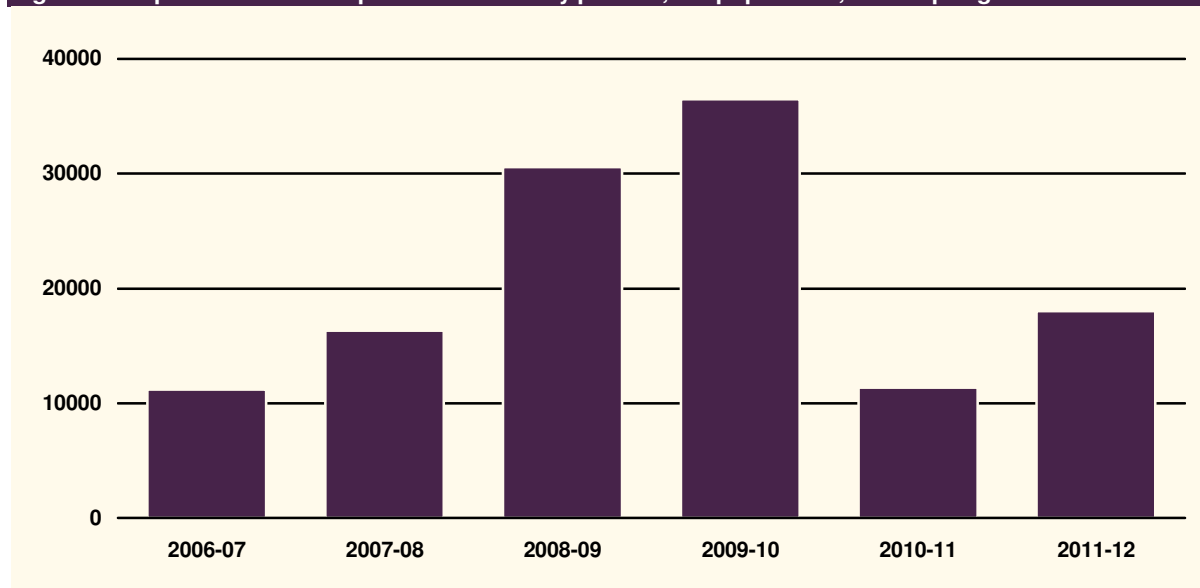
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 1,701 offences per 100,000 population. This was 12% less than in 2010-11 but 118% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 116% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 1,381 offences per 100,000 population. This was 4% less than in 2010-11 but 29% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 94% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 1,557 offences per 100,000 population. This was 11% less than in 2010-11 but 57% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 50% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 4,886 offences per 100,000 population. This was 3% greater than in 2010-11 and almost the same as in 2006-07. The Alice Springs theft rate in 2011-12 was 57% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft from retail premises in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 576 offences per 100,000 population. This was 9% greater than in 2010-11 and 58% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs theft from retail premises rate in 2011-12 was 32% greater than the overall Territory rate. Theft from retail premises is included in the overall theft rate (above).

- The rate of property damage offences in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 7,473 per 100,000 population. This was 16% greater than in 2010-11 and 20% greater than in 2006-07. The Alice Springs property damage rate in 2011-12 was 128% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- See Table 66 and Table 67.

6.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The Police protective custody rate in Alice Springs in 2011-12 was 18,029 episodes per 100,000 population, 109% greater than the overall Territory rate. The Alice Springs rate in 2011-12 was 59% greater than in 2010-11 and 61% greater than in 2006-07. Figure 46 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in Alice Springs.

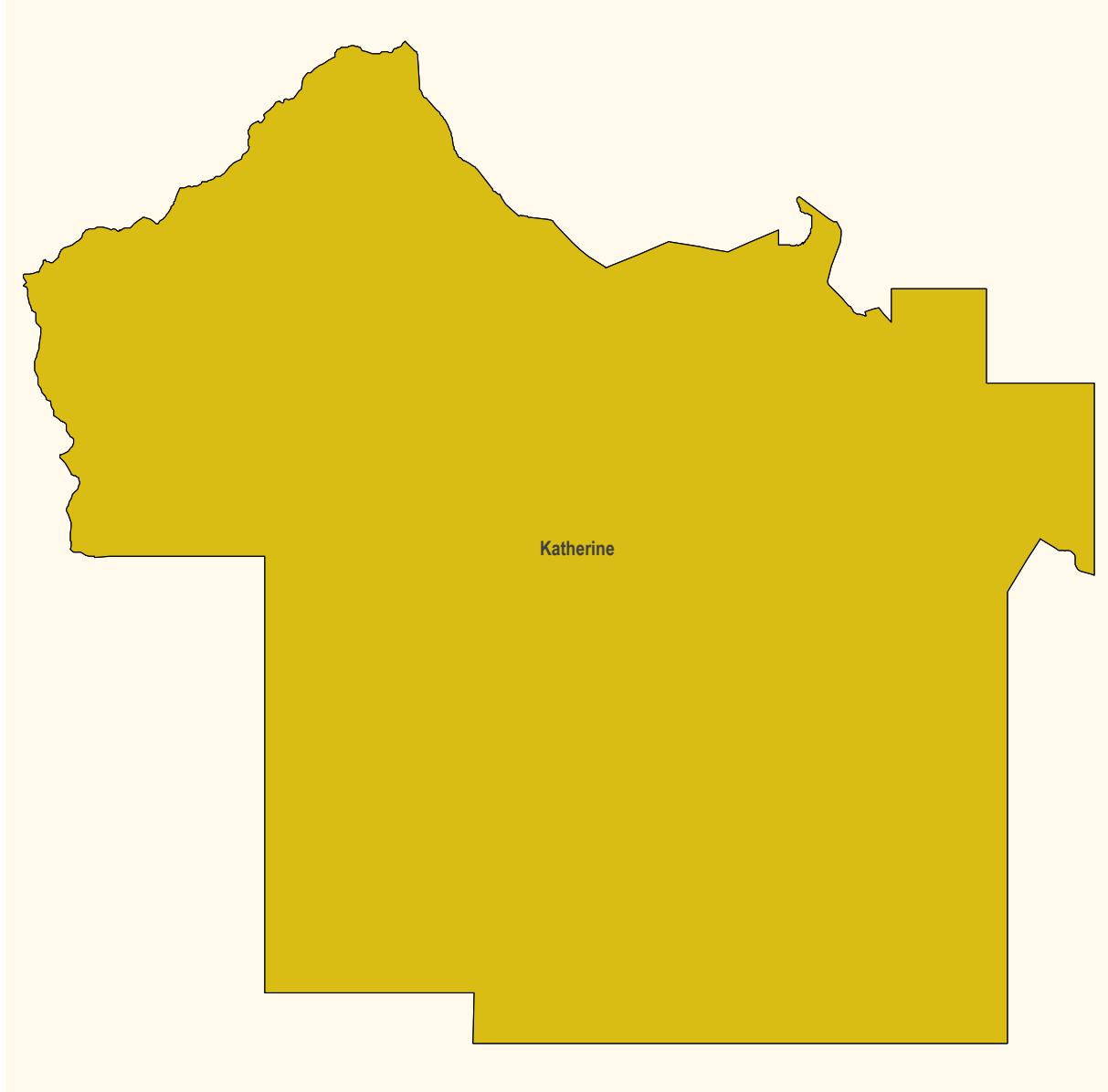
Figure 46. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population, Alice Springs



- See Table 68.

7 KATHERINE

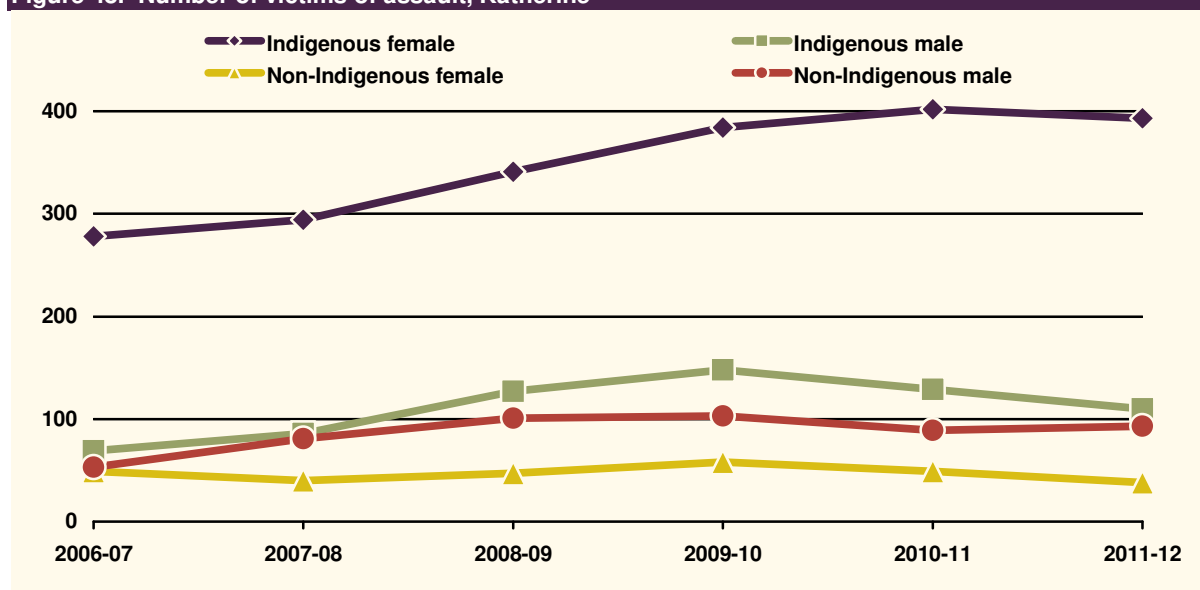
Figure 47. Area included in the Katherine urban centre statistics



7.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- There was 1 victim of homicide and related offences in Katherine in 2011-12, compared to 0 in 2010-11.
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 61% of assault victims in Katherine, followed by Indigenous males at 17%. Non-Indigenous males made up 14% and non-Indigenous females made up 6%²⁷.
- The total number of assault victims in Katherine in 2011-12 was 5% less than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 2%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 15%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 22%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 4%. Figure 48 shows the number of victims of assault in Katherine²⁸.

Figure 48. Number of victims of assault, Katherine



- The number of domestic violence assault victims in Katherine in 2011-12 increased by 9% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 6%, Indigenous male victims increased by 30%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 16%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 50%.
- Katherine had 19 fewer sexual assault victims in 2011-12 than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 10, Indigenous male victims decreased by 1, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 9, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 3²⁹.
- See Table 69 to Table 75.

^{27, 29} Data for Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the demographic groups may not sum to the total.

²⁸ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

7.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in Katherine was 6,579 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 94% greater than the overall Territory rate. This was 5% less than in 2010-11 but 21% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in Katherine was 6,097 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 105% greater than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Katherine was 3% less than in 2010-11 but 24% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 4,883 offences per 100,000 population, 179% greater than the overall Territory rate. This rate was 1% greater than in 2010-11 and 34% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 80% of assaults in Katherine in 2011-12. Figure 49 shows the rate of assault offences in Katherine by alcohol involvement³⁰.

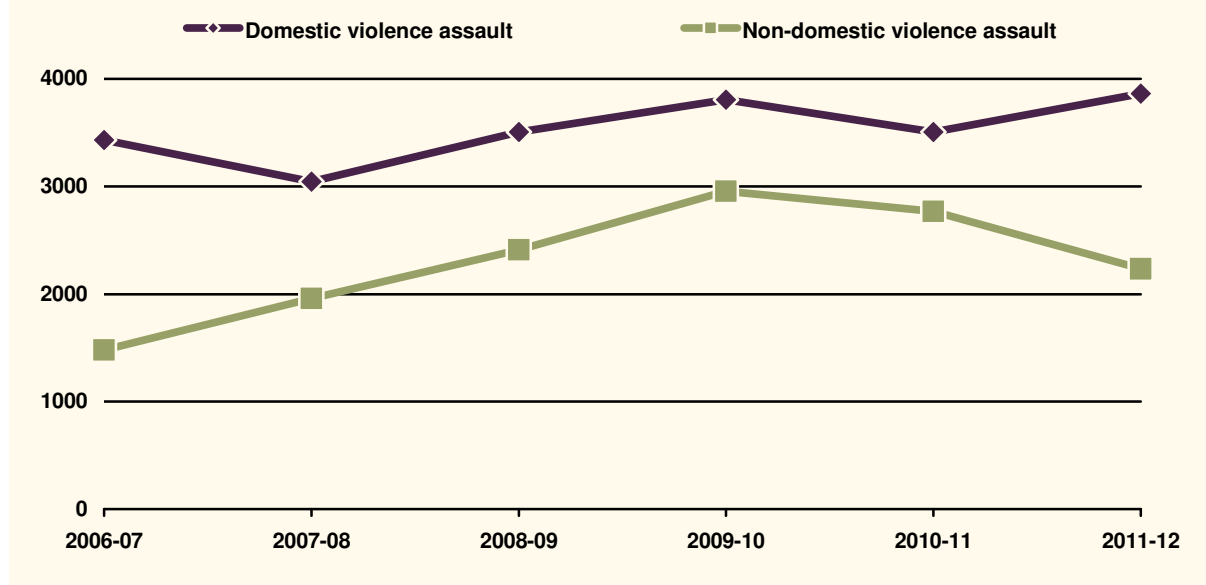
Figure 49. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, Katherine



³⁰ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

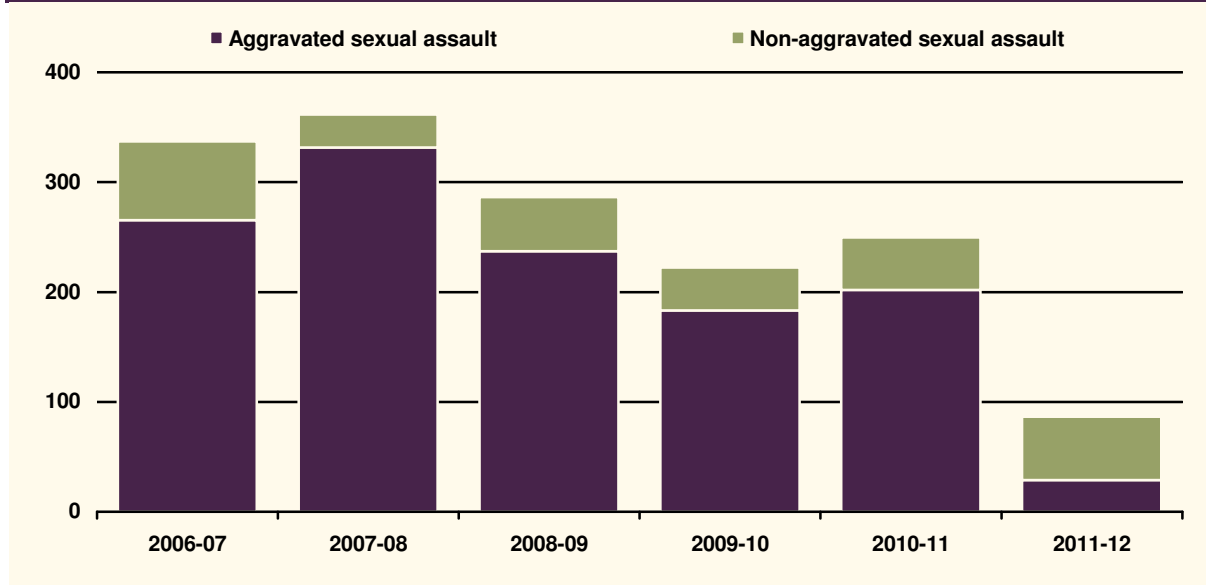
- The rate of domestic violence assault was 3,862 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 129% greater than the overall Territory rate. The rate of domestic violence assaults was 10% greater than in 2010-11 and 13% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 63% of assaults in Katherine in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 87% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 50 shows the rate of assault offences in Katherine by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 50. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, Katherine



- The rate of sexual assault offences in Katherine was 87 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 23% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 65% less than in 2010-11, and 74% less than in 2006-07. Figure 21 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in Katherine.

Figure 51. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, Katherine

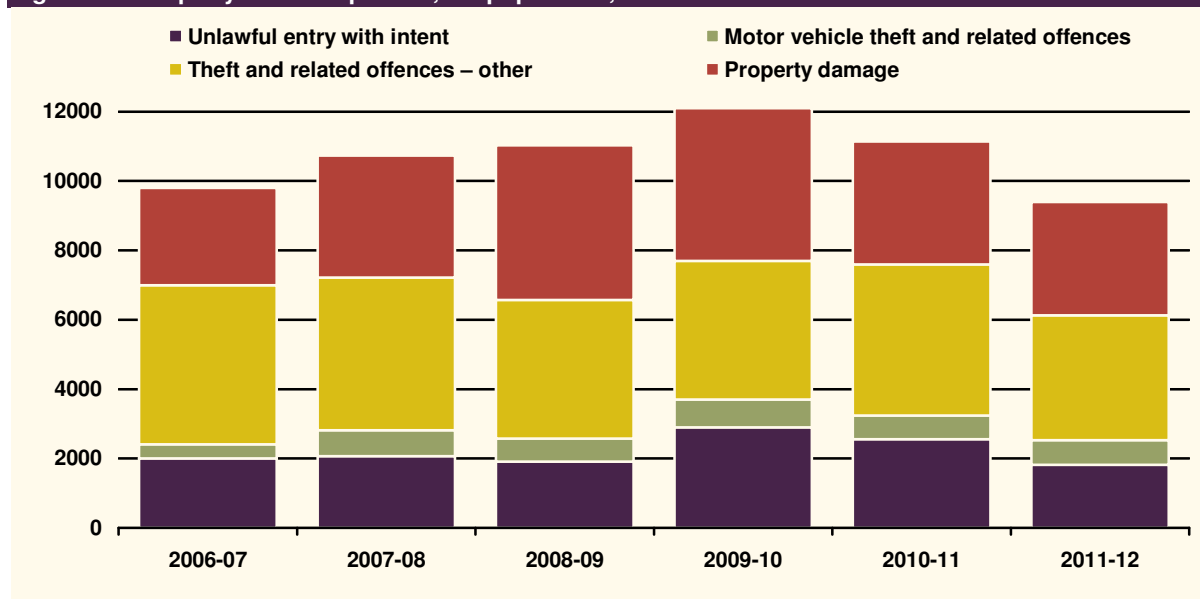


- See Table 76 to Table 79.

7.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The rate of property crime in Katherine in 2011-12 was 9,391 offences per 100,000 population, or over 9 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 9 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 16% less than in 2010-11 and 4% less than in 2006-07. The Katherine property offence rate in 2011-12 was 2% greater than the overall Territory rate. Figure 52 shows the offence rates for major categories of property crime in Katherine.

Figure 52. Property offences per 100,000 population, Katherine



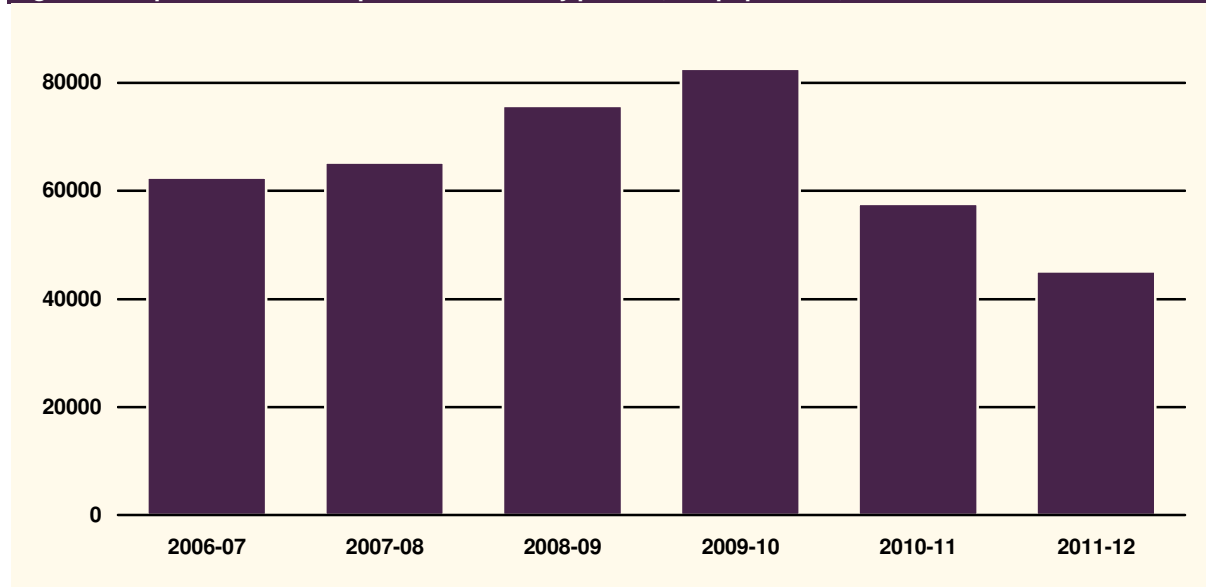
- The rate of actual house break-ins in Katherine in 2011-12 was 674 offences per 100,000 population. This was 35% less than in 2010-11 and 26% less than in 2006-07. The Katherine actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 14% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in Katherine in 2011-12 was 886 offences per 100,000 population. This was 26% less than in 2010-11 but 7% greater than in 2006-07. The Katherine actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 25% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in Katherine in 2011-12 was 713 offences per 100,000 population. This was 3% greater than in 2010-11 and 75% greater than in 2006-07. The Katherine motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 31% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Katherine in 2011-12 was 3,602 offences per 100,000 population. This was 17% less than in 2010-11 and 21% less than in 2006-07. The Katherine theft rate in 2011-12 was 16% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft from retail premises in Katherine in 2011-12 was 607 offences per 100,000 population. This was 41% less than in 2010-11 and 42% less than in 2006-07. The Katherine theft from retail premises rate in 2011-12 was 39% greater than the overall Territory rate. Theft from retail premises is included in the overall theft rate (above).

- The rate of property damage offences in Katherine in 2011-12 was 3,256 per 100,000 population. This was 8% less than in 2010-11 but 16% greater than in 2006-07. The Katherine property damage rate in 2011-12 was 1% less than the overall Territory rate.
- See Table 80 and Table 81.

7.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The Police protective custody rate in Katherine in 2011-12 was 45,097 episodes per 100,000 population, 422% greater than the overall Territory rate. The Katherine rate in 2011-12 was 22% less than in 2010-11 and 28% less than in 2006-07. Figure 53 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in Katherine.

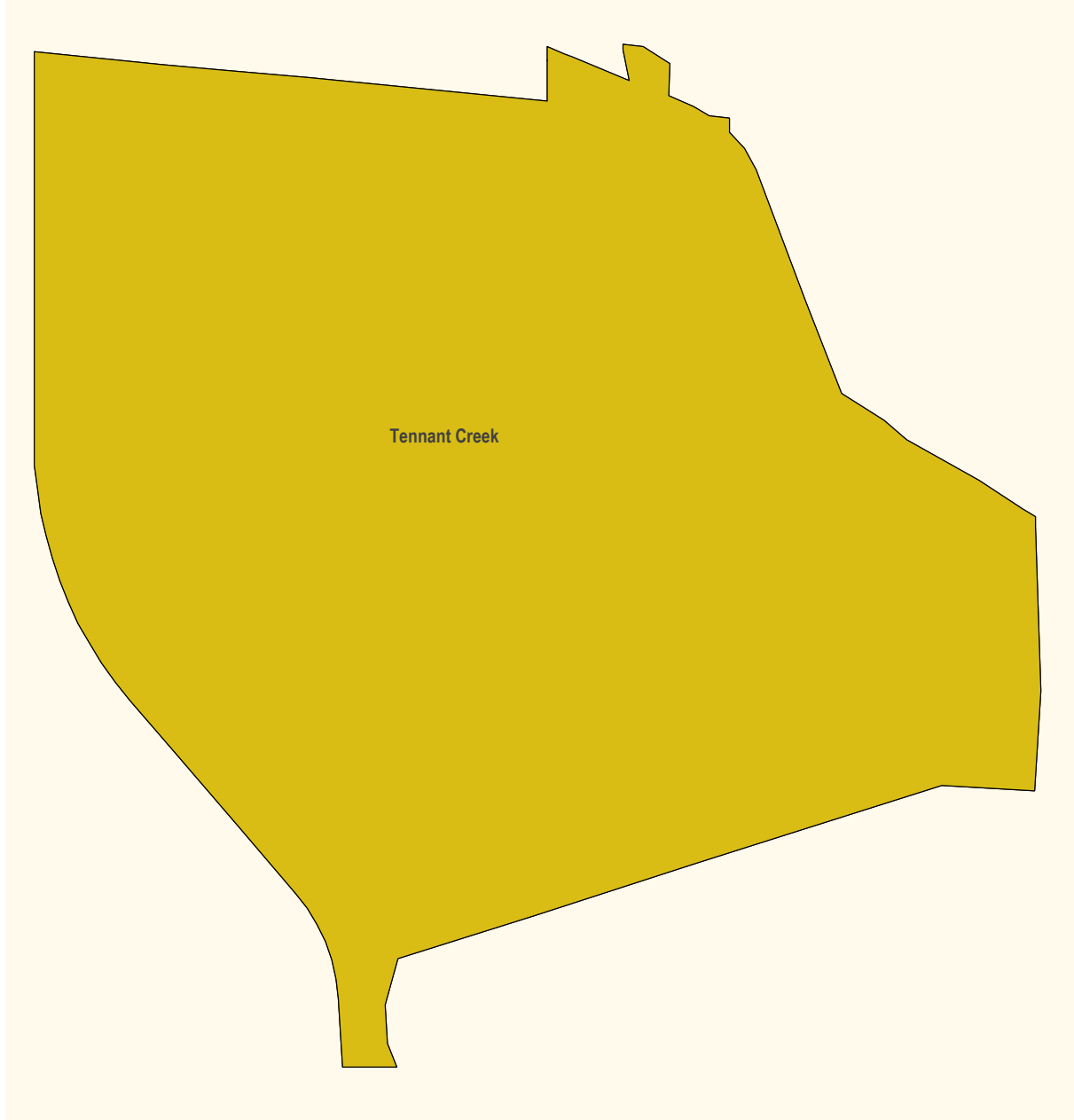
Figure 53. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population, Katherine



- See Table 82.

8 TENNANT CREEK

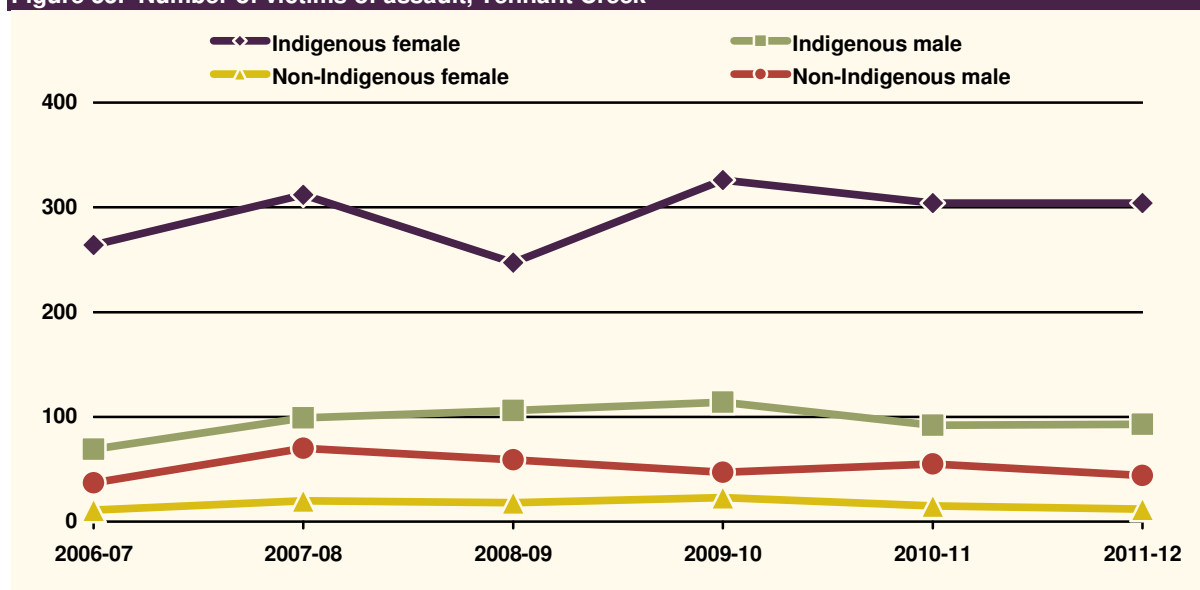
Figure 54. Area included in the Tennant Creek urban centre statistics



8.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- There were no victims of homicide and related offences in Tennant Creek in 2011-12, and have been none since 2007-08.
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 67% of assault victims in Tennant Creek, followed by Indigenous males at 20%. Non-Indigenous males made up 10% and non-Indigenous females made up 3%.
- The total number of assault victims in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 decreased by 3% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims were unchanged, Indigenous male victims increased by 1%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 20%, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 20%. Figure 55 shows the number of victims of assault in Tennant Creek³¹.

Figure 55. Number of victims of assault, Tennant Creek



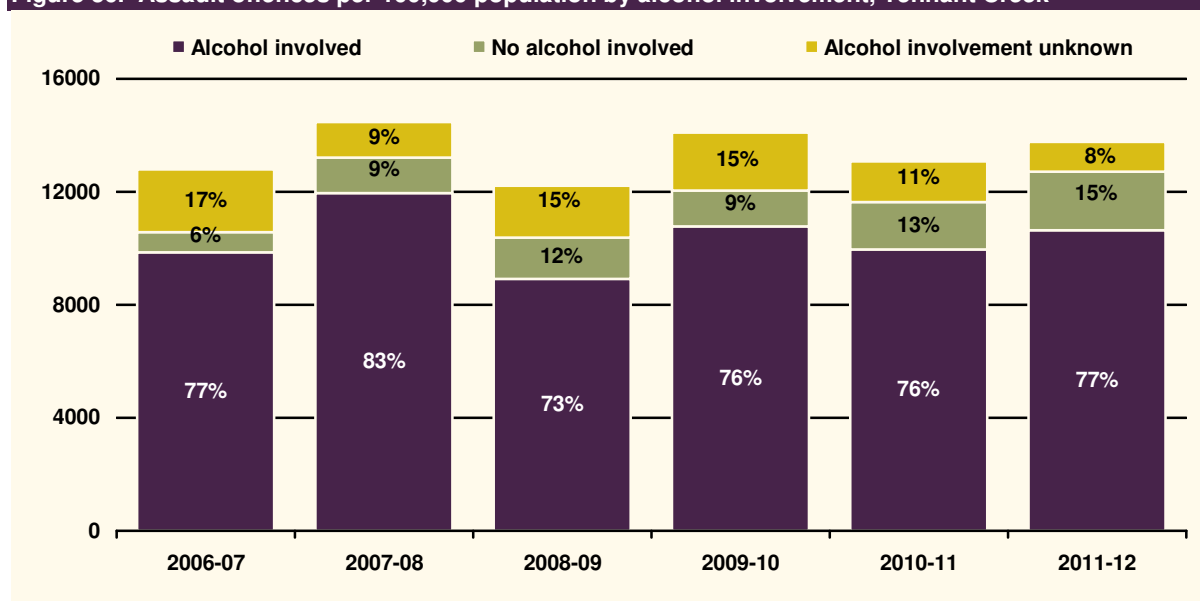
- The number of domestic violence assault victims in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 increased by 11 compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 4, Indigenous male victims increased by 13, non-Indigenous female victims were unchanged, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 5.
- Tennant Creek had 9 fewer sexual assault victims in 2011-12 than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 5, the number of Indigenous male victims was unchanged, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 3, and non-Indigenous male victims decreased by 1.
- See Table 83 to Table 89.

³¹ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

8.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in Tennant Creek was 14,509 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 327% greater than the overall Territory rate. This was 1% greater than in 2010-11 and 4% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in Tennant Creek was 13,770 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 364% greater than the overall Territory rate. The Tennant Creek assault rate was 5% greater than in 2010-11 and 8% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 10,640 offences per 100,000 population, 507% greater than the overall Territory rate. This rate was 7% greater than in 2010-11 and 8% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 77% of assaults in Tennant Creek in 2011-12. Figure 56 shows the rate of assault offences in Tennant Creek by alcohol involvement³².

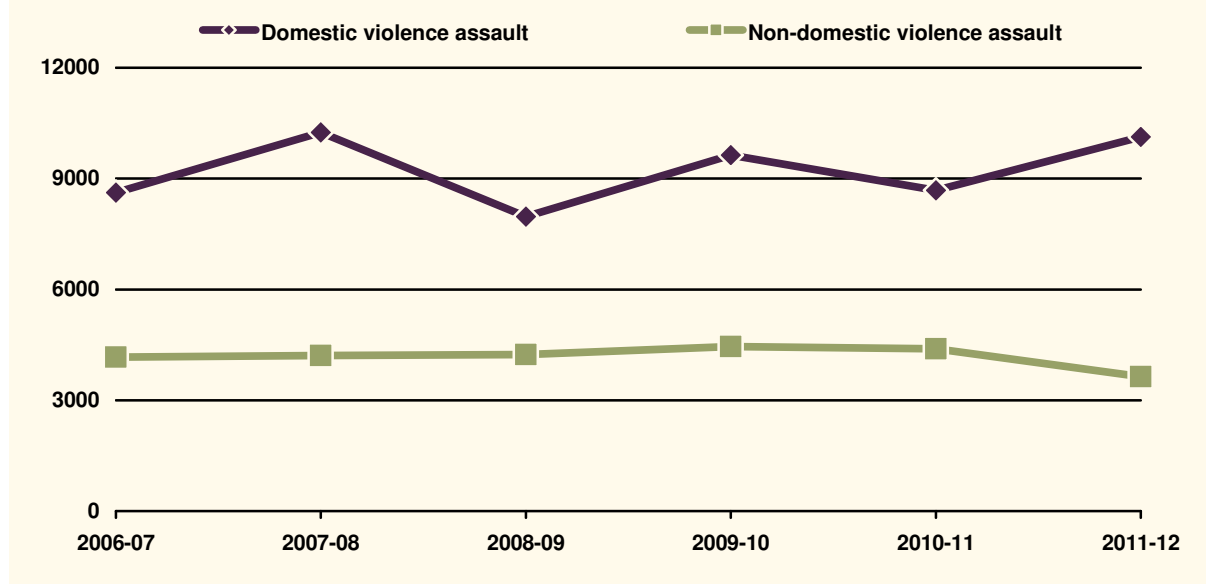
Figure 56. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, Tennant Creek



³² Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

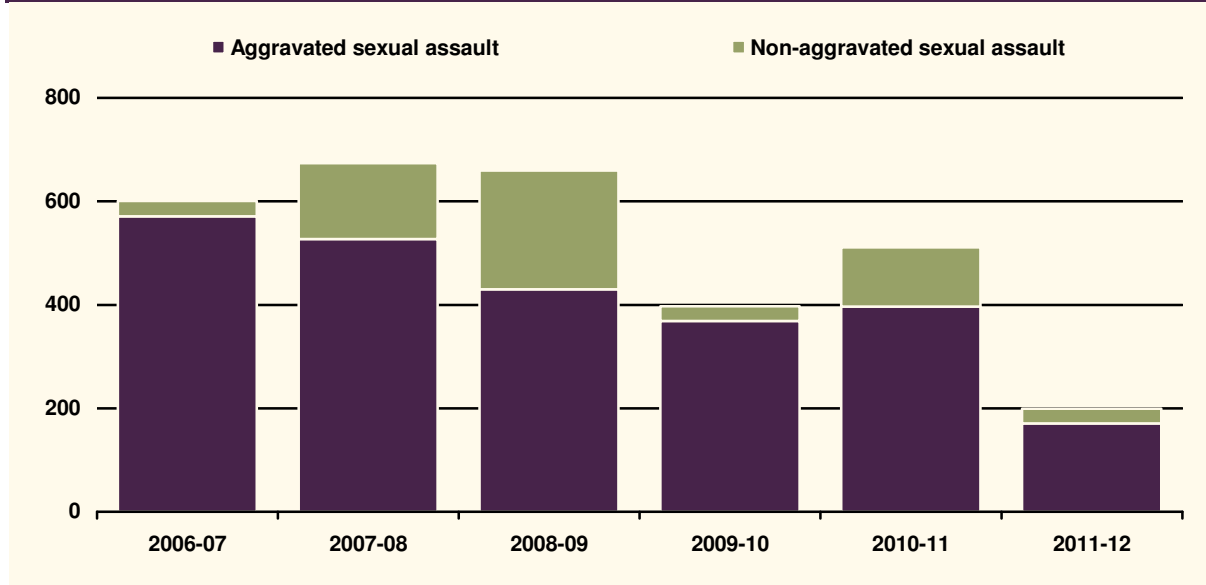
- The rate of domestic violence assault was 10,128 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 500% greater than the overall Territory rate. The rate of domestic violence assaults was 17% greater than in 2010-11 and 18% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 74% of assaults in Tennant Creek in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 79% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 57 shows the rate of assault offences in Tennant Creek by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 57. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, Tennant Creek



- The rate of sexual assault offences in Tennant Creek was 199 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 76% greater than the overall Territory rate. This was 61% less than in 2010-11 and 67% less than in 2006-07. Figure 58 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in Tennant Creek.

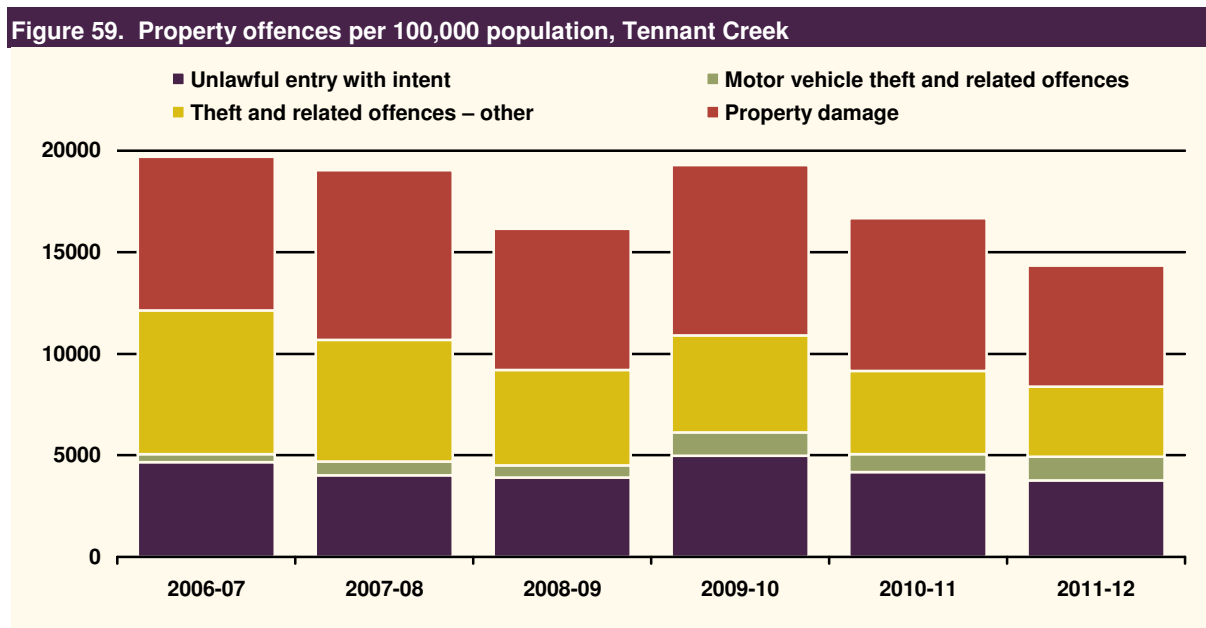
Figure 58. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, Tennant Creek



- See Table 90 to Table 93.

8.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The rate of property crime in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 14,339 offences per 100,000 population, or over 14 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 14 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 14% less than in 2010-11 and 27% less than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek property offence rate in 2011-12 was 56% greater than the overall Territory rate. Figure 59 shows the offence rate by major category of property crime in Tennant Creek.

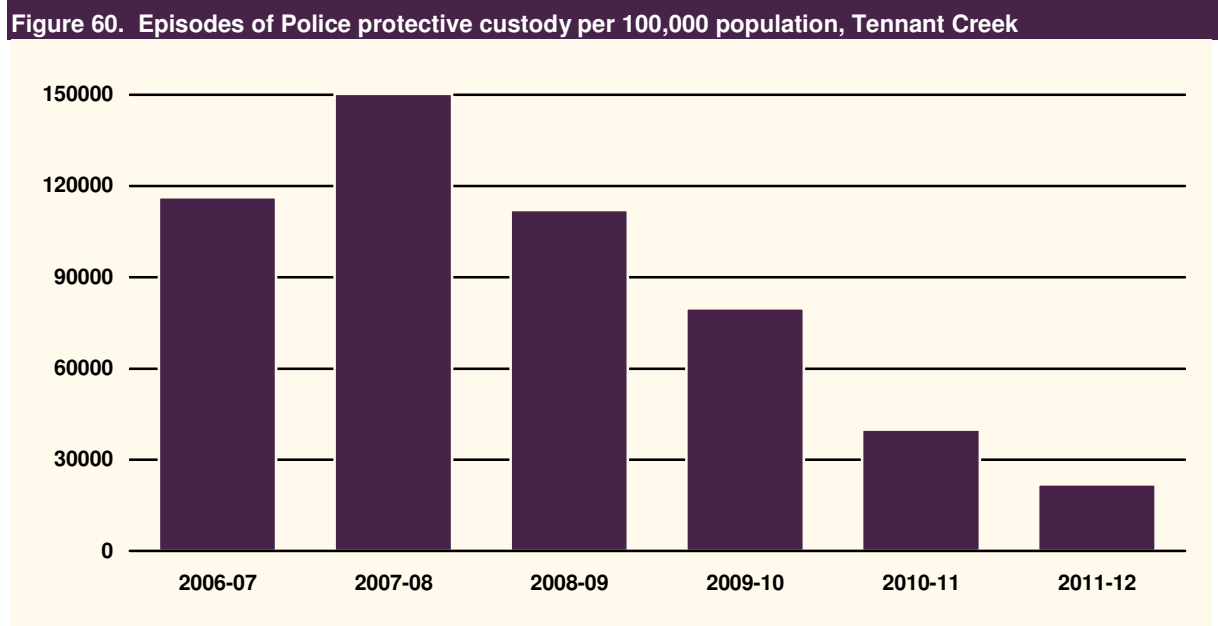


- The rate of actual house break-ins in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 1,223 offences per 100,000 population. This was 6% less than in 2010-11 and 25% less than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 55% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 2,276 offences per 100,000 population. This was 1% less than in 2010-11 but 7% greater than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 220% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 1,166 offences per 100,000 population. This was 33% greater than in 2010-11 and almost 3 times (199% greater than) the rate in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 13% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 3,471 offences per 100,000 population. This was 16% less than in 2010-11 and 51% less than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek theft rate in 2011-12 was 11% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of property damage offences in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 5,946 per 100,000 population. This was 21% less than in 2010-11 and 21% less than in 2006-07. The Tennant Creek property damage rate in 2011-12 was 82% greater than the overall Territory rate.

- See Table 94 and Table 95.

8.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

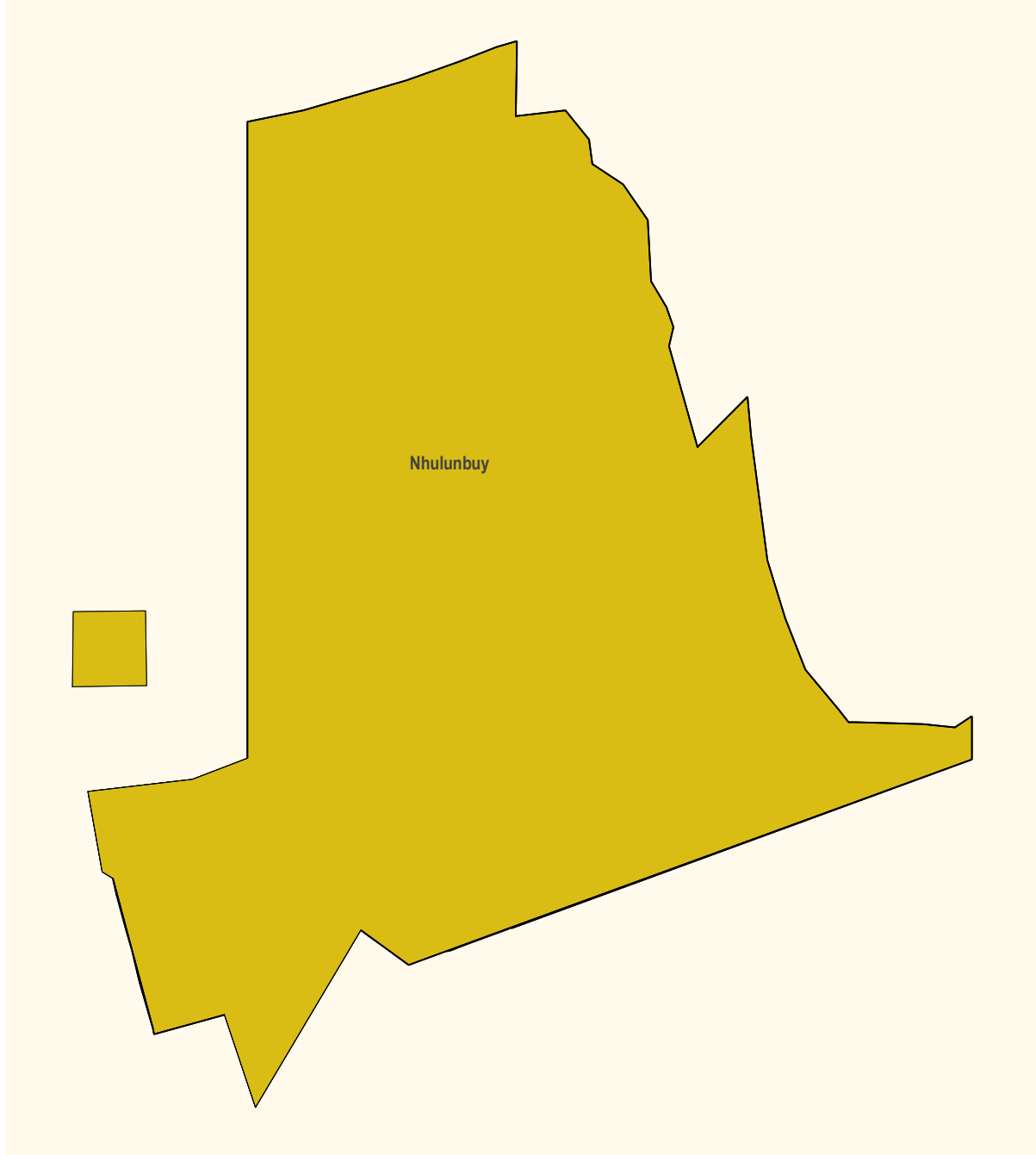
- The Police protective custody rate in Tennant Creek in 2011-12 was 21,963 episodes per 100,000 population, 154% greater than the overall Territory rate. The Tennant Creek rate in 2011-12 was 45% less than in 2010-11 and 81% less than in 2006-07. Figure 60 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in Tennant Creek.



- See Table 96.

9 NHULUNBUY

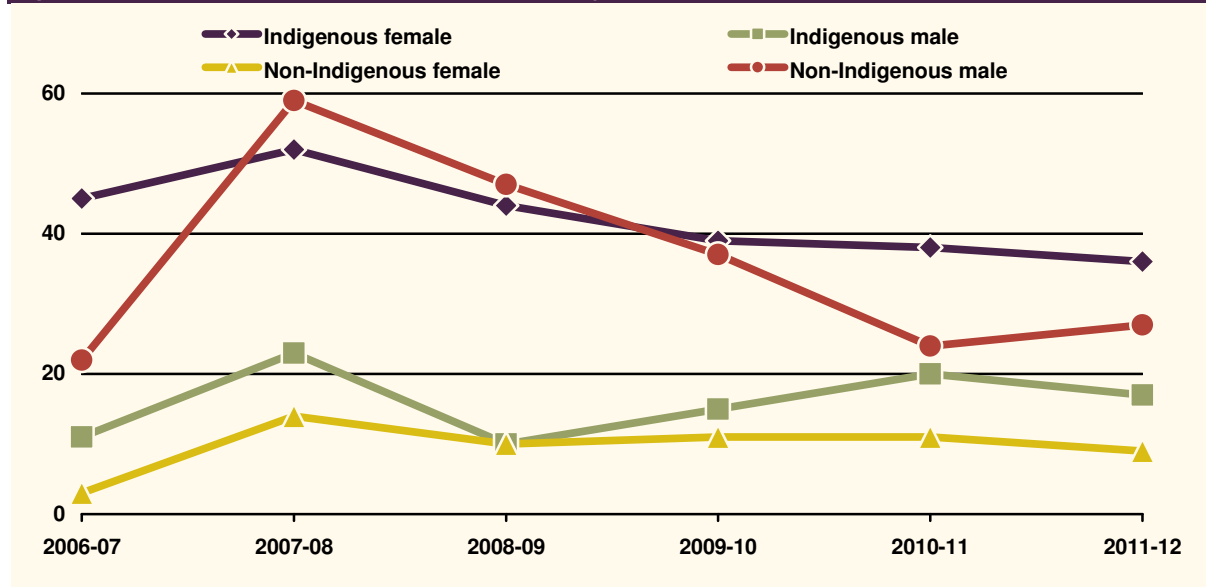
Figure 61. Area included in the Nhulunbuy urban centre statistics



9.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- There were no victims of homicide-related offences in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12. The two victims recorded in 2010-11 were the only victims of these offences in the six-year reporting period.
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 39% of assault victims in Nhulunbuy, followed by non-Indigenous males at 29%. Indigenous males made up 18% and non-Indigenous females made up 10%³³.
- The total number of assault victims in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 decreased by 2% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 5%, Indigenous male victims decreased by 15%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 18%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 13%. Figure 62 shows the number of victims of assault in Nhulunbuy³⁴.

Figure 62. Number of victims of assault, Nhulunbuy



- The number of domestic violence assault victims in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 decreased by 3 compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 1, Indigenous male victims decreased by 4, non-Indigenous female victims increased by 1, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 1.
- Nhulunbuy had no recorded victims of sexual assault in 2011-12, down from 6 victims in 2010-11.
- See Table 97 to Table 103.

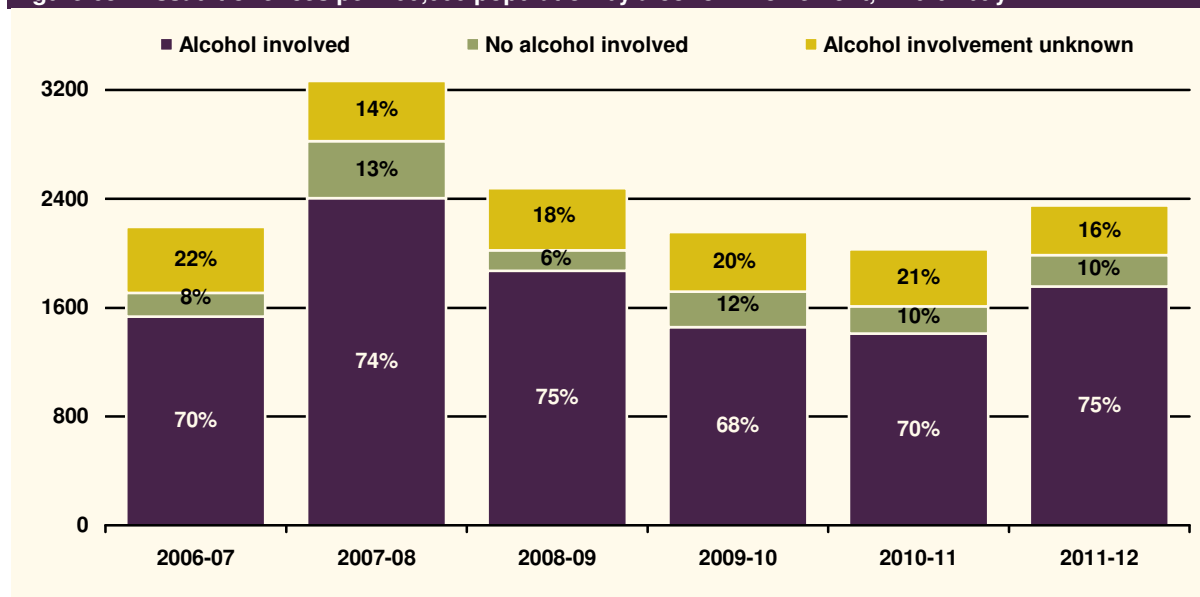
³³ Data for Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the demographic groups may not sum to the total.

³⁴ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

9.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in Nhulunbuy was 2,441 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 28% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 1% greater than in 2010-11 but 3% less than in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in Nhulunbuy was 2,350 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 21% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Nhulunbuy was 16% greater than in 2010-11 and 7% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 1,757 offences per 100,000 population, nearly the same as the overall Territory rate. This rate was 24% greater than in 2010-11 and 14% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 75% of assaults in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12. Figure 63 shows the rate of assault offences in Nhulunbuy by alcohol involvement³⁵.

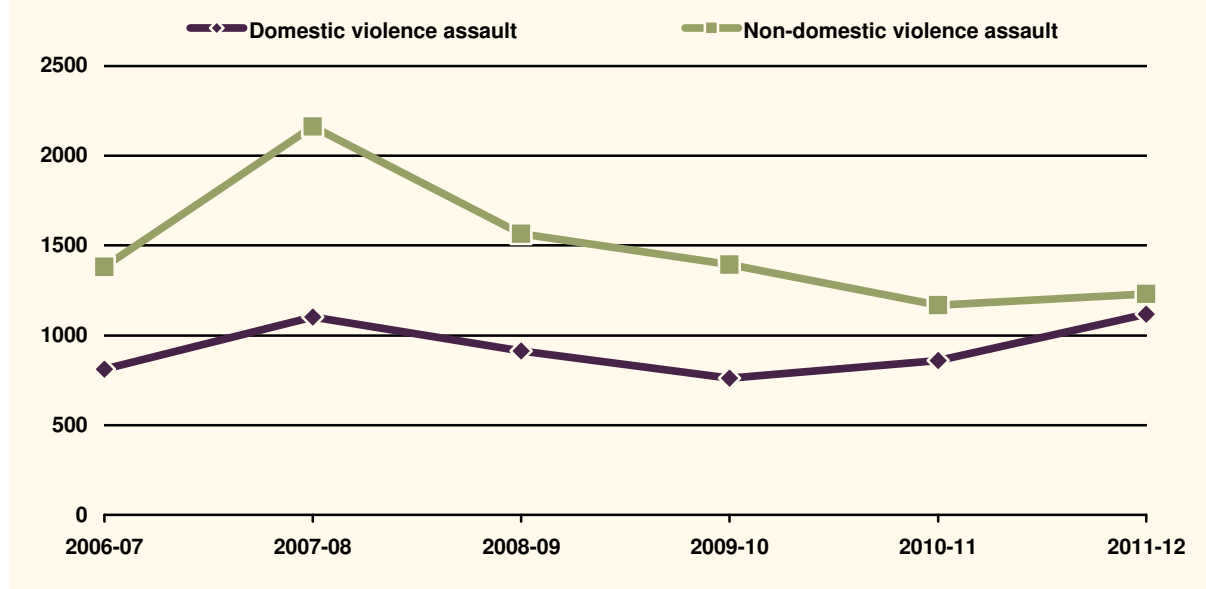
Figure 63. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, Nhulunbuy



³⁵ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

- The rate of domestic violence assault was 1,118 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 34% less than the overall Territory rate. The rate of domestic violence assaults was 30% greater than in 2010-11 and 38% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 48% of assaults in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 86% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 64 shows the rate of assault offences in Nhulunbuy by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 64. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, Nhulunbuy



- There were no sexual assault offences in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12. Over the last several years, the rate of sexual assault offences in Nhulunbuy has dropped substantially, as seen for the Territory as a whole. Figure 21 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in Nhulunbuy.

Figure 65. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, Nhulunbuy

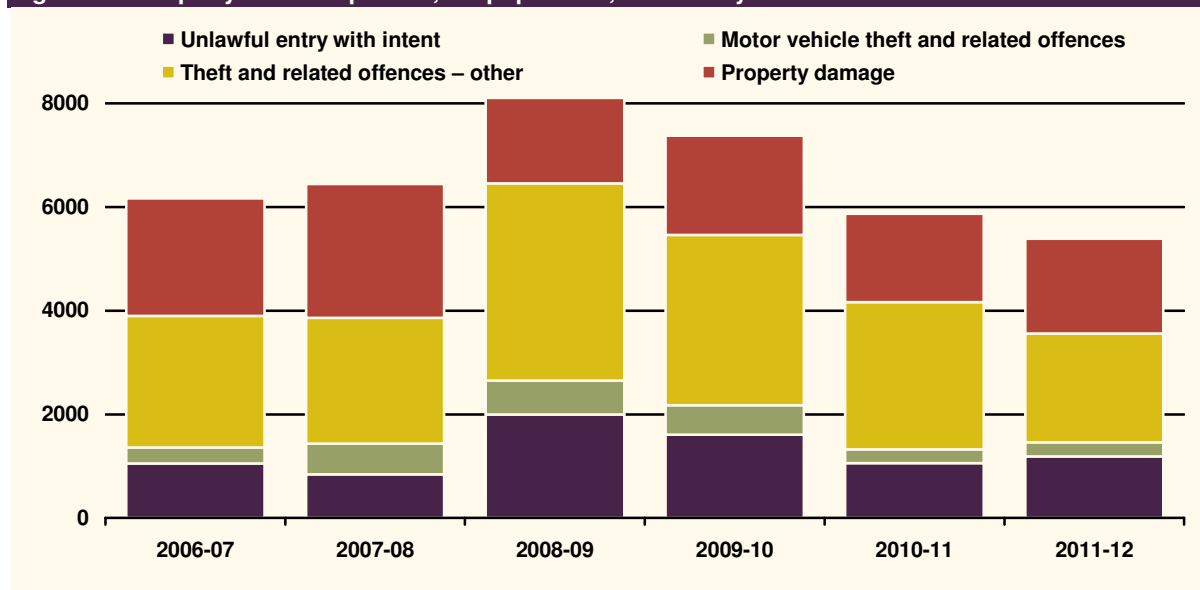


- See Table 104 to Table 107.

9.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- The rate of property crime in Nhulunbuy has decreased steadily for the last several years, and was 5,384 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, or over 5 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 5 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 8% less than in 2010-11 and 13% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy property offence rate in 2011-12 was 41% less than the overall Territory rate. Figure 66 shows the offence rate for major categories of property crime in Nhulunbuy.

Figure 66. Property offences per 100,000 population, Nhulunbuy

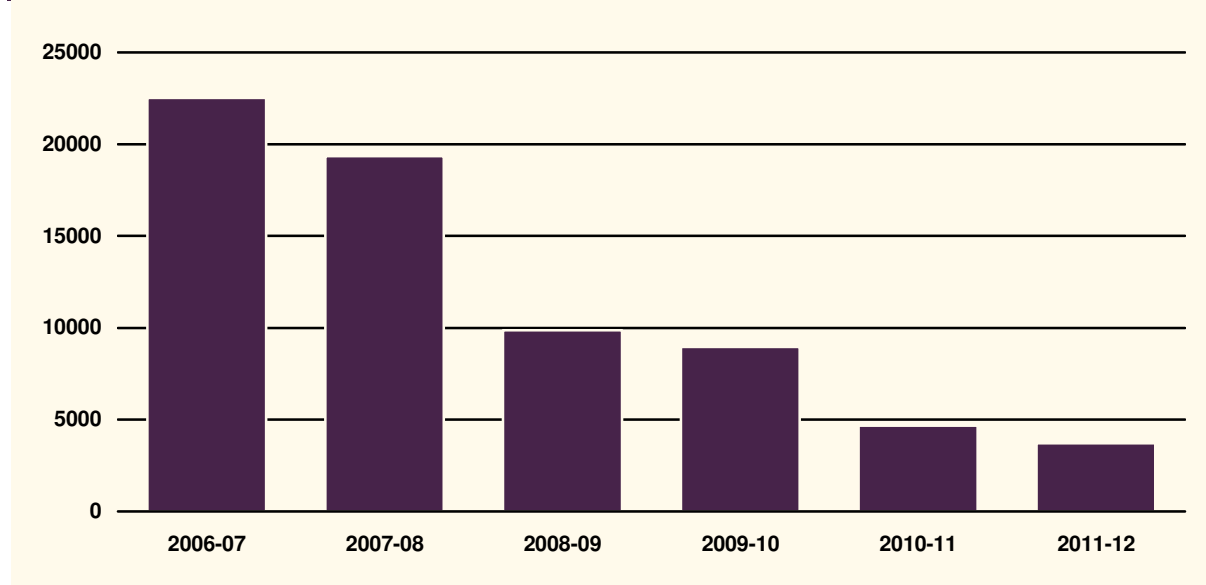


- The rate of actual house break-ins in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 274 offences per 100,000 population. This was 41% less than in 2010-11 and 22% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 65% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 821 offences per 100,000 population. This was 107% greater than in 2010-11 and 34% greater than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 16% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 274 offences per 100,000 population. This was 3% greater than in 2010-11 but 11% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 74% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 2,099 offences per 100,000 population. This was 26% less than in 2010-11 and 18% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy theft rate in 2011-12 was 33% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of property damage offences in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 1,825 per 100,000 population. This was 7% greater than in 2010-11 but 19% less than in 2006-07. The Nhulunbuy property damage rate in 2011-12 was 44% less than the overall Territory rate.
- See Table 108 and Table 109.

9.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The Police protective custody rate in Nhulunbuy in 2011-12 was 3,719 episodes per 100,000 population, 57% less than the overall Territory rate. The Nhulunbuy rate in 2011-12 was 20% less than in 2010-11 and 83% less than in 2006-07. Figure 67 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in Nhulunbuy.

Figure 67. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population, Nhulunbuy

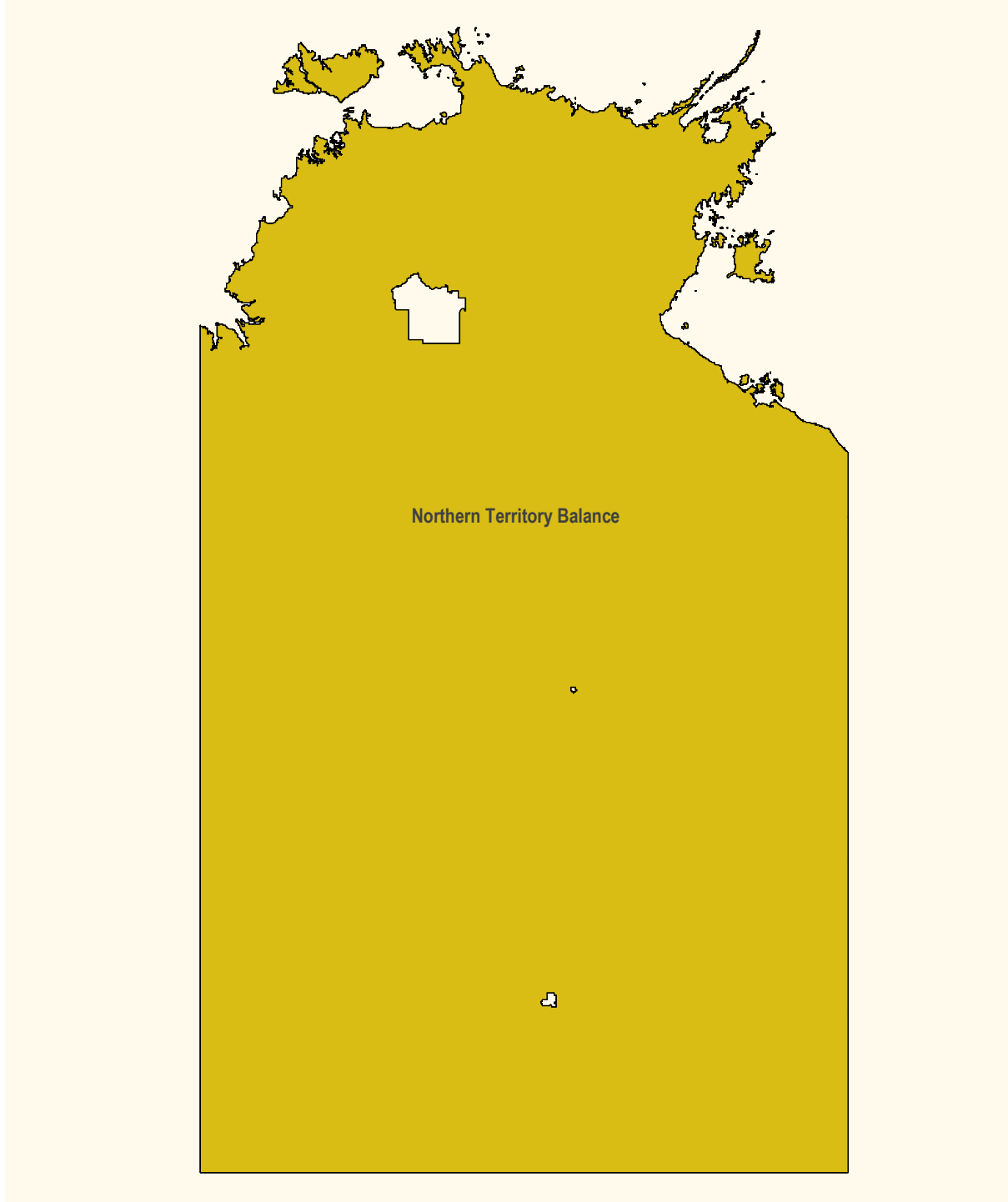


- See Table 110.

10 NORTHERN TERRITORY BALANCE

The Northern Territory Balance is the area of the Northern Territory that lies outside of the six urban centres of Darwin, Palmerston, Alice Springs, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Nhulunbuy.

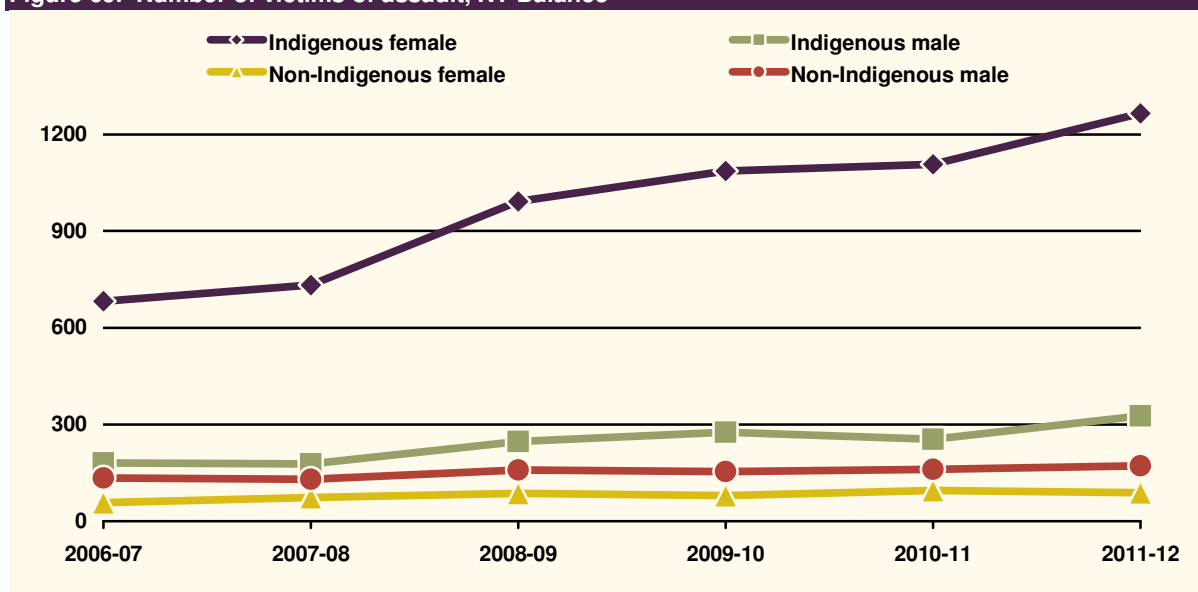
Figure 68. Area included in the Northern Territory Balance statistics



10.1 VICTIMS OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The number of victims of homicide and related offences in the Northern Territory Balance decreased from 5 victims in 2010-11 to 3 in 2011-12. All three victims were non-Indigenous males.
- In 2011-12, Indigenous females made up 67% of assault victims in the Northern Territory Balance, followed by Indigenous males at 17%. Non-Indigenous males made up 9% and non-Indigenous females made up 5%³⁶.
- The total number of assault victims in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 increased by 14% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 14%, Indigenous male victims increased by 29%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 7%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 7%. Figure 69 shows the number of victims of assault in the Northern Territory Balance³⁷.

Figure 69. Number of victims of assault, NT Balance



- The number of domestic violence assault victims in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 increased by 16% compared with 2010-11. Indigenous female victims increased by 15%, Indigenous male victims increased by 47%, non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 16%, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 9%.
- The Northern Territory Balance had 19 fewer sexual assault victims in 2011-12 than in 2010-11. Indigenous female victims decreased by 15, while the number of Indigenous male victims was unchanged. Non-Indigenous female victims decreased by 5, and non-Indigenous male victims increased by 1.
- See Table 111 to Table 117.

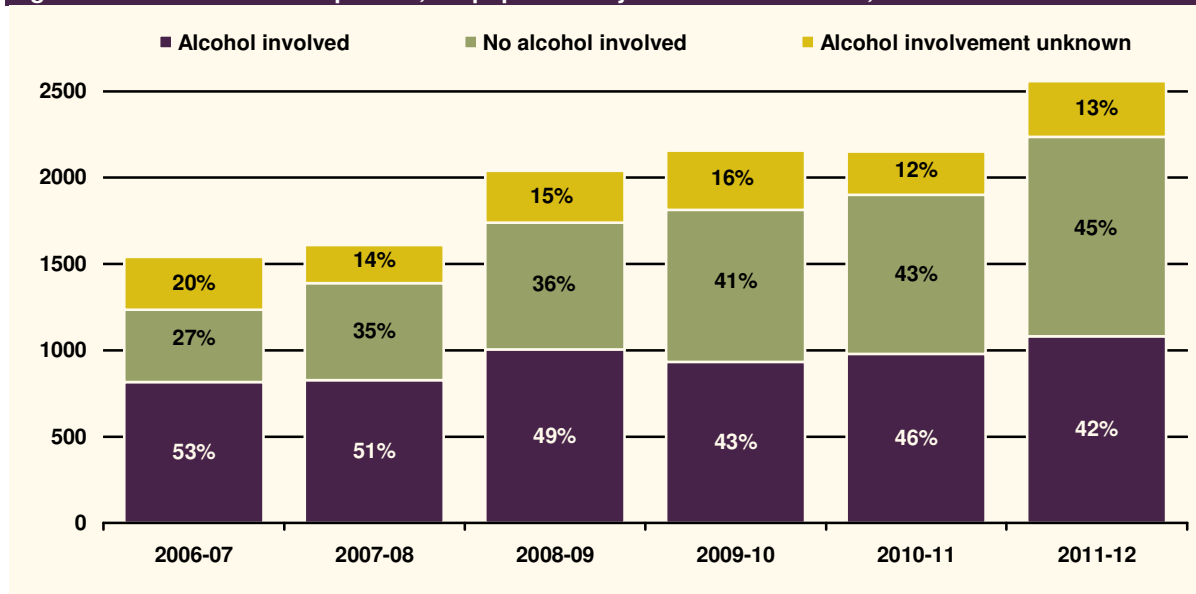
³⁶ Data for Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the demographic groups may not sum to the total.

³⁷ Victims for which sex and/or Indigenous status was not recorded are not shown in the figure, but are included in the tables at the end.

10.2 RATE OF OFFENCES AGAINST THE PERSON

- The rate of offences against the person in the Northern Territory Balance was 2,911 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 14% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 16% greater than in 2010-11 and 54% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of assault offences in the Northern Territory Balance was 2,558 per 100,000 population in 2011-12. This was 14% less than the overall Territory rate. The assault rate in Northern Territory Balance was 19% greater than in 2010-11 and 66% greater than in 2006-07.
- The rate of alcohol-related assault was 1,082 offences per 100,000 population, 38% less than the overall Territory rate. This rate was 10% greater than in 2010-11 and 33% greater than in 2006-07. Alcohol was involved in 42% of assaults in Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12.
- The main component of the increase in assaults in the Northern Territory Balance has been the rise of non-alcohol related assaults. The rate of these assaults in 2011-12 was 26% greater than in 2010-11 and 175% greater than in 2006-07. Figure 70 shows the rate of assault offences in the Northern Territory Balance by alcohol involvement³⁸.

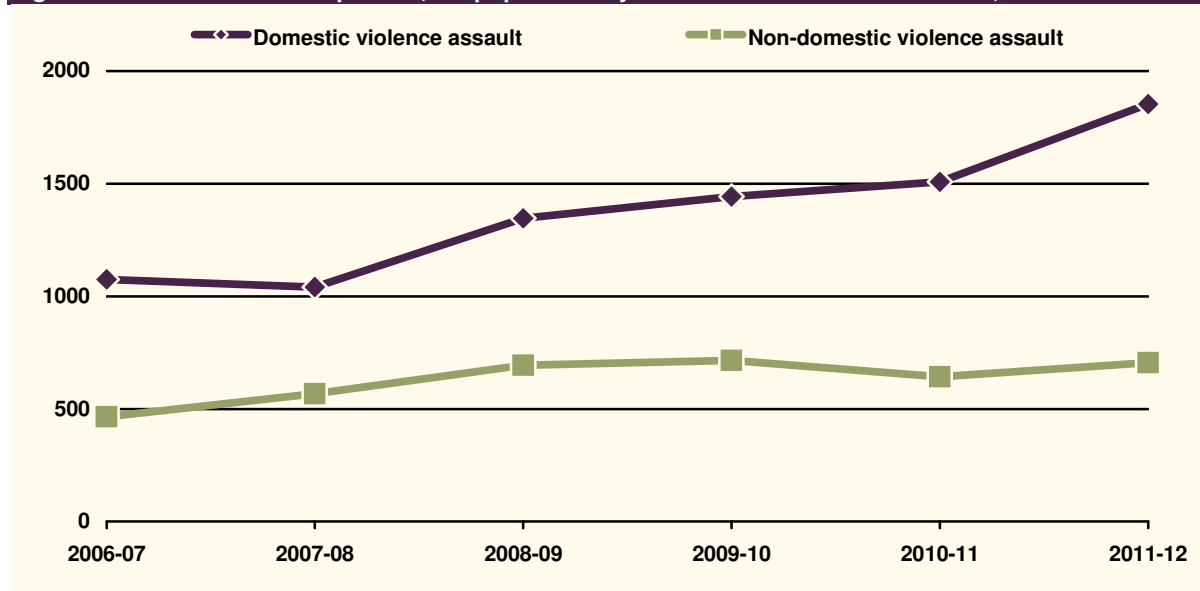
Figure 70. Assault offences per 100,000 population by alcohol involvement, NT Balance



³⁸ Percentages may not sum to 100% because of rounding.

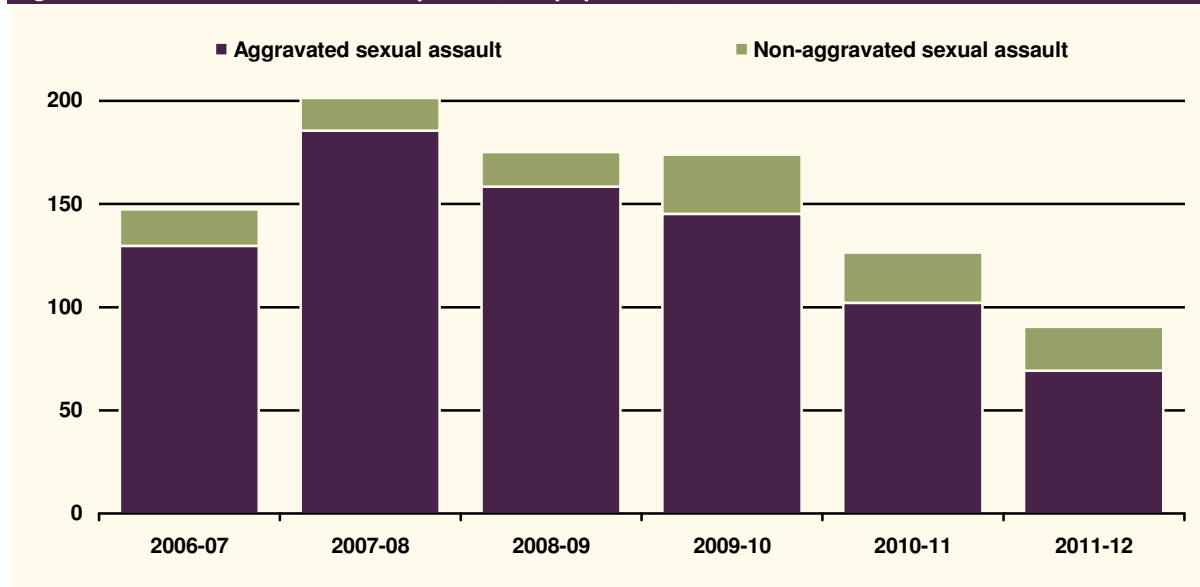
- The rate of domestic violence assault was 1,853 offences per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 10% greater than the overall Territory rate. The rate of domestic violence assaults was 23% greater than in 2010-11 and 72% greater than in 2006-07. Domestic violence was involved in 72% of assaults in Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12, and alcohol was involved in 45% of the domestic violence assaults. Figure 71 shows the rate of assault offences in the Northern Territory Balance by domestic violence involvement.

Figure 71. Assault offences per 100,000 population by domestic violence involvement, NT Balance



- The rate of sexual assault offences in the Northern Territory Balance was 90 per 100,000 population in 2011-12, 20% less than the overall Territory rate. This was 28% less than in 2010-11, and 39% less than in 2006-07. Figure 21 shows the rate of sexual assault offences in the Northern Territory Balance.

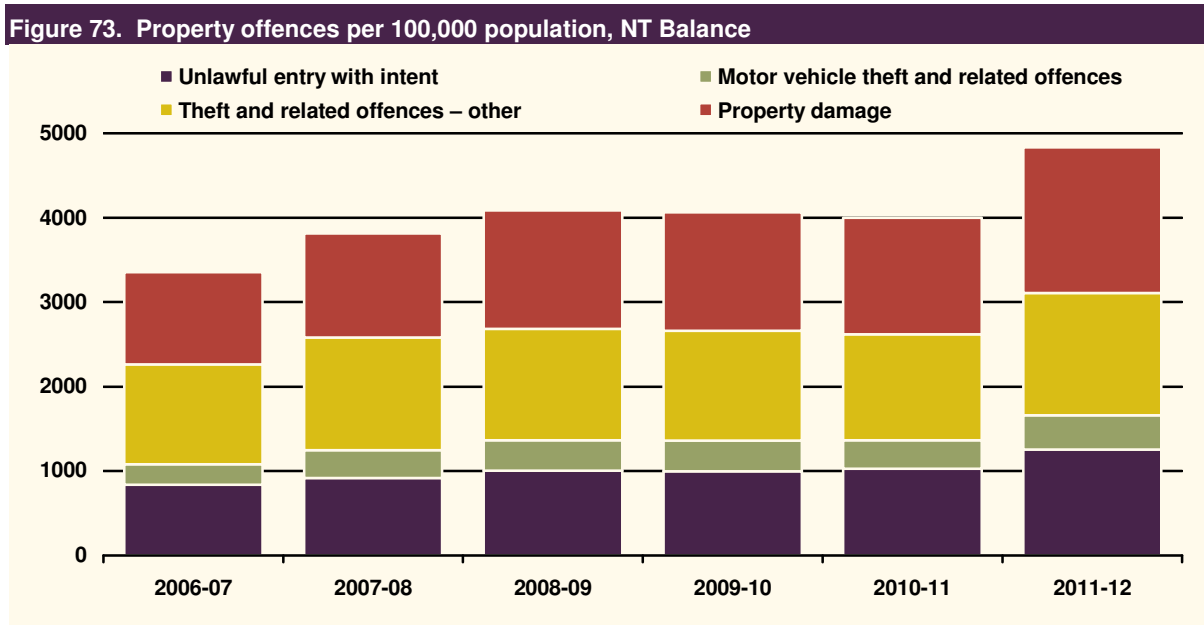
Figure 72. Sexual assault offences per 100,000 population, NT Balance



- See Table 118 to Table 121.

10.3 RATE OF PROPERTY OFFENCES

- After three years of stable rates, the property crime rate in the Northern Territory Balance rose by 21% between 2010-11 and 2011-12, to a rate of 4,832 offences per 100,000 population, or almost 5 offences per 100 persons. As several property offences may occur in a single incident and apply to one or more persons, this rate should not be interpreted as 5 percent of people experiencing property crime. This rate was 44% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance property offence rate in 2011-12 was 47% less than the overall Territory rate. Figure 73 shows the offence rate for major categories of property crime in the Northern Territory Balance.



- The rate of actual house break-ins in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 383 offences per 100,000 population. This was 35% greater than in 2010-11 and 15% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance actual house break-in rate in 2011-12 was 51% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of actual commercial break-ins in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 732 offences per 100,000 population. This was 22% greater than in 2010-11 and 81% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance actual commercial break-in rate in 2011-12 was 3% greater than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of motor vehicle theft and related offences in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 403 offences per 100,000 population. This was 19% greater than in 2010-11 and 66% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance motor vehicle theft and related offence rate in 2011-12 was 61% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft (other than motor vehicle theft) in Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 1,447 offences per 100,000 population. This was 15% greater than in 2010-11 and 22% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance theft rate in 2011-12 was 54% less than the overall Territory rate.
- The rate of theft from retail premises in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 101 offences per 100,000 population. This was 11% less than in 2010-11 but 243% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance theft from retail

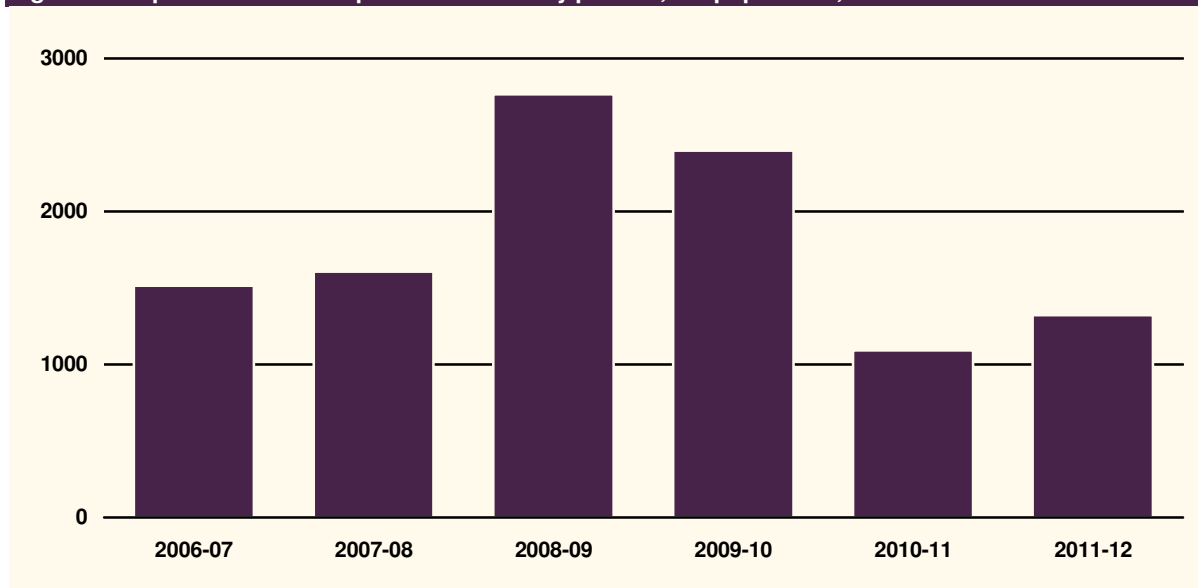
premises rate in 2011-12 was 77% less than the overall Territory rate. Theft from retail premises is included in the overall theft rate (above).

- The rate of property damage offences in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 1,724 per 100,000 population. This was 25% greater than in 2010-11 and 58% greater than in 2006-07. The Northern Territory Balance property damage rate in 2011-12 was 47% less than the overall Territory rate.
- See Table 122 and Table 123.

10.4 RATE OF POLICE PROTECTIVE CUSTODY EPISODES

- The Police protective custody rate in the Northern Territory Balance in 2011-12 was 1,324 episodes per 100,000 population, 85% less than the overall Territory rate. The Northern Territory Balance rate in 2011-12 was 21% greater than in 2010-11 and 13% less than in 2006-07. Figure 74 shows the rate of Police protective custody episodes by year in the Northern Territory Balance.

Figure 74. Episodes of Police protective custody per 100,000 population, NT Balance



- See Table 124.

11 DATA TABLES

In the following tables, the percent change columns refer to the change from 2010-11 to 2011-12. The term “n.e.c.” indicates “not elsewhere classified”. A new version of the PROMIS Case Management module was implemented on 30 April 2007. This new version allows officers to link victims and offenders to offences. Prior to that time, the system did not enforce mandatory recording of victim and offender details in the case, and counting issues arose if a case involved multiple offenders and/or offences. As a consequence, victim data for 2006-07 may not be entirely comparable with the data from subsequent years.

Offences have been categorised according to the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification (ANZSOC) 2011*³⁹, which differs in some respects from the categorisation used in the previous *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime & Justice Statistics* publications. See the Supplementary Notes section 12.2, page 137, for details of how the categorisations differ. Prior to the introduction of the new PROMIS system, certain offences were not classed as offences against the person under the 1997 Australia Standard Offence Classification but are now re-classified as offences against the person under the 2011 Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classifications. Victim data prior to 2007-08 for these offence categories are not available (shown as “n/a” in the tables).

11.1 NORTHERN TERRITORY

Table 1. Victims of offences against the person

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	23	21	24	32	15	19	26.7%
Murder	14	11	14	9	11	17	54.5%
Attempted murder	5	3	9	16	3	1	-66.7%
Manslaughter	4	7	0	6	0	1	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	1	1	1	0	-100.0%
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	4,700	5,289	6,022	6,748	6,818	7,017	2.9%
Assault	4,696	5,257	6,009	6,730	6,786	6,983	2.9%
Stalking	1	28	10	18	26	26	0.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	4	3	0	6	8	33.3%
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	443	401	374	383	294	-23.2%
Aggravated sexual assault	263	355	301	281	266	174	-34.6%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	67	66	77	72	91	80	-12.1%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	19	2	2	5	1	1	0.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	20	21	16	25	39	56.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	78	67	79	86	96	11.6%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	373	427	514	446	436	-2.2%
Abduction and kidnapping	2	2	3	1	3	2	-33.3%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	38	53	50	48	47	-2.1%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	74	59	92	69	52	-24.6%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	259	312	371	326	335	2.8%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	126	112	120	113	115	120	4.3%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons (see Table 25. Traffic offences). As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

³⁹ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011, *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Categorisation (ANZSOC)*, cat. no. 1234.0. <http://abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/mf/1234.0/>

Table 2. Victim rate, offences against the person

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	10.9	9.8	10.9	14.1	6.5	8.2	26.1%
Murder	6.6	5.1	6.3	4.0	4.8	7.3	53.9%
Attempted murder	2.4	1.4	4.1	7.1	1.3	0.4	-66.8%
Manslaughter	1.9	3.3	0.0	2.6	0.0	0.4	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	2,231.4	2,459.8	2,725.7	2,974.8	2,960.3	3,033.3	2.5%
Assault	2,229.5	2,444.9	2,719.8	2,966.8	2,946.4	3,018.6	2.5%
Stalking	0.5	13.0	4.5	7.9	11.3	11.2	-0.4%
Other acts intended to cause injury	1.4	1.9	1.4	0.0	2.6	3.5	32.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	206.0	181.5	164.9	166.3	127.1	-23.6%
Aggravated sexual assault	124.9	165.1	136.2	123.9	115.5	75.2	-34.9%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	31.8	30.7	34.9	31.7	39.5	34.6	-12.5%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	9.0	0.9	0.9	2.2	0.4	0.4	-0.4%
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	9.3	9.5	7.1	10.9	16.9	55.3%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	36.3	30.3	34.8	37.3	41.5	11.1%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	173.5	193.3	226.6	193.6	188.5	-2.7%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.9	0.9	1.4	0.4	1.3	0.9	-33.6%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	17.7	24.0	22.0	20.8	20.3	-2.5%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	34.4	26.7	40.6	30.0	22.5	-25.0%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	120.5	141.2	163.6	141.5	144.8	2.3%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	59.8	52.1	54.3	49.8	49.9	51.9	3.9%

Table 3. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	20	15	14	11	12	8	-33.3%
Acts intended to cause injury	2,812	3,123	3,712	4,389	4,498	4,659	3.6%
Assault	2,812	3,123	3,711	4,381	4,494	4,653	3.5%
Stalking	0	0	1	8	4	4	0.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	199	199	179	166	113	-31.9%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	30	23	29	29	40	37.9%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	103	120	136	114	110	-3.5%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	17	9	6	9	10	13	30.0%
Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	3	4	10	21	2	11	450.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	1,327	1,829	1,894	1,891	1,932	1,935	0.2%
Assault	1,323	1,801	1,885	1,881	1,905	1,915	0.5%
Stalking	1	24	7	10	21	18	-14.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	4	2	0	6	2	-66.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	176	151	158	182	144	-20.9%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	42	34	28	32	37	15.6%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	184	208	221	198	216	9.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	82	92	94	89	84	93	10.7%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 4. Victim rate, offences against the person by Indigenous status

Indigenous victims per 100,000 Indigenous population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	31.2	23.1	21.2	16.4	17.7	11.6	-34.3%
Acts intended to cause injury	4,393.4	4,808.4	5,631.9	6,561.6	6,625.9	6,761.9	2.1%
Assault	4,393.4	4,808.4	5,630.4	6,549.7	6,620.0	6,753.2	2.0%
Stalking	0.0	0.0	1.5	12.0	5.9	5.8	-1.5%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	306.4	301.9	267.6	244.5	164.0	-32.9%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	46.2	34.9	43.4	42.7	58.1	35.9%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	158.6	182.1	203.3	167.9	159.6	-4.9%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	26.6	13.9	9.1	13.5	14.7	18.9	28.1%
Non-Indigenous victims per 100,000 non-Indigenous population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2.0	2.7	6.5	13.1	1.2	6.8	450.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	905.0	1218.7	1221.7	1182.2	1189.4	1191.3	0.2%
Assault	902.3	1,200.1	1,215.9	1,176.0	1,172.8	1,179.0	0.5%
Stalking	0.7	16.0	4.5	6.3	12.9	11.1	-14.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	2.0	2.7	1.3	0.0	3.7	1.2	-66.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	117.3	97.4	98.8	112.0	88.7	-20.9%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	28.0	21.9	17.5	19.7	22.8	15.6%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	122.6	134.2	138.2	121.9	133.0	9.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	55.9	61.3	60.6	55.6	51.7	57.3	10.7%

Note: Victims for whom Indigenous status was not recorded are not included in the rates above.

Table 5. Victims of offences against the person by sex

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	11	11	12	23	10	13	30.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	1,670	2,100	2,385	2,504	2,461	2,478	0.7%
Assault	1,670	2,094	2,382	2,502	2,454	2,473	0.8%
Stalking	0	4	2	2	6	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	2	1	0	1	5	400.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	46	34	42	23	25	8.7%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	39	35	35	42	38	-9.5%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	129	144	159	142	150	5.6%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	71	78	84	79	73	74	1.4%
Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	12	10	12	9	5	6	20.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	2,976	3,186	3,624	4,183	4,313	4,457	3.3%
Assault	2,972	3,160	3,614	4,167	4,288	4,428	3.3%
Stalking	1	24	8	16	20	26	30.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	2	2	0	5	3	-40.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	384	353	320	347	250	-28.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	37	23	27	27	44	63.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	188	237	255	207	215	3.9%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	49	34	33	28	31	34	9.7%

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 6. Victim rate, offences against the person by sex

Male victims per 100,000 male population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	10.1	9.8	10.4	19.4	8.3	10.7	29.3%
Acts intended to cause injury	1,527.7	1,879.5	2,067.8	2,108.5	2,037.3	2,039.8	0.1%
Assault	1,527.7	1,874.1	2,065.2	2,106.8	2,031.5	2,035.7	0.2%
Stalking	0.0	3.6	1.7	1.7	5.0	0.0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	1.8	0.9	0.0	0.8	4.1	397.2%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	41.2	29.5	35.4	19.0	20.6	8.1%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	34.9	30.3	29.5	34.8	31.3	-10.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	115.5	124.8	133.9	117.6	123.5	5.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	64.9	69.8	72.8	66.5	60.4	60.9	0.8%
Female victims per 100,000 female population							
Homicide and related offences	11.8	9.7	11.4	8.3	4.6	5.5	19.6%
Acts intended to cause injury	2,937.5	3,084.6	3,432.0	3,870.1	3,938.2	4,057.4	3.0%
Assault	2,933.5	3,059.4	3,422.6	3,855.3	3,915.4	4,031.0	3.0%
Stalking	1.0	23.2	7.6	14.8	18.3	23.7	29.6%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3.0	1.9	1.9	0.0	4.6	2.7	-40.2%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	371.8	334.3	296.1	316.8	227.6	-28.2%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	35.8	21.8	25.0	24.7	40.1	62.5%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	182.0	224.4	235.9	189.0	195.7	3.6%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	48.4	32.9	31.3	25.9	28.3	31.0	9.3%

Note: Victims for whom sex was not recorded are not included in the rates above.

Table 7. Assault victims and victimisation rates by Indigenous status and sex

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	569	670	885	1,052	1,054	1,040	-1.3%
Indigenous female	2,242	2,453	2,826	3,329	3,440	3,613	5.0%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	855	1,227	1,268	1,237	1,233	1,248	1.2%
Non-Indigenous female	467	574	617	644	672	667	-0.7%
Non-Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	246	197	229	213	167	185	10.8%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	263	133	171	194	176	148	-15.9%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	52	3	13	61	44	82	86.4%
Total	4,696	5,257	6,009	6,730	6,786	6,983	2.9%
Assault victims per 100,000 relevant population							
Indigenous male	1,805.5	2,079.9	2,687.8	3,125.6	3,063.7	2,957.3	-3.5%
Indigenous female	6,900.4	7,493.3	8,568.1	10,017.5	10,274.2	10,710.3	4.2%
Non-Indigenous male	1,099.0	1,543.0	1,538.6	1,453.6	1,427.2	1,445.9	1.3%
Non-Indigenous female	678.6	813.6	849.7	860.4	883.8	876.3	-0.8%

Note: Victims for whom sex or Indigenous status was not recorded are not included in the rates above.

Table 8. Assault victims by age group, Indigenous status and sex, 2011-12

Number and % of victims by age group	Indigenous		Non-Indigenous				Total					
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male				
0-4	21	0.6%	36	3.5%	2	0.3%	3	0.2%	27	0.6%	41	1.7%
5-9	18	0.5%	15	1.4%	2	0.3%	13	1.0%	21	0.5%	31	1.3%
10-14	66	1.8%	47	4.5%	33	4.9%	39	3.1%	106	2.4%	94	3.8%
15-19	401	11.1%	76	7.3%	87	13.0%	92	7.4%	512	11.6%	192	7.8%
15-17	218	6.0%	47	4.5%	45	6.7%	48	3.8%	279	6.3%	108	4.4%
18-19	183	5.1%	29	2.8%	42	6.3%	44	3.5%	233	5.3%	84	3.4%
20-24	720	19.9%	117	11.3%	107	16.0%	188	15.1%	858	19.4%	333	13.5%
25-29	631	17.5%	135	13.0%	107	16.0%	190	15.2%	759	17.1%	344	13.9%
30-34	513	14.2%	138	13.3%	74	11.1%	181	14.5%	603	13.6%	337	13.6%
35-39	447	12.4%	150	14.4%	79	11.8%	123	9.9%	541	12.2%	303	12.3%
40-44	391	10.8%	118	11.3%	66	9.9%	114	9.1%	469	10.6%	251	10.1%
45-49	218	6.0%	94	9.0%	43	6.4%	90	7.2%	267	6.0%	195	7.9%
50-54	100	2.8%	60	5.8%	29	4.3%	80	6.4%	134	3.0%	151	6.1%
55-59	37	1.0%	27	2.6%	19	2.8%	54	4.3%	58	1.3%	84	3.4%
60-64	21	0.6%	14	1.3%	6	0.9%	35	2.8%	30	0.7%	51	2.1%
65+	13	0.4%	12	1.2%	8	1.2%	36	2.9%	22	0.5%	53	2.1%
Not recorded	16	0.4%	1	0.1%	5	0.7%	10	0.8%	21	0.5%	13	0.5%
Total	3,613	100.0%	1,040	100.0%	667	100.0%	1,248	100.0%	4,428	100.0%	2,473	100.0%
Average age (years)	30.5		32.7		31.4		34.4		30.6		33.5	

Notes: Totals for male and female victims include those for whom Indigenous status was not recorded. Sex was not recorded for a small number of victims. These victims are not shown in the table. The age group 15-19 was separated to show juveniles (15-17) and adults (18-19).

Table 9. Assault victimisation rate by age group, Indigenous status and sex, 2011-12

Assault victims per 100,000 relevant population	Indigenous		Non-Indigenous		Total	
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male
0-4	582.8	917.0	37.7	52.9	303.0	427.0
5-9	492.2	368.1	41.4	269.9	247.3	348.6
10-14	1,931.5	1,235.5	737.9	811.5	1,343.6	1,091.8
15-19	12,422.6	2,097.1	2,019.5	1,839.6	6,794.1	2,226.1
15-17	10,691.9	2,047.5	1,743.1	1,579.6	6,038.3	2,024.6
18-19	15,390.1	2,183.0	2,432.8	2,242.4	7,991.7	2,552.7
20-24	22,263.5	3,364.0	1,913.1	2,662.5	9,720.2	3,159.7
25-29	21,296.0	4,187.3	1,441.3	2,295.8	7,307.2	2,991.3
30-34	20,921.7	5,263.2	1,077.3	2,491.4	6,469.3	3,408.5
35-39	18,656.1	6,077.8	1,223.1	1,754.1	6,109.5	3,196.2
40-44	16,497.9	5,511.4	1,064.5	1,645.5	5,472.6	2,767.7
45-49	12,564.8	5,331.8	722.4	1,354.8	3,473.4	2,319.8
50-54	6,553.1	4,181.2	511.2	1,262.0	1,861.4	1,942.4
55-59	3,400.7	2,593.7	394.0	952.2	981.4	1,251.5
60-64	2,599.0	2,095.8	169.4	725.8	689.7	929.0
65+	1,034.2	1,336.3	171.7	600.0	371.9	768.3
Total	10,710.3	2,957.3	876.3	1,445.9	4,031.0	2,035.7

Notes: Total rates for male and female victims include those for whom Indigenous status was not recorded. Sex was not recorded for a small number of victims. These victims are not shown in the table. The age group 15-19 was separated to show juveniles (15-17) and adults (18-19).

Table 10. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims by Indigenous status and sex

Number of victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	250	295	385	476	472	563	19.3%
Indigenous female	1,875	2,053	2,217	2,644	2,774	2,962	6.8%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	119	120	117	134	126	132	4.8%
Non-Indigenous female	206	221	247	285	285	293	2.8%
Non-Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	36	15	20	36	21	18	-14.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	126	73	59	105	99	75	-24.2%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	14	0	1	0	1	3	200.0%
Total Indigenous	2,126	2,348	2,602	3,120	3,246	3,525	8.6%
Total non-Indigenous	326	341	364	419	411	425	3.4%
Total male	405	430	522	646	619	713	15.2%
Total female	2,207	2,347	2,523	3,034	3,158	3,330	5.4%
Total	2,628	2,777	3,046	3,680	3,778	4,046	7.1%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	355	451	551	705	718	661	-7.9%
Indigenous female	1,614	1,698	1,859	2,174	2,276	2,364	3.9%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	406	658	699	675	670	664	-0.9%
Non-Indigenous female	192	251	269	292	283	286	1.1%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	101	52	78	81	68	56	-17.6%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	120	59	56	82	83	59	-28.9%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	20	3	3	21	22	35	59.1%
Total Indigenous	1,970	2,149	2,410	2,879	2,994	3,025	1.0%
Total non-Indigenous	598	909	968	967	953	950	-0.3%
Total male	862	1,161	1,328	1,461	1,456	1,381	-5.2%
Total female	1,926	2,008	2,184	2,548	2,642	2,709	2.5%
Total	2,809	3,172	3,515	4,030	4,120	4,125	0.1%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	182	211	260	345	339	375	10.6%
Indigenous female	1,391	1,475	1,521	1,806	1,888	1,986	5.2%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	68	65	70	80	69	70	1.4%
Non-Indigenous female	101	98	132	149	138	148	7.2%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	16	1	11	16	16	10	-37.5%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	63	40	36	63	54	35	-35.2%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	4	0	1	0	1	1	0.0%
Total Indigenous	1,574	1,686	1,781	2,151	2,227	2,361	6.0%
Total non-Indigenous	169	163	202	229	207	218	5.3%
Total male	266	277	341	441	424	455	7.3%
Total female	1,555	1,613	1,689	2,018	2,080	2,169	4.3%
Total	1,826	1,890	2,031	2,459	2,505	2,625	4.8%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 11. Rate of domestic violence and alcohol-related assault by Indigenous status and sex

Victims per 100,000 relevant population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	793.3	915.8	1,169.3	1,414.3	1,372.0	1,600.9	16.7%
Indigenous female	5,770.8	6,271.4	6,721.6	7,956.2	8,285.0	8,780.5	6.0%
Non-Indigenous male	153.0	150.9	142.0	157.5	145.8	152.9	4.9%
Non-Indigenous female	299.3	313.2	340.2	380.8	374.8	384.9	2.7%
Total Indigenous	3,321.6	3,615.1	3,947.8	4,664.4	4,781.6	5,116.0	7.0%
Total non-Indigenous	222.3	227.2	234.8	262.0	253.0	261.7	3.4%
Total male	370.5	384.8	452.6	544.0	512.4	586.9	14.5%
Total female	2,178.4	2,272.3	2,389.4	2,807.1	2,883.6	3,031.5	5.1%
Total	1,247.7	1,291.5	1,378.7	1,622.3	1,640.4	1,749.0	6.6%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	1,126.5	1,400.1	1,673.4	2,094.7	2,087.0	1,879.6	-9.9%
Indigenous female	4,967.5	5,187.0	5,636.2	6,541.9	6,797.7	7,007.8	3.1%
Non-Indigenous male	521.8	827.5	848.1	793.2	775.5	769.3	-0.8%
Non-Indigenous female	279.0	355.8	370.5	390.1	372.2	375.8	1.0%
Total Indigenous	3,077.9	3,308.7	3,656.5	4,304.1	4,410.4	4,390.4	-0.5%
Total non-Indigenous	407.9	605.7	624.4	604.6	586.7	584.9	-0.3%
Total male	788.5	1,039.1	1,151.4	1,230.2	1,205.3	1,136.8	-5.7%
Total female	1,901.1	1,944.1	2,068.3	2,357.4	2,412.4	2,466.1	2.2%
Total	1,333.6	1,475.2	1,591.0	1,776.6	1,788.9	1,783.2	-0.3%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	577.5	655.0	789.6	1,025.0	985.4	1,066.3	8.2%
Indigenous female	4,281.2	4,505.7	4,611.5	5,434.5	5,638.9	5,887.2	4.4%
Non-Indigenous male	87.4	81.7	84.9	94.0	79.9	81.1	1.5%
Non-Indigenous female	146.8	138.9	181.8	199.1	181.5	194.4	7.1%
Total Indigenous	2,459.2	2,595.9	2,702.2	3,215.8	3,280.5	3,426.7	4.5%
Total non-Indigenous	115.3	108.6	130.3	143.2	127.4	134.2	5.3%
Total male	243.3	247.9	295.6	371.3	351.0	374.5	6.7%
Total female	1,534.9	1,561.7	1,599.5	1,867.1	1,899.2	1,974.5	4.0%
Total	866.9	879.0	919.3	1,084.0	1,087.6	1,134.7	4.3%

Note: Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant total rates only.

Table 12. Alcohol-related assault victims by sex, Indigenous status and alcohol involvement

Number of assault victims	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous female victims	1,698	1,859	2,174	2,276	2,364	3.9%
Alcohol involved – offender only	679	800	892	982	1,093	11.3%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	919	936	1,166	1,134	1,111	-2.0%
Alcohol involved – victim only	100	123	116	160	160	0.0%
Indigenous male victims	451	551	705	718	661	-7.9%
Alcohol involved – offender only	115	171	204	195	190	-2.6%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	272	297	410	399	367	-8.0%
Alcohol involved – victim only	64	83	91	124	104	-16.1%
Non-Indigenous female victims	251	269	292	283	286	1.1%
Alcohol involved – offender only	142	160	167	175	177	1.1%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	89	93	116	98	94	-4.1%
Alcohol involved – victim only	20	16	9	10	15	50.0%
Non-Indigenous male victims	658	699	675	670	664	-0.9%
Alcohol involved – offender only	380	418	414	378	389	2.9%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	176	202	180	198	207	4.5%
Alcohol involved – victim only	102	79	81	94	68	-27.7%
Total Indigenous victims	2,149	2,410	2,879	2,994	3,025	1.0%
Alcohol involved – offender only	794	971	1,096	1,177	1,283	9.0%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	1,191	1,233	1,576	1,533	1,478	-3.6%
Alcohol involved – victim only	164	206	207	284	264	-7.0%
Total non-Indigenous victims	909	968	967	953	950	-0.3%
Alcohol involved – offender only	522	578	581	553	566	2.4%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	265	295	296	296	301	1.7%
Alcohol involved – victim only	122	95	90	104	83	-20.2%
Total female victims	2,008	2,184	2,548	2,642	2,709	2.5%
Alcohol involved – offender only	852	986	1,094	1,186	1,301	9.7%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	1,030	1,053	1,325	1,281	1,231	-3.9%
Alcohol involved – victim only	126	145	129	175	177	1.1%
Total male victims	1,161	1,328	1,461	1,456	1,381	-5.2%
Alcohol involved – offender only	509	612	653	590	602	2.0%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	474	528	620	627	599	-4.5%
Alcohol involved – victim only	178	188	188	239	180	-24.7%
Total assault victims	3,169	3,512	4,009	4,098	4,090	-0.2%
Alcohol involved – offender only	1,361	1,598	1,747	1,776	1,903	7.2%
Alcohol involved – offender and victim	1,504	1,581	1,945	1,908	1,830	-4.1%
Alcohol involved – victim only	304	333	317	414	357	-13.8%

Notes: Alcohol-related assault indicates that the offender, the victim, or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex information was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases. This information was not available for 2006-07.

Table 13. Repeat assault victimisation by sex and Indigenous status

Average number of violent incidents experienced in previous 12 months	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	1.08	1.08	1.11	1.10	1.10	1.11	0.9%
Indigenous female	1.31	1.31	1.27	1.28	1.31	1.32	0.8%
Non-Indigenous male	1.06	1.11	1.14	1.12	1.13	1.12	-0.9%
Non-Indigenous female	1.07	1.06	1.06	1.06	1.07	1.05	-1.9%
Total Indigenous	1.26	1.26	1.23	1.23	1.25	1.27	1.6%
Total non-Indigenous	1.06	1.09	1.11	1.10	1.11	1.10	-0.9%
Total male	1.06	1.09	1.11	1.10	1.11	1.11	0.0%
Total female	1.24	1.25	1.22	1.23	1.25	1.26	0.8%
All victims	1.17	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.20	1.20	0.0%

Notes: For each victim of an assault, the number of assault incidents experienced in the 12 months up to the current incident was totalled. Where a person experienced multiple assaults in a 12-month period, the maximum count of assaults within a 12-month period was used for that year. These values were averaged for all persons who were victims of assault.

Table 14. Victim experience of assault over time, by Indigenous status and sex

Number of assault incidents experienced in 6-year reporting period by 2011-12 assault victims	Indigenous victims		Non-Indigenous victims		Total victims 2011-12		
	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
1	963	619	481	811	1,528	1,562	3,099
2	528	201	90	166	642	388	1,030
3	372	59	26	50	405	121	526
4	258	17	14	29	277	48	325
5	178	14	8	23	189	39	228
6	112	8	2	12	115	20	135
7	92	5	2	4	96	10	106
8	76	4	1	6	79	10	89
9	31	3	1	2	33	5	38
10+	99	3	0	4	100	8	108
Total individuals experiencing assault in 2011-12	2,709	933	625	1,107	3,464	2,211	5,684
Maximum incidents experienced by an individual in the 6 years	20	18	9	12	20	18	20

Notes: Data show the number of individuals who were victims of assault in 2011-12 by the number of assaults over the 6-year reporting period. Not all victims were identified; these victims have been excluded from the table. Data on Indigenous status and/or sex was missing for some victims; hence the totals may be greater than the sum of the individual demographic groups.

Table 15. Sexual assault victims and victimisation rates by Indigenous status and sex

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	15	15	15	23	9	8	-11.1%
Indigenous female	117	181	184	155	150	99	-34.0%
Non-Indigenous male	11	11	14	16	11	10	-9.1%
Non-Indigenous female	127	160	130	139	166	119	-28.3%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	9	17	4	2	2	4	100.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	68	38	33	22	20	13	-35.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	2	1	0	1	0	2	n/a
Total male	35	43	33	41	22	22	0.0%
Total female	312	379	347	316	336	231	-31.3%
Total	349	423	380	358	358	255	-28.8%
Sexual assault victims per 100,000 relevant population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	47.6	46.6	45.6	68.3	26.2	22.7	-13.0%
Indigenous female	360.1	552.9	557.9	466.4	448.0	293.5	-34.5%
Non-Indigenous male	14.1	13.8	17.0	18.8	12.7	11.6	-9.0%
Non-Indigenous female	184.5	226.8	179.0	185.7	218.3	156.3	-28.4%
Total male	32.0	38.5	28.6	34.5	18.2	18.1	-0.6%
Total female	308.0	366.9	328.6	292.4	306.8	210.3	-31.5%
Total	165.7	196.7	172.0	157.8	155.4	110.2	-29.1%

Notes: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 16. Sexual assault victims by age group, sex and Indigenous status, 2006-07 to 2011-12

Number and % of victims by age group	Indigenous				Non-Indigenous				Total			
	Female		Male		Female		Male		Female		Male	
0-4	24	2.7%	5	5.9%	18	2.1%	6	8.2%	50	2.6%	14	7.1%
5-9	61	6.9%	25	29.4%	43	5.1%	8	11.0%	121	6.3%	39	19.9%
10-14	277	31.3%	30	35.3%	152	18.1%	16	21.9%	480	25.0%	52	26.5%
15-19	181	20.4%	7	8.2%	200	23.8%	9	12.3%	426	22.2%	21	10.7%
15-17	152	17.2%	6	7.1%	132	15.7%	5	6.8%	324	16.9%	14	7.1%
18-19	29	3.3%	1	1.2%	68	8.1%	4	5.5%	102	5.3%	7	3.6%
20-24	62	7.0%	4	4.7%	111	13.2%	10	13.7%	188	9.8%	17	8.7%
25-29	74	8.4%	1	1.2%	115	13.7%	5	6.8%	204	10.6%	7	3.6%
30-34	66	7.4%	5	5.9%	57	6.8%	4	5.5%	134	7.0%	10	5.1%
35-39	45	5.1%	2	2.4%	43	5.1%	4	5.5%	94	4.9%	7	3.6%
40-44	34	3.8%	1	1.2%	29	3.4%	4	5.5%	72	3.7%	5	2.6%
45-49	26	2.9%	2	2.4%	30	3.6%	1	1.4%	59	3.1%	3	1.5%
50-54	12	1.4%	2	2.4%	17	2.0%	2	2.7%	35	1.8%	4	2.0%
55-59	11	1.2%	0	0.0%	13	1.5%	2	2.7%	25	1.3%	2	1.0%
60-64	2	0.2%	0	0.0%	4	0.5%	0	0.0%	7	0.4%	0	0.0%
65+	2	0.2%	0	0.0%	3	0.4%	1	1.4%	5	0.3%	2	1.0%
Not recorded	9	1.0%	1	1.2%	6	0.7%	1	1.4%	21	1.1%	13	6.6%
Total	886	100.0%	85	100.0%	841	100.0%	73	100.0%	1,921	100.0%	196	100.0%
Average age (years)	20.8		14.8		23.0		21.7		21.9		18.0	

Notes: Totals for male and female victims include those for whom Indigenous status was not recorded. Sex information was missing for 6 victims. These victims are not shown in the table. As there are relatively few sexual assault victims in most age-sex-Indigenous status categories each year, the data for the six years have been combined to produce more stable age distributions. The age group 15-19 was separated to show juveniles (15-17) and adults (18-19).

Table 17. Sexual assault victims, relationship to offender, by sex and Indigenous status

Number of victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous female victims where offender is:							
Partner	13	13	19	16	20	14	-30.0%
Other family member	9	17	14	11	9	8	-11.1%
Ex-partner	2	13	14	11	11	6	-45.5%
Non-family member known to victim	44	62	62	55	57	37	-35.1%
Stranger	6	20	20	19	17	15	-11.8%
Relationship not known	43	56	55	43	36	19	-47.2%
Total	117	181	184	155	150	99	-34.0%
Indigenous male victims where offender is:							
Partner	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Other family member	0	4	2	1	0	0	n/a
Ex-partner	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Non-family member known to victim	9	6	9	15	6	4	-33.3%
Stranger	2	2	1	1	1	0	-100.0%
Relationship not known	4	2	2	6	2	4	100.0%
Total	15	15	15	23	9	8	-11.1%
Non-Indigenous female victims where offender is:							
Partner	1	0	3	6	5	0	-100.0%
Other family member	9	24	11	16	18	10	-44.4%
Ex-partner	8	5	5	6	6	5	-16.7%
Non-family member known to victim	32	54	41	56	57	33	-42.1%
Stranger	54	60	56	49	61	62	1.6%
Relationship not known	23	17	14	6	19	9	-52.6%
Total	127	160	130	139	166	119	-28.3%
Non-Indigenous male victims where offender is:							
Partner	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Other family member	0	3	2	2	0	1	n/a
Ex-partner	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-family member known to victim	3	6	7	9	7	7	0.0%
Stranger	3	2	5	4	3	1	-66.7%
Relationship not known	5	0	0	1	1	1	0.0%
Total	11	11	14	16	11	10	-9.1%

Number of victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Female victims where offender is:							
Partner	16	14	22	23	26	16	-38.5%
Other family member	25	46	29	30	30	18	-40.0%
Ex-partner	13	19	21	18	18	12	-33.3%
Non-family member known to victim	99	133	118	117	118	77	-34.7%
Stranger	81	86	82	75	85	79	-7.1%
Relationship not known	78	81	75	53	59	29	-50.8%
Total	312	379	347	316	336	231	-31.3%
Male victims where offender is:							
Partner	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Other family member	0	7	4	3	0	3	n/a
Ex-partner	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Non-family member known to victim	17	17	19	25	14	13	-7.1%
Stranger	7	4	6	5	5	1	-80.0%
Relationship not known	11	14	3	8	3	5	66.7%
Total	35	43	33	41	22	22	0.0%
Total victims where offender is:							
Partner	16	15	22	23	26	16	-38.5%
Other family member	25	53	33	33	30	21	-30.0%
Ex-partner	13	19	22	18	18	12	-33.3%
Non-family member known to victim	118	150	137	142	132	90	-31.8%
Stranger	88	90	88	80	90	80	-11.1%
Relationship not known	89	96	78	62	62	36	-41.9%
Total	349	423	380	358	358	255	-28.8%

Table 18. Frequency of offences against the person

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	24	22	22	23	16	17	6.3%
Murder	13	11	14	8	11	15	36.4%
Attempted murder	5	3	6	8	3	1	-66.7%
Manslaughter	6	8	1	6	1	1	0.0%
Driving causing death	0	0	1	1	1	0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	4,784	5,261	5,842	6,471	6,559	6,900	5.2%
Assault	4,766	5,230	5,828	6,454	6,533	6,867	5.1%
Stalking	15	27	11	17	22	27	22.7%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	4	3	0	4	6	50.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	426	458	421	384	401	305	-23.9%
Aggravated sexual assault	304	360	314	288	278	181	-34.9%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	96	68	81	74	91	81	-11.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	8	12	3	5	9	8	-11.1%
Child pornography	18	18	23	17	20	20	0.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	3	15	400.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	66	84	75	90	94	101	7.4%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	391	345	400	495	421	419	-0.5%
Abduction and kidnapping	2	2	3	1	3	2	-33.3%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	30	38	51	45	45	46	2.2%
Harassment and private nuisance	89	70	58	92	66	52	-21.2%
Threatening behaviour	270	235	288	357	307	319	3.9%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	92	105	113	102	98	110	12.2%
Total	5,783	6,275	6,873	7,565	7,589	7,852	3.5%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 19. Rate of offences against the person

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	11.4	10.2	10.0	10.1	6.9	7.3	5.8%
Murder	6.2	5.1	6.3	3.5	4.8	6.5	35.8%
Attempted murder	2.4	1.4	2.7	3.5	1.3	0.4	-66.8%
Manslaughter	2.8	3.7	0.5	2.6	0.4	0.4	-0.4%
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	2,271.3	2,446.7	2,644.2	2,852.7	2,847.8	2,982.7	4.7%
Assault	2,262.8	2,432.3	2,637.9	2,845.2	2,836.5	2,968.5	4.7%
Stalking	7.1	12.6	5.0	7.5	9.6	11.7	22.2%
Other acts intended to cause injury	1.4	1.9	1.4	0.0	1.7	2.6	49.3%
Sexual assault and related offences	202.3	213.0	190.6	169.3	174.1	131.8	-24.3%
Aggravated sexual assault	144.3	167.4	142.1	127.0	120.7	78.2	-35.2%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	45.6	31.6	36.7	32.6	39.5	35.0	-11.4%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	3.8	5.6	1.4	2.2	3.9	3.5	-11.5%
Child pornography	8.5	8.4	10.4	7.5	8.7	8.6	-0.4%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	6.5	397.8%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	31.3	39.1	33.9	39.7	40.8	43.7	7.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	185.6	160.4	181.0	218.2	182.8	181.1	-0.9%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.9	0.9	1.4	0.4	1.3	0.9	-33.6%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	14.2	17.7	23.1	19.8	19.5	19.9	1.8%
Harassment and private nuisance	42.3	32.6	26.3	40.6	28.7	22.5	-21.6%
Threatening behaviour	128.2	109.3	130.4	157.4	133.3	137.9	3.5%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	43.7	48.8	51.1	45.0	42.6	47.6	11.8%
Total	2,745.6	2,918.3	3,110.9	3,334.9	3,295.1	3,394.3	3.0%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 20. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	1,811	1,909	1,973	2,301	2,347	2,534	8.0%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	1,031	1,287	1,453	1,550	1,624	1,521	-6.3%
No alcohol – DV related	353	474	540	694	804	959	19.3%
No alcohol – not DV related	276	451	534	545	571	635	11.2%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	464	354	398	422	371	409	10.2%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	831	755	930	942	816	809	-0.9%
Total Alcohol involved	2,842	3,196	3,426	3,851	3,971	4,055	2.1%
Total DV related	2,628	2,737	2,911	3,417	3,522	3,902	10.8%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	1,811	1,909	1,973	2,301	2,347	2,534	8.0%
Total	4,766	5,230	5,828	6,454	6,533	6,867	5.1%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 21. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	859.8	887.8	893.0	1,014.4	1,019.0	1,095.4	7.5%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	489.5	598.5	657.7	683.3	705.1	657.5	-6.8%
No alcohol – DV related	167.6	220.4	244.4	305.9	349.1	414.6	18.8%
No alcohol – not DV related	131.0	209.7	241.7	240.3	247.9	274.5	10.7%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	220.3	164.6	180.1	186.0	161.1	176.8	9.8%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	394.5	351.1	420.9	415.3	354.3	349.7	-1.3%
Total Alcohol involved	1,349.3	1,486.4	1,550.7	1,697.7	1,724.2	1,752.9	1.7%
Total DV related	1,247.7	1,272.9	1,317.6	1,506.3	1,529.2	1,686.8	10.3%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	859.8	887.8	893.0	1,014.4	1,019.0	1,095.4	7.5%
Total	2,262.8	2,432.3	2,637.9	2,845.2	2,836.5	2,968.5	4.7%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 22. Victims of offences against property

Number of victims recorded	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – Total	3,896	3,608	3,966	3,852	3,989	3.6%
Attempted	432	472	657	558	545	-2.3%
Actual	3,464	3,136	3,309	3,294	3,444	4.6%
Unlawful entry with intent – Building	2,132	2,049	2,116	1,925	1,877	-2.5%
Attempted	269	284	319	287	247	-13.9%
Actual	1,863	1,765	1,797	1,638	1,630	-0.5%
Unlawful entry with intent – Dwelling	1,764	1,559	1,850	1,927	2,112	9.6%
Attempted	163	188	338	271	298	10.0%
Actual	1,601	1,371	1,512	1,656	1,814	9.5%
Theft and related offences	7,159	7,538	7,875	7,314	7,420	1.4%
Theft and related offences (n.e.c)	3,280	3,326	3,226	3,080	3,195	3.7%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	752	921	951	927	917	-1.1%
Theft of motor vehicle parts or contents	1,214	1,324	1,642	1,343	1,419	5.7%
Theft from retail premises	789	915	1,021	1,003	936	-6.7%
Theft (except motor vehicles), n.e.c.	1,069	981	960	880	868	-1.4%
Receive or handle proceeds of crime	52	67	73	80	83	3.8%
Illegal use of property (except motor vehicles)	3	4	2	1	2	100.0%
Property Damage	7,724	7,688	8,078	6,916	7,216	4.3%

Note: The new version of PROMIS introduced in April 2007 changed the way victims were associated with offences. Comparable victim-based property data are not available prior to 2007-08.

Table 23. Frequency of offences against property

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	1,961	1,792	1,577	1,862	1,939	2,123	9.5%
House break-ins – actual	1,635	1,627	1,386	1,524	1,668	1,824	9.4%
House break-ins – attempted	326	165	191	338	271	299	10.3%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	1,758	2,157	2,072	2,145	1,944	1,897	-2.4%
Commercial break-ins – actual	1,482	1,883	1,787	1,816	1,653	1,644	-0.5%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	276	274	285	329	291	253	-13.1%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	1,438	2,003	2,315	2,656	2,337	2,396	2.5%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	714	765	941	969	945	931	-1.5%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	724	1,238	1,374	1,687	1,392	1,465	5.2%
Theft and related offences – other	7,998	7,515	7,262	7,564	7,089	7,204	1.6%
Theft from retail premises	528	951	1,031	1,128	1,077	1,011	-6.1%
Other theft and related offences	7,470	6,564	6,231	6,436	6,012	6,193	3.0%
Property damage	7,645	8,272	8,113	8,652	7,383	7,576	2.6%
Total	20,800	21,739	21,339	22,879	20,692	21,196	2.4%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 24. Rate of offences against property

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	931.0	833.4	713.8	820.8	841.9	917.7	9.0%
House break-ins – actual	776.3	756.7	627.3	671.8	724.2	788.5	8.9%
House break-ins – attempted	154.8	76.7	86.5	149.0	117.7	129.3	9.8%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	834.7	1,003.2	937.8	945.6	844.1	820.0	-2.8%
Commercial break-ins – actual	703.6	875.7	808.8	800.6	717.7	710.7	-1.0%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	131.0	127.4	129.0	145.0	126.3	109.4	-13.4%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	682.7	931.5	1,047.8	1,170.9	1,014.7	1,035.7	2.1%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	339.0	355.8	425.9	427.2	410.3	402.5	-1.9%
Theft of motor vehicle parts/contents	343.7	575.8	621.9	743.7	604.4	633.3	4.8%
Theft and related offences – other	3,797.2	3,495.0	3,286.9	3,334.5	3,078.0	3,114.2	1.2%
Theft from retail premises	250.7	442.3	466.7	497.3	467.6	437.0	-6.5%
Other theft and related offences	3,546.6	3,052.7	2,820.3	2,837.2	2,610.3	2,677.1	2.6%
Property damage	3,629.6	3,847.1	3,672.1	3,814.1	3,205.6	3,275.0	2.2%
Total	9,875.3	10,110.2	9,658.5	10,085.9	8,984.2	9,162.6	2.0%

Table 25. Traffic offences

Number of apprehensions and infringements recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – driving offences only	2,122	2,142	2,174	1,939	1,640	1,409	-14.1%
Driving under the influence of alcohol or other substance	744	768	712	531	328	179	-45.4%
<i>Alcohol</i>	727	761	688	505	286	160	-44.1%
<i>Other substance</i>	17	7	24	26	42	19	-54.8%
Dangerous or negligent operation (driving) of a vehicle	1,378	1,374	1,462	1,408	1,312	1,230	-6.3%
Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	50,393	47,901	58,788	62,576	62,824	65,842	4.8%
Drive while licence disqualified or suspended	873	1,157	1,274	1,198	1,192	1,088	-8.7%
Drive without a licence	2,679	2,984	3,374	3,306	3,340	3,150	-5.7%
Driver licence offences, n.e.c.	430	493	1,123	1,789	1,987	1,912	-3.8%
Registration offences	5,431	5,718	6,274	6,530	7,191	8,022	11.6%
Roadworthiness offences	412	571	505	572	470	463	-1.5%
Exceed the prescribed content of alcohol or other substance limit	2,885	3,282	4,304	3,989	3,904	3,028	-22.4%
<i>Alcohol</i>	2,885	3,282	4,283	3,951	3,825	2,986	-21.9%
<i>Other substance</i>	0	0	21	38	79	42	-46.8%
Exceed the legal speed limit	31,442	26,674	32,695	33,890	32,792	37,555	14.5%
Parking offences	34	39	45	175	126	83	-34.1%
Regulatory driving offences, n.e.c.	6,176	6,969	9,181	11,106	11,807	10,510	-11.0%
Pedestrian offences	31	14	13	21	15	31	106.7%
Total	52,515	50,043	60,962	64,515	64,464	67,251	4.3%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation (driving) of a vehicle includes a very small number of offences related to the operation of aircraft or vessels. Non-driving offences for dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons are included in Table 18. Parking offences shown are only those dealt with by the Northern Territory Police, not those dealt with by city councils.

Table 26. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	17,375	18,742	23,124	23,224	13,278	11,926	-10.2%
Indigenous female	7,432	8,474	10,143	10,601	5,889	5,378	-8.7%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	1,509	1,757	1,939	1,857	1,066	1,296	21.6%
Non-Indigenous female	131	167	186	156	105	171	62.9%
Non-Indigenous, sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	1	3	5	17	11	510	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	1	0	17	5	683	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	21	n/a
Total Indigenous	24,807	27,216	33,267	33,825	19,167	17,305	-9.7%
Total non-Indigenous	1,640	1,924	2,125	2,013	1,171	1,469	25.4%
Total male	18,885	20,502	25,068	25,098	14,355	13,732	-4.3%
Total female	7,563	8,642	10,329	10,774	5,999	6,232	3.9%
Total	26,448	29,144	35,397	35,872	20,354	19,988	-1.8%
Episodes per 100,000 population	12,556.8	13,554.0	16,021.5	15,813.7	8,837.5	8,640.4	-2.2%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

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Table 27. Victims of offences against the person, Darwin

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	4	6	8	17	1	8	700.0%
Murder	3	2	6	1	1	7	600.0%
Attempted murder	1	1	2	12	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	0	3	0	3	0	1	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	1,184	1,614	1,624	1,571	1,600	1,658	3.6%
Assault	1,184	1,598	1,617	1,565	1,595	1,646	3.2%
Stalking	0	15	4	6	3	10	233.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	3	0	2	2	0.0%
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	125	99	106	119	100	-16.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	77	90	60	71	69	51	-26.1%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	32	28	27	27	39	35	-10.3%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	9	0	2	4	1	0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	7	10	4	10	14	40.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	15	16	20	18	17	-5.6%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	123	125	160	137	136	-0.7%
Abduction and kidnapping	1	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	8	8	14	9	10	11.1%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	11	12	22	15	9	-40.0%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	104	105	124	113	116	2.7%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	55	79	71	68	51	62	21.6%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 28. Victim rate, offences against the person, Darwin

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	5.5	8.1	10.5	21.7	1.3	10.0	694.6%
Murder	4.1	2.7	7.9	1.3	1.3	8.7	595.3%
Attempted murder	1.4	1.3	2.6	15.3	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	0.0	4.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	1.2	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	1,624.0	2,175.6	2,138.6	2,008.0	2,007.9	2,066.6	2.9%
Assault	1,624.0	2,154.0	2,129.4	2,000.4	2,001.6	2,051.6	2.5%
Stalking	0.0	20.2	5.3	7.7	3.8	12.5	231.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	1.3	4.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	-0.7%
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	168.5	130.4	135.5	149.3	124.6	-16.5%
Aggravated sexual assault	105.6	121.3	79.0	90.8	86.6	63.6	-26.6%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	43.9	37.7	35.6	34.5	48.9	43.6	-10.9%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	12.3	0.0	2.6	5.1	1.3	0.0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	9.4	13.2	5.1	12.5	17.5	39.1%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	20.2	21.1	25.6	22.6	21.2	-6.2%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	165.8	164.6	204.5	171.9	169.5	-1.4%
Abduction and kidnapping	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	10.8	10.5	17.9	11.3	12.5	10.4%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	14.8	15.8	28.1	18.8	11.2	-40.4%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	140.2	138.3	158.5	141.8	144.6	2.0%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	75.4	106.5	93.5	86.9	64.0	77.3	20.7%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 29. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, Darwin

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	4	4	7	3	1	4	300.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	380	506	549	615	676	655	-3.1%
Assault	380	506	548	615	676	655	-3.1%
Stalking	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	28	21	25	25	19	-24.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	4	5	1	1	7	600.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	12	12	18	17	9	-47.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	6	1	3	3	3	0.0%
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Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	1	1	14	0	4	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	585	886	802	761	740	793	7.2%
Assault	585	873	799	755	735	783	6.5%
Stalking	0	12	1	6	3	9	200.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	2	0	2	1	-50.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	76	51	67	77	66	-14.3%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	10	9	7	8	5	-37.5%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	77	69	85	67	93	38.8%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	63	58	55	36	52	44.4%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 30. Victims of offences against the person by sex, Darwin

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	3	3	11	1	6	500.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	618	928	905	830	789	813	3.0%
Assault	618	926	903	829	786	812	3.3%
Stalking	0	1	1	1	2	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	1	0	1	1	0.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	12	8	7	14	6	-57.1%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	7	8	6	10	7	-30.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	53	56	56	47	52	10.6%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	38	56	52	49	34	40	17.6%
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Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	3	5	6	0	2	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	544	683	717	722	796	815	2.4%
Assault	544	669	712	717	794	804	1.3%
Stalking	0	14	3	5	1	10	900.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	2	0	1	1	0.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	107	84	94	99	89	-10.1%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	8	7	4	3	7	133.3%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	54	56	82	60	67	11.7%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	14	23	18	16	12	16	33.3%

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 31. Assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Darwin

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	111	171	198	215	219	206	-5.9%
Indigenous female	269	335	350	400	457	449	-1.8%
Non-Indigenous male	391	612	543	517	466	496	6.4%
Non-Indigenous female	194	261	256	238	269	287	6.7%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	116	143	162	97	101	110	8.9%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	81	73	106	79	68	68	0.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	22	3	2	19	15	30	100.0%
Total	1,184	1,598	1,617	1,565	1,595	1,646	3.2%

Table 32. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, Darwin

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	30	44	44	53	61	70	14.8%
Indigenous female	182	214	201	267	300	315	5.0%
Non-Indigenous male	37	47	35	35	43	45	4.7%
Non-Indigenous female	82	92	94	89	117	112	-4.3%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	12	9	10	6	10	3	-70.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	28	36	29	35	27	35	29.6%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	6	0	0	0	1	2	100.0%
Total Indigenous	212	258	245	320	361	385	6.6%
Total non-Indigenous	119	139	129	124	160	157	-1.9%
Total male	79	100	89	94	114	118	3.5%
Total female	292	342	324	391	444	462	4.1%
Total	377	442	413	485	559	582	4.1%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	67	109	129	161	165	146	-11.5%
Indigenous female	201	220	250	303	331	339	2.4%
Non-Indigenous male	155	310	285	288	246	280	13.8%
Non-Indigenous female	80	97	107	104	113	109	-3.5%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	43	38	56	29	40	29	-27.5%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	38	27	24	23	28	23	-17.9%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	6	3	1	8	10	13	30.0%
Total Indigenous	268	329	379	464	496	485	-2.2%
Total non-Indigenous	235	407	392	392	359	389	8.4%
Total male	265	457	470	478	451	455	0.9%
Total female	319	344	381	430	472	471	-0.2%
Total	590	804	852	916	933	939	0.6%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	22	31	32	46	48	52	8.3%
Indigenous female	146	152	141	211	227	250	10.1%
Non-Indigenous male	18	16	19	19	24	28	16.7%
Non-Indigenous female	41	35	53	45	57	57	0.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	6	1	5	0	6	1	-83.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	16	16	15	17	13	13	0.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Total Indigenous	168	183	173	257	275	302	9.8%
Total non-Indigenous	59	51	72	64	81	85	4.9%
Total male	46	48	56	65	78	81	3.8%
Total female	203	203	209	273	297	320	7.7%
Total	250	251	265	338	376	402	6.9%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 33. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Darwin

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	1	3	0	1	3	3	0.0%
Indigenous female	27	25	21	24	19	16	-15.8%
Non-Indigenous male	6	7	6	6	8	2	-75.0%
Non-Indigenous female	52	67	42	61	68	55	-19.1%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	5	1	1	0	2	1	-50.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	25	14	19	9	9	9	0.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	2	1	0	1	0	0	n/a
Total male	12	11	7	7	13	6	-53.8%
Total female	104	106	82	94	96	80	-16.7%
Total	118	118	89	102	109	86	-21.1%

Notes: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 34. Frequency of offences against the person, Darwin

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	5	6	7	9	1	6	500.0%
Murder	3	2	6	1	1	5	400.0%
Attempted murder	1	1	1	4	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	1	3	0	3	0	1	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	1,288	1,549	1,545	1,515	1,558	1,576	1.2%
Assault	1,284	1,533	1,538	1,510	1,553	1,564	0.7%
Stalking	4	15	4	5	3	10	233.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	3	0	2	2	0.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	183	137	106	109	123	99	-19.5%
Aggravated sexual assault	111	101	65	73	74	55	-25.7%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	51	25	28	30	38	31	-18.4%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	5	5	2	1	2	0	-100.0%
Child pornography	16	6	11	5	8	8	0.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	1	5	400.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	18	14	19	24	21	14	-33.3%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	169	110	114	169	132	133	0.8%
Abduction and kidnapping	1	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	4	8	7	12	9	10	11.1%
Harassment and private nuisance	27	11	11	24	14	9	-35.7%
Threatening behaviour	137	91	96	133	109	113	3.7%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	54	72	65	62	41	57	39.0%
Total	1,717	1,888	1,856	1,888	1,876	1,885	0.5%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 35. Rate of offences against the person, Darwin

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	6.9	8.1	9.2	11.5	1.3	7.5	495.9%
Murder	4.1	2.7	7.9	1.3	1.3	6.2	396.6%
Attempted murder	1.4	1.3	1.3	5.1	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	1.4	4.0	0.0	3.8	0.0	1.2	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	1,766.7	2,087.9	2,034.6	1,936.4	1,955.2	1,964.4	0.5%
Assault	1,761.2	2,066.4	2,025.4	1,930.1	1,948.9	1,949.4	0.0%
Stalking	5.5	20.2	5.3	6.4	3.8	12.5	231.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	1.3	4.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	-0.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	251.0	184.7	139.6	139.3	154.4	123.4	-20.1%
Aggravated sexual assault	152.3	136.1	85.6	93.3	92.9	68.6	-26.2%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	70.0	33.7	36.9	38.3	47.7	38.6	-19.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	6.9	6.7	2.6	1.3	2.5	0.0	-100.0%
Child pornography	21.9	8.1	14.5	6.4	10.0	10.0	-0.7%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	6.2	396.6%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	24.7	18.9	25.0	30.7	26.4	17.5	-33.8%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	231.8	148.3	150.1	216.0	165.7	165.8	0.1%
Abduction and kidnapping	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	5.5	10.8	9.2	15.3	11.3	12.5	10.4%
Harassment and private nuisance	37.0	14.8	14.5	30.7	17.6	11.2	-36.2%
Threatening behaviour	187.9	122.7	126.4	170.0	136.8	140.8	3.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	74.1	97.1	85.6	79.2	51.5	71.0	38.1%
Total	2,355.1	2,544.9	2,444.1	2,413.2	2,354.3	2,349.5	-0.2%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 36. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Darwin

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	251	232	248	318	357	369	3.4%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	365	536	569	561	555	526	-5.2%
No alcohol – DV related	58	88	55	75	101	97	-4.0%
No alcohol – not DV related	101	156	161	147	159	171	7.5%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	94	91	75	64	71	63	-11.3%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	415	430	430	345	310	338	9.0%
Total Alcohol involved	616	768	817	879	912	895	-1.9%
Total DV related	403	411	378	457	529	529	0.0%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	251	232	248	318	357	369	3.4%
Total	1,284	1,533	1,538	1,510	1,553	1,564	0.7%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 37. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Darwin

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	344.3	312.7	326.6	406.5	448.0	459.9	2.7%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	500.7	722.5	749.3	717.1	696.5	655.6	-5.9%
No alcohol – DV related	79.6	118.6	72.4	95.9	126.7	120.9	-4.6%
No alcohol – not DV related	138.5	210.3	212.0	187.9	199.5	213.1	6.8%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	128.9	122.7	98.8	81.8	89.1	78.5	-11.9%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	569.2	579.6	566.3	441.0	389.0	421.3	8.3%
Total Alcohol involved	844.9	1,035.2	1,075.9	1,123.5	1,144.5	1,115.6	-2.5%
Total DV related	552.8	554.0	497.8	584.1	663.9	659.4	-0.7%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	344.3	312.7	326.6	406.5	448.0	459.9	2.7%
Total	1,761.2	2,066.4	2,025.4	1,930.1	1,948.9	1,949.4	0.0%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 38. Frequency of offences against property, Darwin

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	1,017	832	732	864	669	802	19.9%
House break-ins – actual	818	728	612	714	577	674	16.8%
House break-ins – attempted	199	104	120	150	92	128	39.1%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	754	858	674	668	508	466	-8.3%
Commercial break-ins – actual	632	745	533	570	436	395	-9.4%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	122	113	141	98	72	71	-1.4%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	749	1,086	1,228	1,318	1,138	1,162	2.1%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	291	354	423	420	319	355	11.3%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	458	732	805	898	819	807	-1.5%
Theft and related offences – other	4,190	3,686	3,472	3,592	3,228	3,193	-1.1%
Theft from retail premises	227	441	511	542	501	496	-1.0%
Other theft and related offences	3,963	3,245	2,961	3,050	2,727	2,697	-1.1%
Property damage	3,802	3,950	3,550	3,639	3,011	2,739	-9.0%
Total	10,512	10,412	9,656	10,081	8,554	8,362	-2.2%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 39. Rate of offences against property, Darwin

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	1,395.0	1,121.5	964.0	1,104.4	839.6	999.6	19.1%
House break-ins – actual	1,122.0	981.3	805.9	912.6	724.1	840.1	16.0%
House break-ins – attempted	273.0	140.2	158.0	191.7	115.5	159.5	38.2%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	1,034.2	1,156.5	887.6	853.8	637.5	580.8	-8.9%
Commercial break-ins – actual	866.9	1,004.2	701.9	728.6	547.2	492.3	-10.0%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	167.3	152.3	185.7	125.3	90.4	88.5	-2.1%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	1,027.4	1,463.8	1,617.1	1,684.6	1,428.1	1,448.4	1.4%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	399.1	477.2	557.0	536.8	400.3	442.5	10.5%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	628.2	986.7	1,060.1	1,147.8	1,027.8	1,005.9	-2.1%
Theft and related offences – other	5,747.2	4,968.5	4,572.2	4,591.2	4,051.0	3,979.9	-1.8%
Theft from retail premises	311.4	594.4	672.9	692.8	628.7	618.2	-1.7%
Other theft and related offences	5,435.8	4,374.0	3,899.3	3,898.5	3,422.2	3,361.6	-1.8%
Property damage	5,215.0	5,324.3	4,674.9	4,651.3	3,778.6	3,414.0	-9.7%
Total	14,418.8	14,034.6	12,715.8	12,885.4	10,734.8	10,422.7	-2.9%

Table 40. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, Darwin

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	6,089	5,680	6,940	6,143	4,596	4,093	-10.9%
Indigenous female	2,577	2,382	2,727	2,434	1,571	1,340	-14.7%
Non-Indigenous male	1,149	1,430	1,518	1,375	809	989	22.2%
Non-Indigenous female	85	122	143	112	74	99	33.8%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	2	1	3	4	277	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	4	241	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	9	n/a
Total Indigenous	8,666	8,062	9,667	8,577	6,167	5,433	-11.9%
Total non-Indigenous	1,234	1,552	1,661	1,487	883	1,088	23.2%
Total male	7,238	7,112	8,459	7,521	5,409	5,359	-0.9%
Total female	2,662	2,504	2,870	2,546	1,649	1,680	1.9%
Total	9,900	9,616	11,329	10,067	7,058	7,048	-0.1%
Episodes per 100,000 population	13,579.3	12,961.7	14,918.9	12,867.5	8,857.4	8,784.9	-0.8%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

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Table 41. Victims of offences against the person, Palmerston

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	2	2	2	1	0	1	n/a
Murder	0	0	1	0	0	1	n/a
Attempted murder	0	0	1	1	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	2	2	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	269	336	428	452	502	485	-3.4%
Assault	269	336	428	452	497	482	-3.0%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	2	1	-50.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	3	2	-33.3%
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	32	31	30	29	20	-31.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	17	26	23	20	24	10	-58.3%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	3	5	4	8	3	3	0.0%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	1	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	0	4	2	2	7	250.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	6	2	4	4	5	25.0%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	42	40	35	43	36	-16.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	0	0	1	0	1	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	1	2	0	8	2	-75.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	8	4	6	2	4	100.0%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	33	34	28	33	29	-12.1%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	12	10	16	8	13	11	-15.4%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 42. Victim rate, offences against the person, Palmerston

Victims per 100,000 persons	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	7.9	7.6	7.2	3.5	0.0	3.4	n/a
Murder	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	3.4	n/a
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.5	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	7.9	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	1,064.0	1,279.1	1,547.9	1,577.8	1,721.1	1,660.5	-3.5%
Assault	1,064.0	1,279.1	1,547.9	1,577.8	1,703.9	1,650.2	-3.2%
Stalking	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.9	3.4	-50.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.3	6.8	-33.4%
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	121.8	112.1	104.7	99.4	68.5	-31.1%
Aggravated sexual assault	67.2	99.0	83.2	69.8	82.3	34.2	-58.4%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	11.9	19.0	14.5	27.9	10.3	10.3	-0.1%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	4.0	3.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	0.0	14.5	7.0	6.9	24.0	249.5%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	22.8	7.2	14.0	13.7	17.1	24.8%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	159.9	144.7	122.2	147.4	123.3	-16.4%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.4	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	3.8	7.2	0.0	27.4	6.8	-75.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	30.5	14.5	20.9	6.9	13.7	99.7%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	125.6	123.0	97.7	113.1	99.3	-12.2%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	47.5	38.1	57.9	27.9	44.6	37.7	-15.5%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 43. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, Palmerston

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	2	2	0	0	1	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	114	106	171	164	201	178	-11.4%
Assault	114	106	171	164	200	178	-11.0%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	1	8	9	14	4	-71.4%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	1	2	4	0	0	n/a
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	5	11	9	11	2	-81.8%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	0	0	2	0	1	n/a
Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	115	187	212	224	247	241	-2.4%
Assault	115	187	212	224	243	239	-1.6%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	3	1	-66.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	27	14	16	13	10	-23.1%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	4	0	0	2	2	0.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	27	17	16	22	20	-9.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	10	12	4	8	9	12.5%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 44. Victims of offences against the person by sex, Palmerston

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	1	1	1	0	1	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	113	146	201	215	229	208	-9.2%
Assault	113	146	201	215	228	207	-9.2%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	2	5	4	2	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	5	2	1	0	2	n/a
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	17	13	13	18	18	0.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	7	7	12	7	8	9	12.5%
Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	1	1	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	153	190	225	236	269	271	0.7%
Assault	153	190	225	236	265	269	1.5%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	3	1	-66.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	30	24	25	26	14	-46.2%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	1	0	3	2	1	-50.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	21	25	21	21	14	-33.3%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	4	3	4	1	2	2	0.0%

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 45. Assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Palmerston

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	29	19	47	48	72	45	-37.5%
Indigenous female	85	87	124	116	128	133	3.9%
Non-Indigenous male	63	108	125	127	134	134	0.0%
Non-Indigenous female	52	79	87	97	109	105	-3.7%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	21	19	29	40	22	28	27.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	16	24	14	23	28	31	10.7%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	3	0	2	1	4	6	50.0%
Total	269	336	428	452	497	482	-3.0%

Table 46. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, Palmerston

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	9	9	18	27	34	21	-38.2%
Indigenous female	70	72	99	96	108	106	-1.9%
Non-Indigenous male	13	17	23	19	17	20	17.6%
Non-Indigenous female	30	40	49	63	55	72	30.9%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	4	3	4	10	2	6	200.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	6	13	5	11	18	12	-33.3%
Total Indigenous	79	81	117	123	142	127	-10.6%
Total non-Indigenous	43	57	72	82	72	92	27.8%
Total male	26	29	45	56	53	47	-11.3%
Total female	106	125	153	170	181	190	5.0%
Total	132	154	198	226	234	237	1.3%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	13	15	27	36	57	32	-43.9%
Indigenous female	56	62	91	88	100	92	-8.0%
Non-Indigenous male	25	44	53	47	53	61	15.1%
Non-Indigenous female	17	34	38	42	41	40	-2.4%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	10	3	3	14	6	7	16.7%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	4	9	4	6	7	9	28.6%
Indigenous status and gender not recorded	2	0	1	1	3	2	-33.3%
Total Indigenous	69	77	118	124	157	124	-21.0%
Total non-Indigenous	42	78	91	89	94	101	7.4%
Total male	48	62	83	97	116	100	-13.8%
Total female	77	105	133	136	148	141	-4.7%
Total	127	167	217	234	267	243	-9.0%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	4	7	15	23	29	12	-58.6%
Indigenous female	49	53	79	78	84	82	-2.4%
Non-Indigenous male	7	11	12	14	6	9	50.0%
Non-Indigenous female	11	20	24	34	24	31	29.2%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	1	0	1	5	2	3	50.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	1	7	3	5	5	5	0.0%
Total Indigenous	53	60	94	101	113	94	-16.8%
Total non-Indigenous	18	31	36	48	30	40	33.3%
Total male	12	18	28	42	37	24	-35.1%
Total female	61	80	106	117	113	118	4.4%
Total	73	98	134	159	150	142	-5.3%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 47. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Palmerston

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	1	0	2	1	1	0	-100.0%
Indigenous female	4	1	6	8	13	4	-69.2%
Non-Indigenous male	1	2	2	2	1	0	-100.0%
Non-Indigenous female	9	25	10	14	11	9	-18.2%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	2	0	1	1	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	4	4	6	2	1	0	-100.0%
Total male	4	2	5	4	2	0	-100.0%
Total female	17	30	22	24	25	13	-48.0%
Total	21	32	27	28	27	13	-51.9%

Note: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 48. Frequency of offences against the person, Palmerston

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	2	2	1	0	1	n/a
Murder	0	0	1	0	0	1	n/a
Attempted murder	0	0	1	1	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	2	2	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	291	326	402	429	465	465	0.0%
Assault	288	326	402	429	462	461	-0.2%
Stalking	3	0	0	0	2	2	0.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	1	2	100.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	33	35	39	29	29	26	-10.3%
Aggravated sexual assault	24	27	29	19	24	16	-33.3%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	5	6	4	8	3	3	0.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	2	1	1	0	1	1	0.0%
Child pornography	2	1	5	2	1	4	300.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	3	7	5	7	10	7	-30.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	34	38	38	34	37	34	-8.1%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	0	0	1	0	1	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	3	1	2	0	5	2	-60.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	5	8	4	6	2	4	100.0%
Threatening behaviour	26	29	32	27	30	27	-10.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	13	9	16	7	11	12	9.1%
Total	376	417	502	507	552	545	-1.3%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 49. Rate of offences against the person, Palmerston

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	7.9	7.6	7.2	3.5	0.0	3.4	n/a
Murder	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	3.4	n/a
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	3.6	3.5	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	7.9	7.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	1,151.0	1,241.0	1,453.8	1,497.5	1,594.2	1,592.0	-0.1%
Assault	1,139.2	1,241.0	1,453.8	1,497.5	1,583.9	1,578.3	-0.4%
Stalking	11.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.9	6.8	-0.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	6.8	99.7%
Sexual assault and related offences	130.5	133.2	141.0	101.2	99.4	89.0	-10.5%
Aggravated sexual assault	94.9	102.8	104.9	66.3	82.3	54.8	-33.4%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	19.8	22.8	14.5	27.9	10.3	10.3	-0.1%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	7.9	3.8	3.6	0.0	3.4	3.4	-0.1%
Child pornography	7.9	3.8	18.1	7.0	3.4	13.7	299.5%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	11.9	26.6	18.1	24.4	34.3	24.0	-30.1%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	134.5	144.7	137.4	118.7	126.9	116.4	-8.2%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	0.0	3.4	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	11.9	3.8	7.2	0.0	17.1	6.8	-60.1%
Harassment and private nuisance	19.8	30.5	14.5	20.9	6.9	13.7	99.7%
Threatening behaviour	102.8	110.4	115.7	94.3	102.9	92.4	-10.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	51.4	34.3	57.9	24.4	37.7	41.1	8.9%
Total	1,487.2	1,587.4	1,815.5	1,769.8	1,892.5	1,865.9	-1.4%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 50. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Palmerston

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	75	94	124	150	143	139	-2.8%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	59	70	77	70	108	97	-10.2%
No alcohol – DV related	26	29	29	33	42	62	47.6%
No alcohol – not DV related	19	31	43	59	49	63	28.6%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	37	28	31	32	33	23	-30.3%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	72	74	98	85	87	77	-11.5%
Total Alcohol involved	134	164	201	220	251	236	-6.0%
Total DV related	138	151	184	215	218	224	2.8%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	75	94	124	150	143	139	-2.8%
Total	288	326	402	429	462	461	-0.2%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 51. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Palmerston

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	296.7	357.8	448.4	523.6	490.3	475.9	-2.9%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	233.4	266.5	278.5	244.4	370.3	332.1	-10.3%
No alcohol – DV related	102.8	110.4	104.9	115.2	144.0	212.3	47.4%
No alcohol – not DV related	75.2	118.0	155.5	206.0	168.0	215.7	28.4%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	146.3	106.6	112.1	111.7	113.1	78.7	-30.4%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	284.8	281.7	354.4	296.7	298.3	263.6	-11.6%
Total Alcohol involved	530.0	624.3	726.9	768.0	860.5	808.0	-6.1%
Total DV related	545.8	574.8	665.4	750.5	747.4	766.9	2.6%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	296.7	357.8	448.4	523.6	490.3	475.9	-2.9%
Total	1,139.2	1,241.0	1,453.8	1,497.5	1,583.9	1,578.3	-0.4%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 52. Frequency of offences against property, Palmerston

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	281	301	208	228	195	305	56.4%
House break-ins – actual	222	274	175	167	154	253	64.3%
House break-ins – attempted	59	27	33	61	41	52	26.8%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	154	288	145	169	175	131	-25.1%
Commercial break-ins – actual	109	241	115	141	137	98	-28.5%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	45	47	30	28	38	33	-13.2%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	190	316	357	457	331	361	9.1%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	102	125	167	155	142	145	2.1%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	88	191	190	302	189	216	14.3%
Theft and related offences – other	890	987	935	1,061	849	945	11.3%
Theft from retail premises	51	134	116	196	203	187	-7.9%
Other theft and related offences	839	853	819	865	646	758	17.3%
Property damage	804	1,094	935	1,224	787	788	0.1%
Total	2,319	2,986	2,580	3,139	2,337	2,530	8.3%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 53. Rate of offences against property, Palmerston

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	1,111.5	1,145.8	752.2	795.9	668.5	1,044.2	56.2%
House break-ins – actual	878.1	1,043.1	632.9	583.0	528.0	866.2	64.1%
House break-ins – attempted	233.4	102.8	119.3	212.9	140.6	178.0	26.7%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	609.1	1,096.3	524.4	589.9	600.0	448.5	-25.2%
Commercial break-ins – actual	431.1	917.4	415.9	492.2	469.7	335.5	-28.6%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	178.0	178.9	108.5	97.7	130.3	113.0	-13.3%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	751.5	1,202.9	1,291.1	1,595.3	1,134.8	1,236.0	8.9%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	403.4	475.8	604.0	541.1	486.8	496.4	2.0%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	348.1	727.1	687.1	1,054.2	648.0	739.5	14.1%
Theft and related offences – other	3,520.3	3,757.3	3,381.4	3,703.7	2,910.7	3,235.4	11.2%
Theft from retail premises	201.7	510.1	419.5	684.2	696.0	640.2	-8.0%
Other theft and related offences	3,318.6	3,247.2	2,961.9	3,019.5	2,214.8	2,595.2	17.2%
Property damage	3,180.1	4,164.6	3,381.4	4,272.7	2,698.2	2,697.9	0.0%
Total	9,172.5	11,367.0	9,330.6	10,957.5	8,012.2	8,662.0	8.1%

Table 54. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, Palmerston

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	987	925	1,030	1,275	1,089	758	-30.4%
Indigenous female	399	477	424	509	437	277	-36.6%
Non-Indigenous male	91	64	87	92	72	72	0.0%
Non-Indigenous female	15	10	20	15	14	10	-28.6%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	33	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	47	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Total Indigenous	1,386	1,402	1,454	1,784	1,526	1,035	-32.2%
Total non-Indigenous	106	74	107	107	86	82	-4.7%
Total male	1,078	989	1,117	1,367	1,161	863	-25.7%
Total female	414	487	444	524	451	334	-25.9%
Total	1,492	1,476	1,561	1,891	1,612	1,199	-25.6%
Episodes per 100,000 population	5,901.4	5,618.8	5,645.4	6,601.0	5,526.6	4,105.0	-25.7%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

11.4 ALICE SPRINGS

Table 55. Victims of offences against the person, Alice Springs

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	9	4	7	2	7	6	-14.3%
Murder	6	2	4	0	6	6	0.0%
Attempted murder	3	1	3	1	1	0	-100.0%
Manslaughter	0	1	0	1	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	1,080	1,020	1,277	1,724	1,804	1,774	-1.7%
Assault	1,077	1,018	1,275	1,720	1,793	1,764	-1.6%
Stalking	0	2	2	4	11	8	-27.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	60	78	67	90	78	-13.3%
Aggravated sexual assault	32	41	55	51	63	53	-15.9%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	13	16	21	11	24	21	-12.5%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	2	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	3	2	5	3	4	33.3%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	16	16	21	25	29	16.0%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	68	95	101	86	88	2.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	1	1	0	0	0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	14	8	9	14	13	-7.1%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	9	12	12	5	4	-20.0%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	44	74	80	67	71	6.0%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	11	12	19	26	32	32	0.0%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 56. Victim rate, offences against the person, Alice Springs

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	33.5	14.7	25.2	7.0	24.4	21.1	-13.7%
Murder	22.3	7.4	14.4	0.0	20.9	21.1	0.7%
Attempted murder	11.2	3.7	10.8	3.5	3.5	0.0	-100.0%
Manslaughter	0.0	3.7	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	4,016.8	3,757.7	4,592.5	6,055.5	6,295.8	6,235.7	-1.0%
Assault	4,005.7	3,750.4	4,585.3	6,041.4	6,257.4	6,200.6	-0.9%
Stalking	0.0	7.4	7.2	14.0	38.4	28.1	-26.7%
Other acts intended to cause injury	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	221.0	280.5	235.3	314.1	274.2	-12.7%
Aggravated sexual assault	119.0	151.0	197.8	179.1	219.9	186.3	-15.3%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	48.4	58.9	75.5	38.6	83.8	73.8	-11.9%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	7.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	11.1	7.2	17.6	10.5	14.1	34.3%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	58.9	57.5	73.8	87.2	101.9	16.8%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	250.5	341.7	354.8	300.1	309.3	3.1%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	3.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	51.6	28.8	31.6	48.9	45.7	-6.5%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	33.2	43.2	42.1	17.4	14.1	-19.4%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	162.1	266.1	281.0	233.8	249.6	6.7%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	40.9	44.2	68.3	91.3	111.7	112.5	0.7%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 57. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, Alice Springs

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	8	4	2	1	6	3	-50.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	717	735	878	1,216	1,273	1,280	0.5%
Assault	717	735	878	1,214	1,272	1,275	0.2%
Stalking	0	0	0	2	1	3	200.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	25	33	34	42	36	-14.3%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	9	3	8	11	10	-9.1%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	28	30	31	35	34	-2.9%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	0	4	3	5	5	0.0%
<hr/>							
Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	0	5	1	1	3	200.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	258	255	349	391	438	415	-5.3%
Assault	255	253	347	389	428	410	-4.2%
Stalking	0	2	2	2	10	5	-50.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	27	39	26	44	39	-11.4%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	6	8	11	10	16	60.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	36	56	52	35	41	17.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	11	14	21	26	25	-3.8%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 58. Victims of offences against the person by sex, Alice Springs

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	5	2	5	2	6	2	-66.7%
Acts intended to cause injury	289	276	403	526	599	556	-7.2%
Assault	289	276	403	526	596	554	-7.0%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	3	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	1	6	7	1	8	700.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	6	7	12	11	11	0.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	14	34	30	24	30	25.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	8	8	10	15	22	17	-22.7%
<hr/>							
Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	4	2	2	0	1	4	300.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	782	744	870	1,176	1,189	1,195	0.5%
Assault	779	742	868	1,172	1,181	1,187	0.5%
Stalking	0	2	2	4	8	8	0.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	57	70	57	87	70	-19.5%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	9	4	9	11	15	36.4%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	51	55	58	49	49	0.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	3	4	9	9	10	13	30.0%

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 59. Assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Alice Springs

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	99	94	150	236	268	242	-9.7%
Indigenous female	618	641	728	978	1,004	1,033	2.9%
Non-Indigenous male	155	167	234	252	304	282	-7.2%
Non-Indigenous female	100	86	113	137	124	128	3.2%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	35	15	19	38	24	30	25.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	61	15	27	57	53	26	-50.9%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	9	0	4	22	16	23	43.8%
Total	1,077	1,018	1,275	1,720	1,793	1,764	-1.6%

Table 60. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, Alice Springs

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	44	59	64	110	125	130	4.0%
Indigenous female	522	560	549	747	788	798	1.3%
Non-Indigenous male	23	11	20	39	24	22	-8.3%
Non-Indigenous female	42	33	42	64	40	45	12.5%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	2	1	3	14	6	7	16.7%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	36	9	9	38	34	17	-50.0%
Total Indigenous	566	619	613	857	913	928	1.6%
Total non-Indigenous	65	44	62	103	64	67	4.7%
Total male	69	71	87	163	155	159	2.6%
Total female	600	602	600	849	862	860	-0.2%
Total	669	673	687	1,012	1,017	1,019	0.2%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	66	67	93	166	184	163	-11.4%
Indigenous female	487	508	534	711	759	785	3.4%
Non-Indigenous male	82	79	123	134	167	145	-13.2%
Non-Indigenous female	37	45	46	60	50	62	24.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	14	4	10	19	14	10	-28.6%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	35	7	15	36	36	16	-55.6%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	3	0	0	4	5	12	140.0%
Total Indigenous	553	575	627	877	943	948	0.5%
Total non-Indigenous	119	124	169	194	217	207	-4.6%
Total male	162	150	226	319	365	318	-12.9%
Total female	559	560	595	807	845	863	2.1%
Total	724	710	821	1,30	1,215	1,193	-1.8%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	37	47	39	85	96	96	0.0%
Indigenous female	428	456	437	580	632	633	0.2%
Non-Indigenous male	14	5	14	24	17	10	-41.2%
Non-Indigenous female	24	20	22	30	15	20	33.3%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	2	0	3	8	6	4	-33.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	24	5	8	27	27	13	-51.9%
Total Indigenous	465	503	476	665	728	729	0.1%
Total non-Indigenous	38	25	36	54	32	30	-6.3%
Total male	53	52	56	117	119	110	-7.6%
Total female	476	481	467	637	674	666	-1.2%
Total	529	533	523	754	793	776	-2.1%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 61. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Alice Springs

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	4	1	2	5	1	2	100.0%
Indigenous female	17	24	31	28	41	33	-19.5%
Non-Indigenous male	2	0	4	1	0	3	n/a
Non-Indigenous female	18	26	35	24	43	33	-23.3%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	6	6	4	4	2	1	-50.0%
Total male	6	1	6	6	1	7	600.0%
Total female	41	56	70	56	86	67	-22.1%
Total	47	57	76	62	87	74	-14.9%

Note: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 62. Frequency of offences against the person, Alice Springs

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	9	4	6	2	7	6	-14.3%
Murder	6	2	4	0	6	6	0.0%
Attempted murder	2	1	2	1	1	0	-100.0%
Manslaughter	1	1	0	1	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	1,146	1,114	1,296	1,650	1,720	1,708	-0.7%
Assault	1,141	1,112	1,294	1,645	1,713	1,699	-0.8%
Stalking	2	2	2	5	7	8	14.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	3	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	44	58	84	72	91	79	-13.2%
Aggravated sexual assault	29	41	60	54	64	49	-23.4%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	15	14	22	10	22	24	9.1%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0	0	0	3	1	1	0.0%
Child pornography	0	3	2	5	4	1	-75.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	0	4	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	18	17	25	16	25	30	20.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	65	69	90	89	84	83	-1.2%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	1	1	0	0	0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	9	14	8	8	14	12	-14.3%
Harassment and private nuisance	19	9	12	12	5	4	-20.0%
Threatening behaviour	37	45	69	69	65	67	3.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	11	12	20	24	33	28	-15.2%
Total	1,293	1,274	1,521	1,853	1,960	1,934	-1.3%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 63. Rate of offences against the person, Alice Springs

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	33.5	14.7	21.6	7.0	24.4	21.1	-13.7%
Murder	22.3	7.4	14.4	0.0	20.9	21.1	0.7%
Attempted murder	7.4	3.7	7.2	3.5	3.5	0.0	-100.0%
Manslaughter	3.7	3.7	0.0	3.5	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	4,262.3	4,104.0	4,660.9	5,795.6	6,002.7	6,003.7	0.0%
Assault	4,243.7	4,096.7	4,653.7	5,778.0	5,978.2	5,972.1	-0.1%
Stalking	7.4	7.4	7.2	17.6	24.4	28.1	15.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	11.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.5	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	163.6	213.7	302.1	252.9	317.6	277.7	-12.6%
Aggravated sexual assault	107.9	151.0	215.8	189.7	223.4	172.2	-22.9%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	55.8	51.6	79.1	35.1	76.8	84.4	9.9%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0.0	0.0	0.0	10.5	3.5	3.5	0.7%
Child pornography	0.0	11.1	7.2	17.6	14.0	3.5	-74.8%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.1	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	66.9	62.6	89.9	56.2	87.2	105.5	20.9%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	241.8	254.2	323.7	312.6	293.2	291.8	-0.5%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	3.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	33.5	51.6	28.8	28.1	48.9	42.2	-13.7%
Harassment and private nuisance	70.7	33.2	43.2	42.1	17.4	14.1	-19.4%
Threatening behaviour	137.6	165.8	248.1	242.4	226.8	235.5	3.8%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	40.9	44.2	71.9	84.3	115.2	98.4	-14.5%
Total	4,809.0	4,693.5	5,470.0	6,508.6	6,840.2	6,798.1	-0.6%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 64. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Alice Springs

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	559	610	555	711	747	734	-1.7%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	223	193	295	382	414	419	1.2%
No alcohol – DV related	29	43	51	74	93	89	-4.3%
No alcohol – not DV related	55	62	82	87	122	107	-12.3%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	109	95	108	139	104	127	22.1%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	166	109	203	252	233	223	-4.3%
Total Alcohol involved	782	803	850	1,093	1,161	1,153	-0.7%
Total DV related	697	748	714	924	944	950	0.6%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	559	610	555	711	747	734	-1.7%
Total	1,141	1,112	1,294	1,645	1,713	1,699	-0.8%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 65. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Alice Springs

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	2,079.1	2,247.3	1,996.0	2,497.4	2,607.0	2,580.1	-1.0%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	829.4	711.0	1,060.9	1,341.8	1,444.8	1,472.8	1.9%
No alcohol – DV related	107.9	158.4	183.4	259.9	324.6	312.8	-3.6%
No alcohol – not DV related	204.6	228.4	294.9	305.6	425.8	376.1	-11.7%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	405.4	350.0	388.4	488.2	363.0	446.4	23.0%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	617.4	401.6	730.1	885.1	813.1	783.9	-3.6%
Total Alcohol involved	2,908.5	2,958.3	3,056.9	3,839.1	4,051.8	4,052.9	0.0%
Total DV related	2,592.3	2,755.7	2,567.8	3,245.5	3,294.5	3,339.3	1.4%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	2,079.1	2,247.3	1,996.0	2,497.4	2,607.0	2,580.1	-1.0%
Total	4,243.7	4,096.7	4,653.7	5,778.0	5,978.2	5,972.1	-0.1%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 66. Frequency of offences against property, Alice Springs

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	230	261	230	345	626	544	-13.1%
House break-ins – actual	210	249	216	283	551	484	-12.2%
House break-ins – attempted	20	12	14	62	75	60	-20.0%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	316	390	522	456	485	454	-6.4%
Commercial break-ins – actual	287	356	487	391	412	393	-4.6%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	29	34	35	65	73	61	-16.4%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	267	246	353	464	501	443	-11.6%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	161	112	166	197	276	202	-26.8%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	106	134	187	267	225	241	7.1%
Theft and related offences – other	1,314	1,161	1,171	1,230	1,353	1,390	2.7%
Theft from retail premises	98	152	180	177	151	164	8.6%
Other theft and related offences	1,216	1,009	991	1,053	1,202	1,226	2.0%
Property damage	1,668	1,622	1,859	1,927	1,849	2,126	15.0%
Total	3,795	3,680	4,135	4,422	4,814	4,957	3.0%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 67. Rate of offences against property, Alice Springs

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	855.4	961.5	827.2	1,211.8	2,184.7	1,912.2	-12.5%
House break-ins – actual	781.0	917.3	776.8	994.0	1,922.9	1,701.3	-11.5%
House break-ins – attempted	74.4	44.2	50.3	217.8	261.7	210.9	-19.4%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	1,175.3	1,436.8	1,877.3	1,601.7	1,692.6	1,595.8	-5.7%
Commercial break-ins – actual	1,067.4	1,311.5	1,751.4	1,373.4	1,437.8	1,381.4	-3.9%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	107.9	125.3	125.9	228.3	254.8	214.4	-15.8%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	993.0	906.3	1,269.5	1,629.8	1,748.4	1,557.2	-10.9%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	598.8	412.6	597.0	692.0	963.2	710.0	-26.3%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	394.2	493.7	672.5	937.8	785.2	847.1	7.9%
Theft and related offences – other	4,887.1	4,277.2	4,211.3	4,320.3	4,721.9	4,885.9	3%
Theft from retail premises	364.5	560.0	647.3	621.7	527.0	576.5	9.4%
Other theft and related offences	4,522.6	3,717.2	3,564.0	3,698.6	4,194.9	4,309.5	2.7%
Property damage	6,203.7	5,975.5	6,685.6	6,768.5	6,452.9	7,473.0	15.8%
Total	14,114.6	13,557.3	14,870.9	15,532.1	16,800.4	17,424.2	3.7%

Table 68. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, Alice Springs

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	1,900	2,633	5,399	6,682	2,020	2,983	47.7%
Indigenous female	972	1,653	2,914	3,464	1,167	1,797	54.0%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	124	125	173	202	61	111	82.0%
Non-Indigenous female	15	19	10	11	5	27	440.0%
Non-Indigenous, sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	1	3	12	4	69	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	17	0	136	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	4	n/a
Total Indigenous	2,872	4,286	8,313	10,146	3,187	4,781	50.0%
Total non-Indigenous	139	144	183	213	66	139	110.6%
Total male	2,024	2,759	5,575	6,896	2,085	3,163	51.7%
Total female	987	1,672	2,924	3,492	1,172	1,960	67.2%
Total	3,011	4,431	8,499	10,388	3,257	5,129	57.5%
Episodes per 100,000 population	11,198.7	16,324.0	30,565.3	36,487.5	11,366.7	18,028.8	58.6%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

11.5 KATHERINE

Table 69. Victims of offences against the person, Katherine

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	3	2	4	5	0	1	n/a
Murder	2	1	1	3	0	1	n/a
Attempted murder	0	0	3	0	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	1	1	0	2	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	480	522	642	729	684	647	-5.4%
Assault	480	516	641	728	681	645	-5.3%
Stalking	0	4	1	1	3	2	-33.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	2	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	35	31	23	29	14	-51.7%
Aggravated sexual assault	19	33	26	18	22	3	-86.4%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	6	2	5	3	6	6	0.0%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	2	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	0	0	1	1	5	400.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	5	8	7	3	12	300.0%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	13	25	27	33	20	-39.4%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	2	6	5	4	1	-75.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	3	5	1	3	4	33.3%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	8	14	21	26	15	-42.3%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	6	4	9	7	10	5	-50.0%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 70. Victim rate, offences against the person, Katherine

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	30.6	20.1	39.5	48.3	0.0	9.6	n/a
Murder	20.4	10.0	9.9	29.0	0.0	9.6	n/a
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	29.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	10.2	10.0	0.0	19.3	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	4,900.0	5,243.1	6,337.6	7,041.4	6,568.1	6,231.9	-5.1%
Assault	4,900.0	5,182.8	6,327.7	7,031.8	6,539.3	6,212.7	-5.0%
Stalking	0.0	40.2	9.9	9.7	28.8	19.3	-33.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	20.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	351.5	306.0	222.2	278.5	134.8	-51.6%
Aggravated sexual assault	194.0	331.5	256.7	173.9	211.3	28.9	-86.3%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	61.2	20.1	49.4	29.0	57.6	57.8	0.3%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	20.4	0.0	0.0	9.7	0.0	0.0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	0.0	0.0	9.7	9.6	48.2	401.5%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	50.2	79.0	67.6	28.8	115.6	301.2%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	130.6	246.8	260.8	316.9	192.6	-39.2%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	20.1	59.2	48.3	38.4	9.6	-74.9%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	30.1	49.4	9.7	28.8	38.5	33.7%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	80.4	138.2	202.8	249.7	144.5	-42.1%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	61.2	40.2	88.8	67.6	96.0	48.2	-49.8%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 71. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, Katherine

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	1	1	2	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	347	380	468	533	531	504	-5.1%
Assault	347	380	468	532	531	503	-5.3%
Stalking	0	0	0	1	0	1	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	15	13	17	14	5	-64.3%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	3	3	3	2	5	150.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	5	8	10	12	4	-66.7%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	0	0	1	1	1	0.0%
Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	1	3	3	0	1	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	103	127	149	161	141	131	-7.1%
Assault	103	121	148	161	138	131	-5.1%
Stalking	0	4	1	0	3	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	2	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	14	16	6	13	7	-46.2%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	2	5	3	1	4	300.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	7	11	10	18	10	-44.4%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	4	6	5	7	3	-57.1%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 72. Victims of offences against the person by sex, Katherine

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	0	1	4	0	1	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	131	174	239	271	220	205	-6.8%
Assault	131	172	238	271	220	205	-6.8%
Stalking	0	1	1	0	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	3	6	2	1	3	200.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	0	3	3	2	4	100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	7	4	8	13	8	-38.5%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	2	4	5	4	5	4	-20.0%
Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	2	3	1	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	343	348	400	451	457	436	-4.6%
Assault	343	344	400	450	454	434	-4.4%
Stalking	0	3	0	1	3	2	-33.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	32	25	21	28	9	-67.9%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	5	5	4	1	6	500.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	6	17	14	18	9	-50.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	4	0	2	2	3	0	-100.0%

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 73. Assault victims and victimisation rates by Indigenous status and sex, Katherine

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	69	86	127	148	129	110	-14.7%
Indigenous female	278	294	341	384	402	393	-2.2%
Non-Indigenous male	53	81	101	103	89	93	4.5%
Non-Indigenous female	49	40	47	58	49	38	-22.4%
Non-Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	9	5	10	20	2	2	0.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	16	10	12	8	3	3	0.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	5	0	3	7	7	6	-14.3%
Total	480	516	641	728	681	645	-5.3%

Table 74. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, Katherine

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	48	46	72	71	46	60	30.4%
Indigenous female	243	251	277	307	319	339	6.3%
Non-Indigenous male	12	10	12	14	10	15	50.0%
Non-Indigenous female	33	12	21	22	19	16	-15.8%
Non-Indigenous unknown	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	6	1	3	2	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	8	7	6	4	1	0	-100.0%
Total Indigenous	291	297	349	378	365	399	9.3%
Total non-Indigenous	46	22	33	36	29	31	6.9%
Total male	66	57	87	87	56	75	33.9%
Total female	284	270	304	333	339	355	4.7%
Total	351	327	391	420	395	430	8.9%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	52	67	102	118	99	85	-14.1%
Indigenous female	226	225	270	320	334	335	0.3%
Non-Indigenous male	32	57	76	69	56	65	16.1%
Non-Indigenous female	35	21	16	34	30	23	-23.3%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	4	4	6	9	2	2	0.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	9	8	8	5	2	2	0.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	3	0	0	2	3	3	0.0%
Total Indigenous	278	292	372	438	433	420	-3.0%
Total non-Indigenous	67	78	92	103	86	88	2.3%
Total male	88	128	184	196	157	152	-3.2%
Total female	270	254	294	359	366	360	-1.6%
Total	361	382	478	557	526	515	-2.1%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	39	36	63	60	43	53	23.3%
Indigenous female	200	199	227	263	271	293	8.1%
Non-Indigenous male	7	8	9	8	4	11	175.0%
Non-Indigenous female	20	5	5	12	12	13	8.3%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	1	0	2	2	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	4	6	5	3	1	0	-100.0%
Total Indigenous	239	235	290	323	314	346	10.2%
Total non-Indigenous	27	13	14	20	16	24	50.0%
Total male	47	44	74	70	47	64	36.2%
Total female	224	210	237	278	284	306	7.7%
Total	271	254	311	348	331	370	11.8%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 75. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Katherine

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	1	0	2	2	1	0	-100.0%
Indigenous female	13	15	11	15	13	3	-76.9%
Non-Indigenous male	2	2	2	0	0	3	n/a
Non-Indigenous female	6	12	14	5	12	3	-75.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	1	1	2	0	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	4	5	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Total male	4	3	6	2	1	3	200.0%
Total female	23	32	25	20	27	6	-77.8%
Total	27	35	31	22	28	9	-67.9%

Note: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 76. Frequency of offences against the person, Katherine

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	4	2	4	5	0	1	n/a
Murder	2	1	1	3	0	1	n/a
Attempted murder	1	0	2	0	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	1	1	1	2	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	481	504	600	701	656	635	-3.2%
Assault	481	498	599	700	653	633	-3.1%
Stalking	0	4	1	1	3	2	-33.3%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	2	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	33	36	30	24	28	13	-53.6%
Aggravated sexual assault	26	33	24	19	21	3	-85.7%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	7	3	5	4	5	6	20.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0	0	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Child pornography	0	0	1	1	1	2	100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	2	4	6	6	5	12	140.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	9	14	24	25	27	18	-33.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	2	2	6	5	4	1	-75.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	2	3	5	1	3	4	33.3%
Threatening behaviour	5	9	13	19	20	13	-35.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	5	4	7	5	7	4	-42.9%
Total	534	564	671	766	723	683	-5.5%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 77. Rate of offences against the person, Katherine

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	40.8	20.1	39.5	48.3	0.0	9.6	n/a
Murder	20.4	10.0	9.9	29.0	0.0	9.6	n/a
Attempted murder	10.2	0.0	19.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	10.2	10.0	9.9	19.3	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	4,910.2	5,062.3	5,923.0	6,771.0	6,299.2	6,116.4	-2.9%
Assault	4,910.2	5,002.0	5,913.1	6,761.3	6,270.4	6,097.1	-2.8%
Stalking	0.0	40.2	9.9	9.7	28.8	19.3	-33.1%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	20.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	336.9	361.6	296.2	231.8	268.9	125.2	-53.4%
Aggravated sexual assault	265.4	331.5	236.9	183.5	201.7	28.9	-85.7%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	71.5	30.1	49.4	38.6	48.0	57.8	20.4%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6	9.6	0.3%
Child pornography	0.0	0.0	9.9	9.7	9.6	19.3	100.6%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.6	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	20.4	40.2	59.2	58.0	48.0	115.6	140.7%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	91.9	140.6	236.9	241.5	259.3	173.4	-33.1%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	20.4	20.1	59.2	48.3	38.4	9.6	-74.9%
Harassment and private nuisance	20.4	30.1	49.4	9.7	28.8	38.5	33.7%
Threatening behaviour	51.0	90.4	128.3	183.5	192.0	125.2	-34.8%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	51.0	40.2	69.1	48.3	67.2	38.5	-42.7%
Total	5,451.2	5,664.9	6,623.9	7,398.8	6,942.6	6,578.7	-5.2%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 78. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Katherine

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	259	237	282	330	307	347	13.0%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	99	132	162	202	196	160	-18.4%
No alcohol – DV related	20	34	40	38	28	25	-10.7%
No alcohol – not DV related	4	29	32	26	30	29	-3.3%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	57	32	33	26	30	29	-3.3%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	42	34	50	78	62	43	-30.6%
Total Alcohol involved	358	369	444	532	503	507	0.8%
Total DV related	336	303	355	394	365	401	9.9%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	259	237	282	330	307	347	13.0%
Total	481	498	599	700	653	633	-3.1%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 79. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Katherine

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	2,643.9	2,380.5	2,783.8	3,187.5	2,948.0	3,342.3	13.4%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	1,010.6	1,325.8	1,599.2	1,951.1	1,882.1	1,541.1	-18.1%
No alcohol – DV related	204.2	341.5	394.9	367.0	268.9	240.8	-10.4%
No alcohol – not DV related	40.8	291.3	315.9	251.1	288.1	279.3	-3.0%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	581.9	321.4	325.8	251.1	288.1	279.3	-3.0%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	428.7	341.5	493.6	753.4	595.4	414.2	-30.4%
Total Alcohol involved	3,654.6	3,706.3	4,383.0	5,138.6	4,830.0	4,883.5	1.1%
Total DV related	3,430.0	3,043.4	3,504.4	3,805.7	3,504.9	3,862.5	10.2%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	2,643.9	2,380.5	2,783.8	3,187.5	2,948.0	3,342.3	13.4%
Total	4,910.2	5,002.0	5,913.1	6,761.3	6,270.4	6,097.1	-2.8%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 80. Frequency of offences against property, Katherine

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	103	71	65	136	123	84	-31.7%
House break-ins – actual	89	68	55	119	108	70	-35.2%
House break-ins – attempted	14	3	10	17	15	14	-6.7%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	93	135	129	164	143	105	-26.6%
Commercial break-ins – actual	81	116	114	139	124	92	-25.8%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	12	19	15	25	19	13	-31.6%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	40	74	67	83	72	74	2.8%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	22	23	33	35	32	36	12.5%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	18	51	34	48	40	38	-5.0%
Theft and related offences – other	449	438	404	413	453	374	-17.4%
Theft from retail premises	103	112	129	89	108	63	-41.7%
Other theft and related offences	346	326	275	324	345	311	-9.9%
Property damage	275	350	452	457	369	338	-8.4%
Total	960	1,068	1,117	1,253	1,160	975	-15.9%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 81. Rate of offences against property, Katherine

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	1,051.4	713.1	641.7	1,313.6	1,181.1	809.1	-31.5%
House break-ins – actual	908.5	683.0	542.9	1,149.4	1,037.1	674.2	-35.0%
House break-ins – attempted	142.9	30.1	98.7	164.2	144.0	134.8	-6.4%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	949.4	1,356.0	1,273.4	1,584.1	1,373.2	1,011.4	-26.3%
Commercial break-ins – actual	826.9	1,165.1	1,125.4	1,342.6	1,190.7	886.1	-25.6%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	122.5	190.8	148.1	241.5	182.4	125.2	-31.4%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	408.3	743.3	661.4	801.7	691.4	712.8	3.1%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	224.6	231.0	325.8	338.1	307.3	346.8	12.8%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	183.7	512.3	335.6	463.6	384.1	366.0	-4.7%
Theft and related offences – other	4,583.5	4,399.4	3,988.2	3,989.2	4,349.9	3,602.4	-17.2%
Theft from retail premises	1,051.4	1,124.9	1,273.4	859.7	1,037.1	606.8	-41.5%
Other theft and related offences	3,532.1	3,274.4	2,714.7	3,129.5	3,312.8	2,995.6	-9.6%
Property damage	2,807.3	3,515.5	4,462.0	4,414.2	3,543.3	3,255.6	-8.1%
Total	9,799.9	10,727.2	11,026.7	12,102.8	11,138.9	9,391.3	-15.7%

Table 82. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, Katherine

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	4,278	4,671	5,450	5,796	3,879	2,930	-24.5%
Indigenous female	1,755	1,755	2,150	2,651	2,036	1,392	-31.6%
Non-Indigenous male	77	61	67	94	74	61	-17.6%
Non-Indigenous female	7	6	3	14	6	21	250.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	1	1	2	84	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	1	0	0	0	190	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	4	n/a
Total Indigenous	6,033	6,426	7,600	8,447	5,915	4,322	-26.9%
Total non-Indigenous	84	67	70	108	80	82	2.5%
Total male	4,355	4,732	5,518	5,891	3,955	3,075	-22.3%
Total female	1,762	1,762	2,153	2,665	2,042	1,603	-21.5%
Total	6,117	6,494	7,671	8,556	5,997	4,682	-21.9%
Episodes per 100,000 population	62,443.9	65,227.0	75,725.6	82,642.7	57,585.9	45,097.3	-21.7%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

11.6 TENNANT CREEK

Table 83. Victims of offences against the person, Tennant Creek

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>0</i>	<i>n/a</i>
Murder	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Attempted murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	<i>404</i>	<i>503</i>	<i>433</i>	<i>530</i>	<i>470</i>	<i>457</i>	<i>-2.8%</i>
Assault	404	503	432	526	469	457	-2.6%
Stalking	0	0	1	4	1	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>16</i>	<i>20</i>	<i>8</i>	<i>-60.0%</i>
Aggravated sexual assault	15	14	14	16	14	7	-50.0%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	1	4	5	0	3	1	-66.7%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	1	0	0	3	0	-100.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>5</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>7</i>	<i>75.0%</i>
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>30</i>	<i>24</i>	<i>33</i>	<i>19</i>	<i>12</i>	<i>-36.8%</i>
Abduction and kidnapping	0	1	1	0	2	0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	7	8	5	4	1	-75.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	7	3	6	1	1	0.0%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	15	12	22	12	10	-16.7%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>1</i>	<i>0.0%</i>

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 84. Victim rate, offences against the person, Tennant Creek

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	<i>30.0</i>	<i>29.3</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>0.0</i>	<i>n/a</i>
Murder	0.0	29.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	<i>12,132.1</i>	<i>14,729.1</i>	<i>12,410.4</i>	<i>15,056.8</i>	<i>13,333.3</i>	<i>13,001.4</i>	<i>-2.5%</i>
Assault	12,132.1	14,729.1	12,381.8	14,943.2	13,305.0	13,001.4	-2.3%
Stalking	0.0	0.0	28.7	113.6	28.4	0.0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>585.7</i>	<i>544.6</i>	<i>454.5</i>	<i>567.4</i>	<i>227.6</i>	<i>-59.9%</i>
Aggravated sexual assault	450.5	410.0	401.3	454.5	397.2	199.1	-49.9%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	30.0	117.1	143.3	0.0	85.1	28.4	-66.6%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	0.0	29.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	29.3	0.0	0.0	85.1	0.0	-100.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>146.4</i>	<i>114.6</i>	<i>113.6</i>	<i>113.5</i>	<i>199.1</i>	<i>75.5%</i>
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>878.5</i>	<i>687.9</i>	<i>937.5</i>	<i>539.0</i>	<i>341.4</i>	<i>-36.7%</i>
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	29.3	28.7	0.0	56.7	0.0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	205.0	229.3	142.0	113.5	28.4	-74.9%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	205.0	86.0	170.5	28.4	28.4	0.3%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	439.2	343.9	625.0	340.4	284.5	-16.4%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	<i>60.1</i>	<i>117.1</i>	<i>28.7</i>	<i>85.2</i>	<i>28.4</i>	<i>28.4</i>	<i>0.3%</i>

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 85. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, Tennant Creek

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	334	411	353	443	396	397	0.3%
Assault	334	411	353	440	396	397	0.3%
Stalking	0	0	0	3	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	11	15	11	13	6	-53.8%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	3	0	2	3	3	0.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	14	8	14	11	3	-72.7%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	2	0	0	0	0	n/a
<hr/>							
Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	48	90	78	71	71	56	-21.1%
Assault	48	90	77	70	70	56	-20.0%
Stalking	0	0	1	1	1	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	7	4	3	6	2	-66.7%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	2	4	0	1	4	300.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	9	11	17	8	8	0.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	2	1	3	1	1	0.0%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 86. Victims of offences against the person by sex, Tennant Creek

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	117	170	166	162	147	137	-6.8%
Assault	117	170	166	162	147	137	-6.8%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	0	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	3	3	1	2	4	100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	10	8	12	9	7	-22.2%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	2	2	1	3	1	1	0.0%
<hr/>							
Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	283	333	267	365	322	320	-0.6%
Assault	283	333	266	361	321	320	-0.3%
Stalking	0	0	1	4	1	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	19	19	16	18	8	-55.6%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	2	1	1	2	3	50.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	15	14	19	10	4	-60.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	2	0	0	0	0	n/a

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 87. Assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Tennant Creek

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	69	99	106	114	92	93	1.1%
Indigenous female	264	312	247	326	304	304	0.0%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	37	70	59	47	55	44	-20.0%
Non-Indigenous female	11	20	18	23	15	12	-20.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	11	1	1	1	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	8	1	1	12	2	4	100.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	3	0	0	3	1	0	-100.0%
Total	404	503	432	526	469	457	-2.6%

Table 88. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, Tennant Creek

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	37	60	63	68	56	69	23.2%
Indigenous female	228	276	207	287	261	265	1.5%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	11	15	10	3	8	3	-62.5%
Non-Indigenous female	4	4	8	13	6	6	0.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	2	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	5	1	1	9	1	0	-100.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Total Indigenous	266	336	270	355	317	334	5.4%
Total non-Indigenous	15	19	18	16	14	9	-35.7%
Total male	50	75	73	71	64	72	12.5%
Total female	237	281	216	309	268	271	1.1%
Total	289	356	289	380	332	343	3.3%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	48	80	68	86	71	75	5.6%
Indigenous female	223	269	189	259	236	234	-0.8%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	24	56	46	35	39	32	-17.9%
Non-Indigenous female	5	10	10	11	8	7	-12.5%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	9	0	1	1	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	5	0	1	8	2	2	0.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	2	0	0	2	1	0	-100.0%
Total Indigenous	272	349	257	345	307	309	0.7%
Total non-Indigenous	29	66	56	46	47	39	-17.0%
Total male	81	136	115	122	110	107	-2.7%
Total female	233	279	200	278	246	243	-1.2%
Total	317	415	315	402	357	350	-2.0%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	29	52	44	58	48	56	16.7%
Indigenous female	199	244	168	235	204	207	1.5%
Indigenous, sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous male	8	13	6	2	4	2	-50.0%
Non-Indigenous female	0	2	6	8	4	3	-25.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	2	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	3	0	1	7	1	0	-100.0%
Total Indigenous	229	296	212	293	252	263	4.4%
Total non-Indigenous	8	15	12	10	8	5	-37.5%
Total male	39	65	50	60	52	58	11.5%
Total female	202	246	175	250	209	210	0.5%
Total	242	311	225	310	261	268	2.7%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 89. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Tennant Creek

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Indigenous female	8	11	15	11	11	6	-45.5%
Non-Indigenous male	0	0	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Non-Indigenous female	4	7	4	3	5	2	-60.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	3	1	0	2	0	0	n/a
Total male	1	0	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Total female	15	19	19	16	16	8	-50.0%
Total	16	19	19	16	17	8	-52.9%

Note: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 90. Frequency of offences against the person, Tennant Creek

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Murder	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Attempted murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	428	495	428	499	462	484	4.8%
Assault	426	494	426	496	461	484	5.0%
Stalking	2	1	2	3	1	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	21	27	23	14	21	9	-57.1%
Aggravated sexual assault	19	18	15	13	14	6	-57.1%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	1	5	8	1	4	1	-75.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	1	1	0	0	1	2	100.0%
Child pornography	0	3	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	4	8	3	5	5	6	20.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	10	30	19	28	18	10	-44.4%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	1	1	0	2	0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	3	7	8	5	4	1	-75.0%
Harassment and private nuisance	3	7	3	5	1	1	0.0%
Threatening behaviour	4	15	7	18	11	8	-27.3%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	2	4	1	3	1	1	0.0%
Total	466	565	474	549	507	510	0.6%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 91. Rate of offences against the person, Tennant Creek

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	30.0	29.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Murder	0.0	29.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	12,852.9	14,494.9	12,267.1	14,176.1	13,106.4	13,769.6	5.1%
Assault	12,792.8	14,465.6	12,209.8	14,090.9	13,078.0	13,769.6	5.3%
Stalking	60.1	29.3	57.3	85.2	28.4	0.0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	630.6	790.6	659.2	397.7	595.7	256.0	-57.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	570.6	527.1	429.9	369.3	397.2	170.7	-57.0%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	30.0	146.4	229.3	28.4	113.5	28.4	-74.9%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	30.0	29.3	0.0	0.0	28.4	56.9	100.6%
Child pornography	0.0	87.8	0.0	0.0	56.7	0.0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	120.1	234.3	86.0	142.0	141.8	170.7	20.3%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	300.3	878.5	544.6	795.5	510.6	284.5	-44.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	29.3	28.7	0.0	56.7	0.0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	90.1	205.0	229.3	142.0	113.5	28.4	-74.9%
Harassment and private nuisance	90.1	205.0	86.0	142.0	28.4	28.4	0.3%
Threatening behaviour	120.1	439.2	200.6	511.4	312.1	227.6	-27.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	60.1	117.1	28.7	85.2	28.4	28.4	0.3%
Total	13,994.0	16,544.7	13,585.6	15,596.6	14,383.0	14,509.2	0.9%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 92. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Tennant Creek

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	240	308	219	280	238	283	18.9%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	88	100	92	99	113	91	-19.5%
No alcohol – DV related	15	24	28	26	40	56	40.0%
No alcohol – not DV related	9	19	23	19	19	17	-10.5%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	32	18	31	33	28	17	-39.3%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	42	25	33	39	23	20	-13.0%
Total Alcohol involved	328	408	311	379	351	374	6.6%
Total DV related	287	350	278	339	306	356	16.3%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	240	308	219	280	238	283	18.9%
Total	426	494	426	496	461	484	5.0%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 93. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Tennant Creek

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	7,207.2	9,019.0	6,276.9	7,954.5	6,751.8	8,051.2	19.2%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	2,642.6	2,928.3	2,636.9	2,812.5	3,205.7	2,588.9	-19.2%
No alcohol – DV related	450.5	702.8	802.5	738.6	1,134.8	1,593.2	40.4%
No alcohol – not DV related	270.3	556.4	659.2	539.8	539.0	483.6	-10.3%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	961.0	527.1	888.5	937.5	794.3	483.6	-39.1%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	1,261.3	732.1	945.8	1,108.0	652.5	569.0	-12.8%
Total Alcohol involved	9,849.8	11,947.3	8,913.7	10,767.0	9,957.4	10,640.1	6.9%
Total DV related	8,618.6	10,248.9	7,967.9	9,630.7	8,680.9	10,128.0	16.7%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	7,207.2	9,019.0	6,276.9	7,954.5	6,751.8	8,051.2	19.2%
Total	12,792.8	14,465.6	12,209.8	14,090.9	13,078.0	13,769.6	5.3%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 94. Frequency of offences against property, Tennant Creek

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	62	64	61	56	48	48	0.0%
House break-ins – actual	54	60	60	47	46	43	-6.5%
House break-ins – attempted	8	4	1	9	2	5	150.0%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	93	73	75	119	99	84	-15.2%
Commercial break-ins – actual	71	62	62	94	81	80	-1.2%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	22	11	13	25	18	4	-77.8%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	13	23	21	41	31	41	32.3%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	2	11	8	17	16	13	-18.8%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	11	12	13	24	15	28	86.7%
Theft and related offences – other	236	205	164	168	145	122	-15.9%
Theft from retail premises	24	29	17	24	24	17	-29.2%
Other theft and related offences	212	176	147	144	121	105	-13.2%
Property damage	252	285	243	295	265	209	-21.1%
Total	656	650	564	679	588	504	-14.3%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 95. Rate of offences against property, Tennant Creek

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	1,861.9	1,874.1	1,748.4	1,590.9	1,361.7	1,365.6	0.3%
House break-ins – actual	1,621.6	1,757.0	1,719.7	1,335.2	1,305.0	1,223.3	-6.3%
House break-ins – attempted	240.2	117.1	28.7	255.7	56.7	142.2	150.7%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	2,792.8	2,137.6	2,149.6	3,380.7	2,808.5	2,389.8	-14.9%
Commercial break-ins – actual	2,132.1	1,815.5	1,777.0	2,670.5	2,297.9	2,276.0	-1.0%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	660.7	322.1	372.6	710.2	510.6	113.8	-77.7%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	390.4	673.5	601.9	1,164.8	879.4	1,166.4	32.6%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	60.1	322.1	229.3	483.0	453.9	369.8	-18.5%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	330.3	351.4	372.6	681.8	425.5	796.6	87.2%
Theft and related offences – other	7,087.1	6,002.9	4,700.5	4,772.7	4,113.5	3,470.8	-15.6%
Theft from retail premises	720.7	849.2	487.2	681.8	680.9	483.6	-29.0%
Other theft and related offences	6,366.4	5,153.7	4,213.2	4,090.9	3,432.6	2,987.2	-13.0%
Property damage	7,567.6	8,345.5	6,964.7	8,380.7	7,517.7	5,945.9	-20.9%
Total	19,699.7	19,033.7	16,165.1	19,289.8	16,680.9	14,338.5	-14.0%

Table 96. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, Tennant Creek

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	2,612	3,326	2,564	1,774	950	435	-54.2%
Indigenous female	1,226	1,763	1,307	1,004	436	273	-37.4%
Non-Indigenous male	29	41	36	29	17	13	-23.5%
Non-Indigenous female	7	4	3	1	1	6	500.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	1	16	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	1	29	n/a
Total Indigenous	3,838	5,089	3,871	2,778	1,386	708	-48.9%
Total non-Indigenous	36	45	39	30	18	19	5.6%
Total male	2,641	3,367	2,600	1,803	968	464	-52.1%
Total female	1,233	1,767	1,310	1,005	438	308	-29.7%
Total	3,874	5,134	3,910	2,808	1,406	772	-45.1%
Episodes per 100,000 population	116,336.3	150,336.7	112,066.5	79,772.7	39,886.5	21,963.0	-44.9%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

11.7 NHULUNBUY

Table 97. Victims of offences against the person, Nhulunbuy

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Murder	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Attempted murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	95	155	111	103	97	94	-3.1%
Assault	95	153	111	103	94	92	-2.1%
Stalking	0	1	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	0	0	1	2	100.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	16	16	4	7	0	-100.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	7	11	11	4	5	0	-100.0%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	3	5	2	0	1	0	-100.0%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	0	3	0	1	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	0	5	2	1	1	0	-100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	0	11	11	8	4	2	-50.0%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Harassment and private nuisance	0	3	2	0	2	1	-50.0%
Threatening behaviour	0	8	8	8	2	1	-50.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	1	1	0	0	1	n/a

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 98. Victim rate, offences against the person, Nhulunbuy

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.0	-100.0%
Murder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.0	-100.0%
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	2,083.8	3,420.9	2,413.0	2,241.6	2,139.4	2,144.6	0.2%
Assault	2,083.8	3,376.7	2,413.0	2,241.6	2,073.2	2,099.0	1.2%
Stalking	0.0	22.1	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	22.1	0.0	0.0	22.1	45.6	106.9%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	353.1	347.8	87.1	154.4	0.0	-100.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	153.5	242.8	239.1	87.1	110.3	0.0	-100.0%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	65.8	110.4	43.5	0.0	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	21.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	0.0	65.2	0.0	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	110.4	43.5	21.8	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	242.8	239.1	174.1	88.2	45.6	-48.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	0.0	21.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	66.2	43.5	0.0	44.1	22.8	-48.3%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	176.6	173.9	174.1	44.1	22.8	-48.3%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0.0	22.1	21.7	0.0	0.0	22.8	n/a

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 99. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, Nhulunbuy

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	56	75	54	54	58	53	-8.6%
Assault	56	75	54	54	58	53	-8.6%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	10	5	1	2	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	1	3	0	0	0	n/a
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
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Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	25	74	57	48	38	36	-5.3%
Assault	25	73	57	48	35	36	2.9%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	6	9	3	5	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	3	1	0	1	0	-100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	7	7	5	3	1	-66.7%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	0	1	0	0	1	n/a

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 100. Victims of offences against the person by sex, Nhulunbuy

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	41	86	57	53	45	47	4.4%
Assault	41	86	57	53	45	46	2.2%
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	5	1	0	1	0	-100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	4	3	5	1	0	-100.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
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Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	52	69	54	50	52	46	-11.5%
Assault	52	67	54	50	49	45	-8.2%
Stalking	0	1	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	16	15	3	7	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	5	7	0	2	1	-50.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	1	0	0	0	1	n/a

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 101. Assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Nhulunbuy

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	11	23	10	15	20	17	-15.0%
Indigenous female	45	52	44	39	38	36	-5.3%
Non-Indigenous male	22	59	47	37	24	27	12.5%
Non-Indigenous female	3	14	10	11	11	9	-18.2%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	8	4	0	1	1	2	100.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	4	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	2	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Total	95	153	111	103	94	92	-2.1%

Table 102. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, Nhulunbuy

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	2	5	2	2	6	2	-66.7%
Indigenous female	31	41	33	26	31	30	-3.2%
Non-Indigenous male	0	1	5	3	2	3	50.0%
Non-Indigenous female	0	8	5	5	3	4	33.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	2	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	2	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Total Indigenous	33	46	35	28	37	32	-13.5%
Total non-Indigenous	0	9	10	8	5	7	40.0%
Total male	2	6	7	5	8	5	-37.5%
Total female	33	50	38	31	34	34	0.0%
Total	37	56	45	36	42	39	-7.1%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	7	18	7	11	15	9	-40.0%
Indigenous female	35	45	36	26	29	28	-3.4%
Non-Indigenous male	14	40	32	28	16	21	31.3%
Non-Indigenous female	3	8	8	4	4	9	125.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	5	0	0	1	1	1	0.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	3	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Total Indigenous	42	63	43	37	44	37	-15.9%
Total non-Indigenous	17	48	40	32	20	30	50.0%
Total male	26	58	39	40	32	31	-3.1%
Total female	41	54	44	30	33	37	12.1%
Total	68	112	83	70	65	68	4.6%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	1	4	2	2	4	1	-75.0%
Indigenous female	25	35	30	19	25	27	8.0%
Non-Indigenous male	0	1	5	2	1	3	200.0%
Non-Indigenous female	0	4	4	1	3	4	33.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	1	1	0	0	0	0	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Total Indigenous	26	39	32	21	29	28	-3.4%
Total non-Indigenous	0	5	9	3	4	7	75.0%
Total male	1	5	7	4	5	4	-20.0%
Total female	26	40	34	20	28	31	10.7%
Total	28	45	41	24	33	35	6.1%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 103. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, Nhulunbuy

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Indigenous female	5	10	5	1	1	0	-100.0%
Non-Indigenous male	0	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Non-Indigenous female	6	6	7	2	5	0	-100.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Total male	0	0	0	1	0	0	n/a
Total female	11	16	13	3	6	0	-100.0%
Total	11	16	13	4	6	0	-100.0%

Note: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 104. Frequency of offences against the person, Nhulunbuy

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Murder	0	0	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Attempted murder	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	100	150	114	99	95	104	9.5%
Assault	100	148	114	99	92	103	12.0%
Stalking	0	1	0	0	2	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	1	0	0	1	1	0.0%
Sexual assault and related offences	12	15	12	4	8	0	-100.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	7	11	8	4	5	0	-100.0%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	5	4	2	0	1	0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Child pornography	0	0	2	0	1	0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	0	6	2	2	1	0	-100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	3	11	11	7	4	2	-50.0%
Abduction and kidnapping	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	0	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Harassment and private nuisance	0	3	2	0	2	1	-50.0%
Threatening behaviour	3	8	8	7	2	1	-50.0%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	2	1	0	0	1	n/a
Total	115	184	140	112	110	107	-2.7%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 105. Rate of offences against the person, Nhulunbuy

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.0	-100.0%
Murder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.0	-100.0%
Attempted murder	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Manslaughter	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Acts intended to cause injury	2,193.5	3,310.5	2,478.3	2,154.5	2,095.3	2,372.8	13.2%
Assault	2,193.5	3,266.4	2,478.3	2,154.5	2,029.1	2,350.0	15.8%
Stalking	0.0	22.1	0.0	0.0	44.1	0.0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	22.1	0.0	0.0	22.1	22.8	3.4%
Sexual assault and related offences	263.2	331.1	260.9	87.1	176.4	0.0	-100.0%
Aggravated sexual assault	153.5	242.8	173.9	87.1	110.3	0.0	-100.0%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	109.7	88.3	43.5	0.0	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Child pornography	0.0	0.0	43.5	0.0	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	0.0	132.4	43.5	43.5	22.1	0.0	-100.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	65.8	242.8	239.1	152.3	88.2	45.6	-48.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	0.0	0.0	21.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Harassment and private nuisance	0.0	66.2	43.5	0.0	44.1	22.8	-48.3%
Threatening behaviour	65.8	176.6	173.9	152.3	44.1	22.8	-48.3%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0.0	44.1	21.7	0.0	0.0	22.8	n/a
Total	2,522.5	4,060.9	3,043.5	2,437.4	2,426.1	2,441.3	0.6%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 106. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Nhulunbuy

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	28	40	38	23	32	42	31.3%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	42	69	48	44	32	35	9.4%
No alcohol – DV related	2	4	1	7	3	6	100.0%
No alcohol – not DV related	6	15	6	5	6	4	-33.3%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	7	6	3	5	4	1	-75.0%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	15	14	18	15	15	15	0.0%
Total Alcohol involved	70	109	86	67	64	77	20.3%
Total DV related	37	50	42	35	39	49	25.6%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	28	40	38	23	32	42	31.3%
Total	100	148	114	99	92	103	12.0%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 107. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, Nhulunbuy

Number of assault offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	614.2	882.8	826.1	500.5	705.8	958.2	35.8%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	921.3	1,522.8	1,043.5	957.6	705.8	798.5	13.1%
No alcohol – DV related	43.9	88.3	21.7	152.3	66.2	136.9	106.9%
No alcohol – not DV related	131.6	331.1	130.4	108.8	132.3	91.3	-31.0%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	153.5	132.4	65.2	108.8	88.2	22.8	-74.1%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	329.0	309.0	391.3	326.4	330.8	342.2	3.4%
Total Alcohol involved	1,535.4	2,405.6	1,869.6	1,458.1	1,411.6	1,756.8	24.5%
Total DV related	811.6	1,103.5	913.0	761.7	860.2	1,118.0	30.0%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	614.2	882.8	826.1	500.5	705.8	958.2	35.8%
Total	2,193.5	3,266.4	2,478.3	2,154.5	2,029.1	2,350.0	15.8%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 108. Frequency of offences against property, Nhulunbuy

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	18	8	38	23	25	12	-52.0%
House break-ins – actual	16	7	32	20	21	12	-42.9%
House break-ins – attempted	2	1	6	3	4	0	-100.0%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	30	30	54	51	23	40	73.9%
Commercial break-ins – actual	28	26	51	39	18	36	100.0%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	2	4	3	12	5	4	-20.0%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	14	27	30	26	12	12	0.0%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	14	16	22	16	6	8	33.3%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	0	11	8	10	6	4	-33.3%
Theft and related offences – other	116	110	175	151	129	92	-28.7%
Theft from retail premises	5	6	12	6	6	8	33.3%
Other theft and related offences	111	104	163	145	123	84	-31.7%
Property damage	103	117	76	88	77	80	3.9%
Total	281	292	373	339	266	236	-11.3%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 109. Rate of offences against property, Nhulunbuy

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent - house	394.8	176.6	826.1	500.5	551.4	273.8	-50.3%
House break-ins – actual	351.0	154.5	695.7	435.3	463.2	273.8	-40.9%
House break-ins – attempted	43.9	22.1	130.4	65.3	88.2	0.0	-100.0%
Unlawful entry with intent - commercial	658.0	662.1	1,173.9	1,109.9	507.3	912.6	79.9%
Commercial break-ins – actual	614.2	573.8	1,108.7	848.7	397.0	821.4	106.9%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	43.9	88.3	65.2	261.2	110.3	91.3	-17.2%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	307.1	595.9	652.2	565.8	264.7	273.8	3.4%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	307.1	353.1	478.3	348.2	132.3	182.5	37.9%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	0.0	242.8	173.9	217.6	132.3	91.3	-31.0%
Theft and related offences – other	2,544.4	2,427.7	3,804.3	3,286.2	2,845.2	2,099.0	-26.2%
Theft from retail premises	109.7	132.4	260.9	130.6	132.3	182.5	37.9%
Other theft and related offences	2,434.7	2,295.3	3,543.5	3,155.6	2,712.8	1,916.5	-29.4%
Property damage	2,259.3	2,582.2	1,652.2	1,915.1	1,698.3	1,825.2	7.5%
Total	6,163.6	6,444.5	8,108.7	7,377.6	5,866.8	5,384.4	-8.2%

Table 110. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, Nhulunbuy

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	735	661	322	290	154	110	-28.6%
Indigenous female	281	211	117	108	51	33	-35.3%
Non-Indigenous male	10	5	15	14	7	8	14.3%
Non-Indigenous female	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	1	0	0	0	0	3	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	8	n/a
Total Indigenous	1,016	872	439	398	205	143	-30.2%
Total non-Indigenous	10	5	15	14	7	9	28.6%
Total male	746	666	337	304	161	121	-24.8%
Total female	281	211	117	108	51	42	-17.6%
Total	1,027	877	454	412	212	163	-23.1%
Episodes per 100,000 population	22,526.9	19,355.6	9,869.6	8,966.3	4,675.8	3,718.9	-20.5%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

11.8 NORTHERN TERRITORY BALANCE

Table 111. Victims of offences against the person, NT Balance

Number of victims of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	4	6	3	7	5	3	-40.0%
Murder	3	5	2	5	2	2	0.0%
Attempted murder	1	1	0	2	2	1	-50.0%
Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Driving causing death	0	0	1	0	1	0	-100.0%
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	1,188	1,139	1,507	1,639	1,661	1,902	14.5%
Assault	1,187	1,133	1,505	1,636	1,657	1,897	14.5%
Stalking	1	6	2	3	4	5	25.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	155	127	128	89	74	-16.9%
Aggravated sexual assault	96	140	112	101	69	50	-27.5%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	9	6	13	23	15	14	-6.7%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	4	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	9	2	4	5	9	80.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	26	19	22	31	26	-16.1%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	86	107	150	124	142	14.5%
Abduction and kidnapping	1	0	1	0	1	0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	6	20	17	9	20	122.2%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	33	21	45	41	29	-29.3%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	47	65	88	73	93	27.4%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	40	2	3	1	8	8	0.0%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division in a single incident, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 112. Victim rate, offences against the person, NT Balance

Victims per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
<i>Homicide and related offences</i>	5.9	8.6	4.2	9.6	6.7	4.0	-40.7%
Murder	4.4	7.2	2.8	6.8	2.7	2.7	-1.1%
Attempted murder	1.5	1.4	0.0	2.7	2.7	1.3	-50.6%
Manslaughter	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.3	0.0	-100.0%
<i>Acts intended to cause injury</i>	1,750.5	1,638.4	2,113.0	2,244.6	2,234.5	2,530.4	13.2%
Assault	1,749.0	1,629.8	2,110.1	2,240.5	2,229.1	2,523.8	13.2%
Stalking	1.5	8.6	2.8	4.1	5.4	6.7	23.6%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
<i>Sexual assault and related offences</i>	n/a	223.0	178.1	175.3	119.7	98.5	-17.8%
Aggravated sexual assault	141.5	201.4	157.0	138.3	92.8	66.5	-28.3%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	13.3	8.6	18.2	31.5	20.2	18.6	-7.7%
Sexual assault, n.e.c.	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	n/a
Non-assaultive sexual offences	n/a	12.9	2.8	5.5	6.7	12.0	78.0%
<i>Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other</i>	n/a	37.4	26.6	30.1	41.7	34.6	-17.1%
<i>Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person</i>	n/a	123.7	150.0	205.4	166.8	188.9	13.3%
Abduction and kidnapping	1.5	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.3	0.0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	n/a	8.6	28.0	23.3	12.1	26.6	119.8%
Harassment and private nuisance	n/a	47.5	29.4	61.6	55.2	38.6	-30.0%
Threatening behaviour	n/a	67.6	91.1	120.5	98.2	123.7	26.0%
<i>Robbery, extortion and related offences</i>	58.9	2.9	4.2	1.4	10.8	10.6	-1.1%

Notes: Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle is excluded from dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons. As a person may be counted as a victim in more than one offence division, the number of victims is not summed across divisions. Within a division, a victim is counted only once per incident, according to the most serious offence in the division experienced in that incident. Hence the number of victims of offences within a division sums to the total number of victims in that division. Offence divisions are shown in bold italic type.

Table 113. Victims of offences against the person by Indigenous status, NT Balance

Number of Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	3	3	2	5	3	0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	864	910	1,239	1,364	1,363	1,592	16.8%
Assault	864	910	1,239	1,362	1,361	1,592	17.0%
Stalking	0	0	0	2	2	0	-100.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	109	104	82	56	43	-23.2%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	n/a	10	10	10	12	15	25.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	38	48	54	28	58	107.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	0	1	0	1	3	200.0%
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Number of non-Indigenous victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	1	2	1	2	1	3	200.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	193	210	247	235	257	263	2.3%
Assault	192	204	245	234	256	260	1.6%
Stalking	1	6	2	1	1	3	200.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	19	18	37	24	20	-16.7%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	15	7	7	9	6	-33.3%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	21	37	36	45	43	-4.4%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	0	2	2	1	6	2	-66.7%

Note: Indigenous status was not recorded for some victims. Therefore, the sum of Indigenous and non-Indigenous victims within an offence category may not equal the total number of victims in that offence category.

Table 114. Victims of offences against the person by sex, NT Balance

Number of male victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	5	2	5	3	3	0.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	361	320	414	447	432	512	18.5%
Assault	361	318	414	446	432	512	18.5%
Stalking	0	2	0	1	0	0	n/a
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	28	9	21	4	8	100.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	13	11	12	16	10	-37.5%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	24	26	35	30	35	16.7%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	14	1	3	1	3	3	0.0%
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Number of female victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	2	1	1	2	2	0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	819	819	1,091	1,183	1,228	1,374	11.9%
Assault	818	815	1,089	1,181	1,224	1,369	11.8%
Stalking	1	4	2	2	4	5	25.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	n/a	123	116	104	82	60	-26.8%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	n/a	12	6	5	8	12	50.0%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	n/a	36	63	61	47	71	51.1%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	24	1	0	0	4	2	-50.0%

Note: Sex was not recorded for some victims. Therefore the sum of male and female victims within an offence category may not equal the total victims in that offence category.

Table 115. Assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, NT Balance

Assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	181	178	247	276	254	327	28.7%
Indigenous female	683	732	992	1086	1107	1265	14.3%
Non-Indigenous male	134	130	159	154	161	172	6.8%
Non-Indigenous female	58	74	86	80	95	88	-7.4%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	46	10	8	16	17	13	-23.5%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	77	9	11	15	22	16	-27.3%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	8	0	2	9	1	16	1500.0%
Total	1,187	1,133	1,505	1,636	1,657	1,897	14.5%

Table 116. Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims, NT Balance

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Domestic violence assault victims							
Indigenous male	80	72	122	145	144	211	46.5%
Indigenous female	599	639	851	914	967	1,109	14.7%
Non-Indigenous male	23	19	12	21	22	24	9.1%
Non-Indigenous female	15	32	28	29	45	38	-15.6%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	10	1	0	4	3	2	-33.3%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	41	6	9	8	18	11	-38.9%
Unknown Indigenous status and sex	5	0	1	0	0	1	n/a
Total Indigenous	679	711	973	1,059	1,111	1,320	18.8%
Total non-Indigenous	38	51	40	50	67	62	-7.5%
Total male	113	92	134	170	169	237	40.2%
Total female	655	677	888	951	1,030	1,158	12.4%
Total	773	769	1,023	1,121	1,199	1,396	16.4%
Alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	102	95	125	127	127	151	18.9%
Indigenous female	386	369	489	467	487	551	13.1%
Non-Indigenous male	74	72	84	74	93	60	-35.5%
Non-Indigenous female	15	36	44	37	37	36	-2.7%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	16	3	2	8	5	7	40.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	26	7	4	4	8	7	-12.5%
Unknown Indigenous status and sex	3	0	1	4	0	5	n/a
Total Indigenous	488	464	614	594	614	702	14.3%
Total non-Indigenous	89	108	128	111	130	96	-26.2%
Total male	192	170	211	209	225	218	-3.1%
Total female	427	412	537	508	532	594	11.7%
Total	622	582	749	721	757	817	7.9%
Domestic violence and alcohol-related assault victims							
Indigenous male	50	34	65	71	71	105	47.9%
Indigenous female	344	336	439	420	445	494	11.0%
Non-Indigenous male	14	11	5	11	13	7	-46.2%
Non-Indigenous female	5	12	18	19	23	20	-13.0%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	4	0	0	1	2	2	0.0%
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	14	5	4	4	7	4	-42.9%
Unknown Indigenous status and sex	2	0	1	0	0	0	n/a
Total Indigenous	394	370	504	491	516	599	16.1%
Total non-Indigenous	19	23	23	30	36	27	-25.0%
Total male	68	45	70	83	86	114	32.6%
Total female	363	353	461	443	475	518	9.1%
Total	433	398	532	526	561	632	12.7%

Notes: Domestic violence assault indicates that the incident in which the offence occurred was flagged as domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence. Indigenous status and/or sex was not recorded for some victims. These victims are included in the relevant totals only. Hence the totals will exceed the sum of the cells in some cases.

Table 117. Sexual assault victims by Indigenous status and sex, NT Balance

Sexual assault victims	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	7	11	9	14	3	3	0.0%
Indigenous female	43	95	95	68	52	37	-28.8%
Non-Indigenous male	0	0	0	6	1	2	100.0%
Non-Indigenous female	32	17	18	30	22	17	-22.7%
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	1	15	0	1	0	1	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	26	8	3	5	6	3	-50.0%
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Total male	8	26	9	21	4	6	50.0%
Total female	101	120	116	103	80	57	-28.8%
Total	109	146	125	124	84	65	-22.6%

Notes: Sexual assault includes aggravated and non-aggravated sexual assault, but excludes non-assaultive sexual offences.

Table 118. Frequency of offences against the person, NT Balance

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	3	7	3	6	6	3	-50.0%
Murder	2	5	2	4	2	2	0.0%
Attempted murder	1	1	0	2	2	1	-50.0%
Manslaughter	0	1	0	0	1	0	-100.0%
Driving causing death	0	0	1	0	1	0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	1,050	1,123	1,457	1,578	1,603	1,928	20.3%
Assault	1,046	1,119	1,455	1,575	1,599	1,923	20.3%
Stalking	4	4	2	3	4	5	25.0%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	100	150	127	132	101	79	-21.8%
Aggravated sexual assault	88	129	113	106	76	52	-31.6%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	12	11	12	21	18	16	-11.1%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0	5	0	1	3	3	0.0%
Child pornography	0	5	2	4	3	5	66.7%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0	0	0	0	1	3	200.0%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	21	28	15	30	27	32	18.5%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	101	73	104	143	119	139	16.8%
Abduction and kidnapping	1	0	1	0	1	0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	9	6	19	15	9	20	122.2%
Harassment and private nuisance	33	29	21	44	39	29	-25.6%
Threatening behaviour	58	38	63	84	70	90	28.6%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	7	2	3	1	5	7	40.0%
Total	1,282	1,383	1,709	1,890	1,861	2,188	17.6%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 119. Rate of offences against the person, NT Balance

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Homicide and related offences	4.4	10.1	4.2	8.2	8.1	4.0	-50.6%
Murder	2.9	7.2	2.8	5.5	2.7	2.7	0.0%
Attempted murder	1.5	1.4	0.0	2.7	2.7	1.3	-50.6%
Manslaughter	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	1.3	0.0	-100.0%
Driving causing death	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.3	0.0	-100.0%
Acts intended to cause injury	1,547.1	1,615.4	2,042.8	2,161.1	2,156.5	2,565.0	18.9%
Assault	1,541.2	1,609.7	2,040.0	2,156.9	2,151.1	2,558.4	18.9%
Stalking	5.9	5.8	2.8	4.1	5.4	6.7	23.6%
Other acts intended to cause injury	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	n/a
Sexual assault and related offences	147.3	215.8	178.1	180.8	135.9	105.1	-22.6%
Aggravated sexual assault	129.7	185.6	158.4	145.2	102.2	69.2	-32.3%
Non-aggravated sexual assault	17.7	15.8	16.8	28.8	24.2	21.3	-12.1%
Non-assaultive sexual offences against a child	0.0	7.2	0.0	1.4	4.0	4.0	-1.1%
Child pornography	0.0	7.2	2.8	5.5	4.0	6.7	64.8%
Non-assaultive sexual offences, n.e.c.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.3	4.0	196.7%
Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons – other	30.9	40.3	21.0	41.1	36.3	42.6	17.2%
Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	148.8	105.0	145.8	195.8	160.1	184.9	15.5%
Abduction and kidnapping	1.5	0.0	1.4	0.0	1.3	0.0	-100.0%
Deprivation of liberty/false imprisonment	13.3	8.6	26.6	20.5	12.1	26.6	119.8%
Harassment and private nuisance	48.6	41.7	29.4	60.3	52.5	38.6	-26.5%
Threatening behaviour	85.5	54.7	88.3	115.0	94.2	119.7	27.2%
Robbery, extortion and related offences	10.3	2.9	4.2	1.4	6.7	9.3	38.5%
Total	1,889.0	1,989.4	2,396.2	2,588.3	2,503.5	2,910.9	16.3%

Notes: A small number of offences categorised as sexual assault (no further details) have been included in non-aggravated sexual assault. Dangerous or negligent operation of a motor vehicle is included in Table 25.

Table 120. Frequency of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, NT Balance

Number of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	399	388	507	489	523	620	18.5%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	155	187	210	192	206	193	-6.3%
No alcohol – DV related	203	252	336	441	497	624	25.6%
No alcohol – not DV related	82	139	187	202	186	244	31.2%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	128	84	117	123	101	149	47.5%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	79	69	98	128	86	93	8.1%
Total Alcohol involved	554	575	717	681	729	813	11.5%
Total DV related	730	724	960	1,053	1,121	1,393	24.3%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	399	388	507	489	523	620	18.5%
Total	1,046	1,119	1,455	1,575	1,599	1,923	20.3%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 121. Rate of assault by alcohol and domestic violence involvement, NT Balance

Number of offences	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Alcohol involved – DV related	587.9	558.1	710.9	669.7	703.6	824.9	17.2%
Alcohol involved – not DV related	228.4	269.0	294.4	262.9	277.1	256.8	-7.3%
No alcohol – DV related	299.1	362.5	471.1	603.9	668.6	830.2	24.2%
No alcohol – not DV related	120.8	199.9	262.2	276.6	250.2	324.6	29.7%
Alcohol unknown – DV related	188.6	120.8	164.0	168.4	135.9	198.2	45.9%
Alcohol unknown – not DV related	116.4	99.3	137.4	175.3	115.7	123.7	6.9%
Total Alcohol involved	816.3	827.1	1,005.3	932.6	980.7	1,081.6	10.3%
Total DV related	1,075.6	1,041.5	1,346.0	1,442.1	1,508.0	1,853.3	22.9%
Total DV related and alcohol involved	587.9	558.1	710.9	669.7	703.6	824.9	17.2%
Total	1,541.2	1,609.7	2,040.0	2,156.9	2,151.1	2,558.4	18.9%

Notes: "DV" refers to domestic violence. Alcohol involvement indicates that the offender, the victim or both were considered to be influenced by alcohol at the time of the offence.

Table 122. Frequency of offences against property, NT Balance

Number of offences recorded	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	250	255	243	210	253	328	29.6%
House break-ins – actual	226	241	236	174	211	288	36.5%
House break-ins – attempted	24	14	7	36	42	40	-4.8%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	318	383	473	518	511	617	20.7%
Commercial break-ins – actual	274	337	425	442	445	550	23.6%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	44	46	48	76	66	67	1.5%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	165	231	259	267	252	303	20.2%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	122	124	122	129	154	172	11.7%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	43	107	137	138	98	131	33.7%
Theft and related offences – other	803	928	941	949	932	1,088	16.7%
Theft from retail premises	20	77	66	94	84	76	-9.5%
Other theft and related offences	783	851	875	855	848	1,012	19.3%
Property damage	741	854	998	1,022	1,025	1,296	26.4%
Total	2,277	2,651	2,914	2,966	2,973	3,632	22.2%

Notes: Offences against property include the ANZSOC divisions 07 (unlawful entry with intent), 08 (theft and related offences) and part of 12 (property damage and environmental pollution), with further breakdowns as shown in the table above. Other theft and related offences includes ANZSOC subdivisions 082 (except theft from retail premises), 083 and 084.

Table 123. Rate of offences against property, NT Balance

Offences per 100,000 population	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Unlawful entry with intent – house	368.4	366.8	340.7	287.6	340.4	436.4	28.2%
House break-ins – actual	333.0	346.7	330.9	238.3	283.9	383.2	35.0%
House break-ins – attempted	35.4	20.1	9.8	49.3	56.5	53.2	-5.8%
Unlawful entry with intent – commercial	468.6	550.9	663.2	709.4	687.4	820.9	19.4%
Commercial break-ins – actual	403.7	484.8	595.9	605.3	598.6	731.7	22.2%
Commercial break-ins – attempted	64.8	66.2	67.3	104.1	88.8	89.1	0.4%
Motor vehicle theft and related offences	243.1	332.3	363.1	365.7	339.0	403.1	18.9%
Illegal use of a motor vehicle	179.8	178.4	171.1	176.7	207.2	228.8	10.5%
Theft of motor vehicle parts / contents	63.4	153.9	192.1	189.0	131.8	174.3	32.2%
Theft and related offences – other	1,183.2	1,334.9	1,319.4	1,299.6	1,253.8	1,447.5	15.4%
Theft from retail premises	29.5	110.8	92.5	128.7	113.0	101.1	-10.5%
Other theft and related offences	1,153.7	1,224.1	1,226.8	1,170.9	1,140.8	1,346.4	18.0%
Property damage	1,091.8	1,228.5	1,399.3	1,399.6	1,378.9	1,724.2	25.0%
Total	3,355.0	3,813.4	4,085.7	4,061.9	3,999.5	4,832.0	20.8%

Table 124. Episodes of persons taken into Police protective custody, NT Balance

Police protective custody episodes	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	% change
Indigenous male	774	846	1,419	1,264	590	617	4.6%
Indigenous female	222	233	504	431	191	266	39.3%
Non-Indigenous male	29	31	43	51	26	42	61.5%
Non-Indigenous female	2	6	7	3	5	7	40.0%
Non-Indigenous, sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	1	n/a
Male, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	1	0	28	n/a
Female, Indigenous status not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	32	n/a
Indigenous status and sex not recorded	0	0	0	0	0	2	n/a
Total Indigenous	996	1,079	1,923	1,695	781	883	13.1%
Total non-Indigenous	31	37	50	54	31	50	61.3%
Total male	803	877	1,462	1,316	616	687	11.5%
Total female	224	239	511	434	196	305	55.6%
Total	1,027	1,116	1,973	1,750	812	995	22.5%
Episodes per 100,000 population	1,513.2	1,605.3	2,766.3	2,396.6	1,092.4	1,323.8	21.2%

Notes: These figures do not include people taken to sobering up shelters, taken home or left in the care of a responsible person. Unknown Indigenous status figures in 2011-12 are considerably higher than previous years due to a change in recording practices in IJIS regarding person identification and characteristics from July 2011. Hence percentage changes are not calculated for unknown Indigenous status.

12 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

12.1 DATA USED IN THIS PUBLICATION

Administrative Data

The data on victims and offences (other than traffic offences) were extracted from the Northern Territory Police Real-time On-line Management Information System (PROMIS). This operational system contains data relating to incidents and offences recorded by the Northern Territory Police. On 30 April 2007, the Northern Territory Police introduced a new version of PROMIS which enhanced the capacity to record offences. Some changes seen at this time in the number of victims or offences recorded are likely to be a result of the PROMIS system changes. Consistent counting rules have been used through the time span of this publication.

Data for traffic offences and Police protective custody episodes were extracted from the Integrated Justice Information System (IJIS). The Department of the Attorney-General and Justice and Northern Territory Police use IJIS to record information for matters proceeding through the Northern Territory justice system.

The PROMIS and IJIS administrative data systems are continually being updated as new information comes to light or cases are reviewed. Thus, counts of victims, offences or protective custody episodes for particular time periods may vary slightly from previously published figures extracted at different times. The data used in this publication were extracted from PROMIS and IJIS on 1 August 2012.

Population Data

The victimisation rates and offence rates in this publication are based on population estimates published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics. Total Northern Territory population data by sex and age were sourced from the March 2012 edition of *Australian Demographic Statistics*⁴⁰, as was the breakdown of Indigenous and non-Indigenous population data by age and sex as at 30 June 2011. Indigenous population data by sex as at 30 June 2006 were sourced from *Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 1991 to 2021 (Series B)*⁴¹, and the data for intervening years were estimated using a linear trend between the 2006 and 2011. The non-Indigenous population for each sex and year was estimated as the total population less the Indigenous population. Population data by regional area as at 30 June 2011 were sourced from *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2011*⁴².

The population used for each financial year was as at the start of the year (e.g. the 30 June 2011 population was used for the 2011-12 year). While using population data to the end of December as the midpoint of the financial year is preferable, the Indigenous population and regional population data are only available as at 30 June each year.

⁴⁰ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2012, *Australian Demographic Statistics, Mar 2012*, cat. no. 3101.0. <http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/3101.0Mar%202012?OpenDocument>

⁴¹ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2009, *Experimental Estimates and Projections, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Australians, 1991 to 2021*, cat. no. 3238.0. <http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/PrimaryMainFeatures/3238.0?OpenDocument>

⁴² Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2012, *Regional Population Growth, Australia, 2011*, cat. no. 3218.0. <http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/PrimaryMainFeatures/3218.0?OpenDocument>

12.2 OFFENCE CATEGORISATION

Several thousand specific offences are or have been relevant under Northern Territory legislation during the time period covered by this publication. These offences have been grouped according to the *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification* published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics⁴³. This system is also used in the current *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime Statistics* series.

The previous Northern Territory quarterly crime statistics series, *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime & Justice Statistics*, grouped offences based on an older classification system. Certain offences have been reclassified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since that series was first published.

Table 125 lists offences that appear in different categories in this publication than in the *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime & Justice Statistics* publication series as a consequence of changing to the 2011 offence classification system.

Table 125. Offences previously reported in different categories

ANZSOC Division	Subdivision	Offence Type	NT Annual Crime Statistics and NT Quarterly Crime Statistics	NT Quarterly Crime & Justice Statistics
01 Homicide and related offences	011 Murder	Conspiring to murder	Murder	Not included
02 Acts intended to cause injury	021 Assault	Resist arrest/detention corrosive/explosive any place	Assault	Other offences against the person
		Aid or incite another to assault Police	Assault	Not included
	029 Other Acts intended to cause injury	Stalking	Stalking	Not included
		Stupefying, throwing fluid or a substance at a person, drink/food spiking, intentionally disfiguring/disabling through corrosive or explosive	Other acts intended to cause injury	Assault
03 Sexual assault and related offences	031 Sexual assault	Sexual conduct or act of gross indecency with a child, sexual offences against children overseas	Aggravated sexual assault	Other offences against the person
	032 Non-assaultive sexual offences	Cause an adult to enter into sexual servitude	Non-assaultive sexual offences	Sexual assault
		Child pornography offences, publish or possess an indecent article, using a carriage service to harass	Non-assaultive sexual offences	Not included
04 Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons	041 Dangerous or negligent operation of a vehicle	Aircraft safety offences	Traffic offences (annual statistics only)	Other offences against the person
	049 Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons - other	Dangerous acts	Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons - other	Other offences against the person
		Tampering with an aircraft	Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons - other	Property damage
		Other offences in 049	Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons - other	Not included
05 Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person	053 Harassment and threatening behaviour	Victimisation-employment delivery goods, making a threat to kill a person	Harassment and threatening behaviour	Assault
		Threats, false statements or destroying, damaging or endangering a division 3 aircraft	Harassment and threatening behaviour	Other offences against the person
		Other offences in 053	Harassment and threatening behaviour	Not included
08 Theft and related offences	082 Other theft and related offences	Failing to pay or evading taxi/bus fares, unlawful appropriation of access time, distribute [copyright material] for purposes of trade, deal with minerals with criminal intent	Other theft and related offences	Not included
	083 Receive or handle proceeds of crime	Dealing with proceeds of crime	Other theft and related offences	Not included

⁴³ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011, *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Categorisation* (ANZSOC), cat. no. 1234.0. <http://abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/mf/1234.0/>

ANZSOC Division	Subdivision	Offence Type	NT Annual Crime Statistics and NT Quarterly Crime Statistics	NT Quarterly Crime & Justice Statistics
09 Fraud, deception and related offences	093 Deceptive business / government practices	Commonwealth official engaging in [mis]conduct	Division not reported on	Other offences against the person
12 Property damage and environmental pollution	121 Property damage	Unlawfully modify data, impair electronic equipment, do damage at a protected premises, damage notice in a prescribed area, affix a poster to a power pole or sign with no permit	Property damage	Not included
13 Public order offences	132 Regulated public order offences	Attempted buggery	Division not reported on	Sexual assault
14 Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences	143 Regulatory driving offences	Ride as a passenger on outside of vehicle	Regulatory driving offences nec (annual statistics only)	Other offences against the person
15 Offences against Justice procedures, government security and government operations	154 Offences against Government operations	Post article containing explosive	Division not reported on	Other offences against the person

12.3 COUNTING METHODOLOGY

This is the first publication produced in the Northern Territory that analyses victim-based statistics. The victim-based counting rules used in this publication are largely identical to those published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics⁴⁴. In accordance with those counting rules, the sum of the numbers of victims in different offence divisions does not represent the total number of distinct victims. For this reason, the numbers are not summed across divisions.

Demographic details are presented for victims of offences against the person. These details are not included for victims of property offences, as the ‘victim’ of property crime is often a premises, motor vehicle or company. It is recommended that analyses of the trends in property crime use the offence-based property statistics in this publication.

The offence-based counting rules used in this publication are the same as those used in the *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime Statistics* series. The counts of offences in this publication were published in the June 2012 issue of that series. Hence, the analysis in this publication concentrates on offence rates, enabling comparisons among regions.

The data for traffic offences are counts of infringements and apprehensions.

The Police protective custody data are counts of episodes. An episode is recorded for each instance of a person being taken into Police protective custody. One person may have multiple episodes during a year.

Victims

Depending on the type of offence, the victim may be a person, a premises, an organisation or a motor vehicle. Under the victim-based counting rules defined by the Australian Bureau of Statistics, a victim is counted once for each offence division⁴⁵ experienced in a single incident. For instance, a person who was the victim of multiple assault offences in the same

⁴⁴ Counting rules for victims of offences against the person are identical; counting rules for victims of property offences are largely identical, except that the Australian Bureau of Statistics includes thefts of caravans, trailers and certain other non-motorised vehicles as Theft other than Motor Vehicle Theft, whereas in PROMIS and this document such offences are classified as Motor Vehicle Theft and Related Offences.

⁴⁵ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011, *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Categorisation* (ANZSOC), cat. no. 1234.0. <http://abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/mf/1234.0/>

incident is counted only once as a victim of the most serious type of assault experienced. A person who was the victim of assault and robbery in one incident, however, is counted as a victim of assault and a victim of robbery⁴⁶. For this reason, the number of victims are not summed across offence divisions to produce a figure for the total number of victims.

The counting rules for victim-based statistics of property offences count the number of victims within an incident according to the most serious offence within each offence subdivision. For offences such as unlawful entry, the 'victim' to be counted is the premises. This means that one unlawful entry offence has one victim, regardless of the number of people living at the property.

According to the victim counting rules, where theft offences occur in combination with a robbery, blackmail/extortion, fraud or unlawful entry, the victim is only counted as a victim of the robbery, blackmail/extortion, fraud or unlawful entry. The victim is not counted again as a victim of theft, as the theft is considered implicit in these types of offences, unless separate offences are recorded by the police.

In some jurisdictions, separate theft offences are only recorded in certain circumstances where it is judged that the theft is not associated with the robbery or break-in. In the Northern Territory it is police practice to record all theft offences individually, including those occurring with break-ins or robberies. In this publication, victims of unlawful entry or robberies where a theft offence also occurred have not been counted as victims of theft. Hence, the victim count for theft is substantially less than the number of theft offences.

For this publication, property damage has been included in the victim-based property statistics, to align with the Northern Territory Police, Fire and Emergency Services annual report, which also publishes two years of victim-based statistics for property offences. However, the Australian Bureau of Statistics excludes property damage from victim-based statistics, and thus there are no counting rules to indicate whether property damage is always counted when it occurs in conjunction with other types of offences. In the same way that theft may be considered an implied offence with burglary or unlawful entry, property damage could also be implied in unlawful entry where a break-in has occurred. As no rule exists for this, however, a property damage victim has been counted once (in the most serious offence subdivision) for each incident in which one or more property damage offences were recorded.

Victim-based recorded crime statistics are reported to, and published by, the Australian Bureau of Statistics and form the standard used for comparisons across Australian jurisdictions.

Offences

For offence-based counting, every distinct offence recorded in an incident in PROMIS is counted, regardless of whether the offence relates to one or more victims or whether multiple offences of a similar nature have been recorded for the same victim. As offences are distinct, the number of offences can be summed across categories to give the total number of offences.

⁴⁶ Victim-based counting rules are described in Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2012, *Recorded Crime – Victims, Australia, 2011*, cat. no. 4510.0. <http://www.abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/mf/4510.0/>.

The recorded crime statistics in this publication were released in a less detailed form in the *Northern Territory Quarterly Crime Statistics* tables to the end of June 2012. Hence, the analysis of the offence statistics in this publication concentrates on the offence rates.

Police jurisdictions across Australia have not adopted a standard approach to counting offences. Consequently comparisons should not be made between the offence-based statistics in this publication and those of other jurisdictions.

Uses

The two sets of statistics measure different aspects of crime. The difference in the counting rules means that victim-based statistics and offence-based statistics do not result in the same numbers, and in some cases may not show the same patterns. Users of the data must consider the characteristics of the dataset being used in drawing conclusions.

For offences where the victim is a person, victim-based counting is useful to examine the characteristics of groups who become victims of particular types of offences and the rate at which different groups become victims of particular offences. The number, victimisation rate or characteristics of victims of a particular type of offence can be compared over time. However, as an individual person may be counted as a victim in several offence divisions in the same incident, the number of victims in different divisions can not be summed to provide a total victims figure.

The offence-based statistics should be used for a view of trends in recorded crime, and for understanding the level of offending recorded by the NT Police. As individual offences may relate to one or a number of victims, however, the offence statistics can not be broken down to give a demographic picture of victimisation.

Numerical differences between victim-based and offence-based statistics

Victims are counted in the most serious subdivision for a particular offence division. Where an individual is a victim of two or more offences in the same division in one incident, the individual is not counted as a victim for the less serious offence(s). In some circumstances, the number of offences in a particular subdivision may be one or two while the number of victims is zero, because the victim has already been counted in a more serious subdivision of the same offence division. It is important that users do not interpret a zero in the victim-based statistics as indicating that no offences of that particular type were recorded.

In other circumstances, a single offence may have a number of victims, so it is not always the case that counts of offences will exceed counts of victims.

As noted above, certain theft offences are excluded in victim-based counting (those that occur in conjunction with robbery or unlawful entry with intent, where the theft offence is implicit in the primary offence). This means the victim-based property crime statistics differ considerably from the offence-based property crime statistics, where all theft offences are counted.

13 GLOSSARY

Definitions for offence classifications are based on the Australian Bureau of Statistics publication *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification (ANZSOC)*⁴⁷.

Actual Break-in	Gaining unlawful entry, either forced or unforced, to a dwelling or other premises.
Apprehension	A Police decision to bring an alleged offender before the court. Offenders may be taken into custody, granted bail or issued with a summons for these charges pending an appearance in court.
Assault	The direct (and immediate/confrontational) infliction of force, injury or violence upon a person, or the direct (and immediate/confrontational) threat of force, injury or violence where there is an apprehension that the threat could be enacted.
Attempted Break-in	Attempting but failing to gain unlawful entry to a dwelling or other premises.
Attempted Murder	Attempted, unlawful intentional killing of another person, where death did not actually result.
Break-in	Unlawful entry with intent of dwellings and other premises (excludes trespassing). Includes actual and attempted break-ins.
Domestic Violence	Domestic violence includes any of the following conduct committed by a person against someone with whom the person is in a domestic relationship: conduct causing harm (such as sexual or other assault), damaging property, intimidation or stalking, economic abuse or attempting or threatening to commit these types of actions ⁴⁸ .
Driving Causing Death	In the Northern Territory, this offence group is used for hit and run offences resulting in death. Other traffic-related deaths are categorised as dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons.
Episode (of Police Protective Custody)	An instance of a person being taken into Police protective custody. A person taken into Police protective custody on multiple instances is counted once for each instance.

⁴⁷ Australian Bureau of Statistics, 2011, *Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Categorisation (ANZSOC)*, cat. no. 1234.0. <http://abs.gov.au/ausstats/abs@.nsf/mf/1234.0/>

⁴⁸ Northern Territory of Australia, *Domestic and Family Violence Act*, as in force 2 February 2011.

Homicide and Related Offences	The killing of a person and related offences, includes murder, manslaughter, attempted murder and driving causing death.
Illegal Use of Motor Vehicle	The taking of a vehicle illegally and without permission.
Incident	An event where an offence may have been committed.
Infringement	Legal action where the alleged offender is dealt with by way of a fine of a fixed amount rather than adjudicated in court.
Manslaughter	Unlawful killing of another person without the intent to kill or with impaired capacity of one's mind.
Motor Vehicle Theft and Related Offences	Includes illegal use of motor vehicle and theft from a motor vehicle.
Murder	Unlawful intentional killing of another person.
Non-Assaultive Sexual Offences	Offences of a sexual nature that do not involve physical contact or intended contact, and where the victim does not give consent, gives consent as a result of intimidation or deception, or consent is proscribed. Includes offences such as child pornography, voyeurism and wilful exposure.
Northern Territory Balance	The Northern Territory Balance is the area of the Northern Territory that lies outside of the six urban centres of Darwin, Palmerston, Alice Springs, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Nhulunbuy.
Offence	An action that contravenes an act of law in force in the Northern Territory or the Commonwealth.
Theft and Related Offences	A broad category involving the unlawful taking or obtaining of money, goods or services without the use of force, or the receipt or handling of stolen money or goods. Includes offences such as stealing and shoplifting.
Property Damage	The unlawful destruction, damage, or defacement of property, including vandalism, graffiti and interfering with a motor vehicle causing damage.
Robbery	The theft of property from a person with the use or threat of immediate force.
Sexual Assault	Physical contact or intended contact of a sexual nature where the victim does not give consent, gives consent as a result of intimidation or deception, or consent is proscribed. Includes rape (actual, intended and attempted) and incest.

Stalking	Acts intended to cause physical or mental harm to a person, or to arouse apprehension or fear in a person, through a repeated course of unreasonable conduct. Includes unauthorised surveillance and sending offensive material.
Theft from a Motor Vehicle	The taking of parts or contents from a motor vehicle illegally and without permission.